AND STEAMBOATS.

& Navigation Co.

AN DIVISION.

Leave San Francisco at 10 A. M.

Feb. 1 State, Monday
Feb. 5 Columbia, Saturday
Feb. 10 Oregon, Thursday
Feb. 15 State, Tuesday
Feb. 20 Columbia, Friday
Feb. 25 Oregon, Friday
March 1 State, Wednesday

change steamers or sailing days.

DIVISION.

connecting with Atlantic Express Portland daily at 7:30 P. M.
ives at Portland daily at 8:40 A. M.
nger Trains run daily, connecting for points on N. P. R. R.
Cars.—Pullman Palace Drawing between Portland and St. Paul.
running Through Emigrant hout change
ried between Helena, Montana, daily Atlantic Express Train, migrant time between Portland 15½ days

MBIA RIVER DIVISION
EXCEPT SUNDAY.

[illegible]

& Navigation Co. [illegible]

D Streets.

PACIFIC RAILROAD.

California R. R.

THE EAST.

WAUKEE

PAUL

RAILWAY.

PACIFIC

NION PACIFIC RYS

T LINE

SCONTINENTAL

T LINE

SEAL ENGRAVE

J. B. CO[illegible]

Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XXIV. PORTLAND, OREGON, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1884. NO. 7414

CONGRESS.

Another Lot of Bills and Resolutions Introduced.

RELIEF VOTED FOR SUFFERERS FROM FLOODS

Report of the Civil Service Commission to the President—Arthur Laying Wires for the Nomination—Congressional Notes.

House.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.

Bills introduced and referred:

By Townsend—A resolution proposing a constitutional amendment providing for the election of the president and the vice president by a majority of votes of the people, and abolition of the electoral college and regulating the method of counting the votes by the two houses of congress.

By Ballard—To provide for leasing arid lands.

By Murphy—To abolish the office of assistant surgeon general of the army.

By Morey—A resolution directing the postmaster general to transmit to the house reports made by special agents during 1881, with reference to the star route investigation.

By Burch of Missouri—For preservation of woods adjacent to sources of navigable rivers.

By [illegible] of New York—To provide additional life saving stations on the sea and the lake coast.

By White of Minnesota—Amending the Pacific railroad act of July 1, 1862, so as to provide that any railroad company now organized, or that may hereafter be organized under state or territorial laws, that shall construct and operate a line of railroad and telegraph from Sioux City, Iowa, westwardly, via Niobrara valley, to such point on the Union Pacific railroad west of the hundredth meridian as such company may select and on the same terms and conditions and with the same rights provided for the construction of the Union Pacific provided said company shall receive neither bonds nor lands and completed within five years from the passage of this act.

By Bingham—Authorizing the payment of postal notes to the bearer at any money order office.

By Young—A resolution directing the secretary of state to inquire with regard to the murder of H. Y. [illegible], Michael O'Brien and George Stieff in Mexico, and ascertain whether or not to ask redress therefor at the hands of the Mexican government.

By Mills—Requiring the secretary of the treasury to [illegible] $100,000,000 in 3 per cent bonds.

By Poland—Relating to qualification of voters in Utah and Idaho. (It provides that before registration a voter be required to take oath that he is not a member of the church of the Latter Day Saints, or any other secret organization that upholds polygamy, bigamy or unlawful cohabitation.)

By Price—For the forfeiture of certain lands. (It forfeits all grants of land heretofore made to states and corporations in the aid of construction of railroads, when such railroads have been constructed, notwithstanding that the time may have expired for construction. All other lands are declared forfeited and the secretary of the interior is authorized within ninety days to restore to the public domain all lands unearned, but it is made unlawful for him to sell more than 160 acres to any one purchaser.)

By Springer—A resolution calling upon the president for correspondence between the government and Mexico, relative to the recent military expedition under command of General Crook, when United States troops crossed the border.

Holman, from the committee on appropriations, reported a joint resolution to appropriate $300,000 for the relief of sufferers from the overflow of the Ohio and tributaries.

[illegible] expressed a desire that the gentleman from Ohio should explain the necessity for the measure, and what warrant for it the other side found in the constitution.

[illegible] replied that necessity knew neither law nor constitution. There were precedents for exactly such appropriation, one being found in the action of the congress in appropriating for the relief of Mississippi sufferers. There never had been a flood such as that now raging in the Ohio river. Families by thousands were driven from their homes and were camping out in open fields with nothing to protect them but the clothing they could save.

[illegible] said he would not have the hardihood to vote against the measure, but he had expressed a hope that the gentleman for New York and Connecticut (Cox and Eaton) would call attention to the fact that there might be in this resolution a violent attack on the constitution. No great state like Ohio, an inland empire, ought to come here when its legislature is in session and ask to have her citizens supported from the treasury. If his state (New York) came here with a like request he would stand on this floor and ask the house not to accede to it. If the state were poor they might come here and ask assistance, but he did not like to see great states like Ohio, New York, Illinois and Michigan pass around the hat of beggary.

[illegible] supported the measure.

[illegible] could discover no constitutional difficulty in the way. He found warrant for such action in the "general welfare" clause of the constitution.

[illegible] contended that the measure came within the scope of the constitution.

[illegible] said the gentleman from New York (Hiscock) [illegible] as if Ohio should manage this question herself. There were to-day millions of people suffering because this great flood was not in Ohio alone, but in Pennsylvania, West Virginia and Kentucky.

[illegible] of Ohio warmly supported the measure. He predicted that $300,000 would be insufficient and declared that $1,000,000 was not more than enough.

[illegible] was glad that an opportunity had been afforded to open the vaults of the treasury to the relief of sufferers, surplus revenue so diligently hoarded and so jealously kept by the secretary of the treasury. [illegible] New York. Talk about constitution! [illegible] no laws. Humanity was greater than any constitution ever promulgated by any people.

[illegible] remarked that, having reported at the last congress a bill for the relief of Mississippi sufferers, he did not suppose any one would think he was troubled on any constitutional question. He was not, yet he was in favor of appropriations of this kind being confined to states which were not in a condition to expend money themselves.

[illegible] of New York questioned the constitutionality of the measure. It should have been passed in any case, and if there was any breach of the constitution God Almighty, in his kindness would pardon it. There were some diseases no foresight could anticipate or cure, and one of these was the calamity on the country, and if he could not give his hand [illegible], he could give his heart to the vote.

Wilson of West Virginia offered an amendment increasing the appropriation to $500,000. Wilson's amendment was rejected—yeas 109, nays 150.

The joint resolution was passed—yeas 253, nays [illegible]. The house adjourned.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.

Miller of California, from the committee on naval affairs, reported favorably the bill for relief of survivors of the Jeannette expedition.

[illegible] read a dispatch from Richard Smith, of Cincinnati, saying that congress should make an immediate appropriation of $500,000 to relieve sufferers in flooded towns between Pittsburg and Cairo, adding that Cincinnati needs nothing, but other towns need help.

[illegible] stated that he and his colleague had also received telegrams from other places.

[illegible] said he would not ask immediate action on the subject, deeming it better to await the action of the house of representatives.

[illegible] presented a petition from the board of trade of Portland, Oregon, representing the helpless condition of cities along the coasts of the United States, by reason of the inefficiency of the navy, and asking congress to place the navy in a condition of strength commensurate with the naval power of other nations.

[illegible] reported from committees and placed on the calendar:

[illegible] from the committee on judiciary, fixing the salaries of judges in district courts of the United States. This bill fixes the salaries of judges of the districts of Minnesota, Kansas and western [illegible], from July 1, 1884, at $4,000, and judges in the following districts from the same date, at $[illegible]: New Jersey, northern, southern and eastern districts of New York, southern district of Ohio, district of Oregon, eastern and western districts of Pennsylvania, western district of Tennessee and eastern district of Texas.

Bills introduced and referred:

By Blair—To provide for the study of physiology and the effects of intoxicating narcotics and poisonous substances upon life and health in the public schools.

By [illegible]—Making an appropriation for the repair, preservation and completion of certain public works, and to provide resources means, etc., for the improvement and all the regions of the United States.

[illegible] offered a resolution agreed to, directing the committee on agriculture and forestry to inquire and report upon the condition of the government tea farm in South Carolina, whether it be abandoned by the government, and if so why and by what authority and whether the experiment of tea culture has been fairly and fully made.

Miller of California offered a resolution requesting the president, if not incompatible with public interest, to inform the senate what action, if any, has been taken by the executive department of the government relative to the demand upon Mexico for the extradition of one Trimble.

[illegible] offered a resolution, agreed to, directing the committee on postoffices and post roads to inquire whether any owner or officers of the Western Union Telegraph Company have made any special proposals, or entered into agreement with [illegible] the Western Union Telegraph Company within the past year. The resolution gives the committee power to send for persons and papers.

There was laid before the senate a resolution offered some days ago by Riddleberger, providing for a committee of inquiry, composed of three senators and five representatives, to examine into the qualifications of employes and appointments in both houses of congress.

The hour of 2 o'clock having arrived, the matter went over and the chair laid before the senate the resolution offered by Van Wyck directing the committee on judiciary to examine and report whether a [illegible] legislation was necessary to restrict the appointment of special assistant attorneys, etc. The resolution was agreed to without debate.

[illegible] called up the senate bill and [illegible] uncontested cases upon the calendar, the senate took up and with but slight debate passed the bill reported by Platt from the committee on patents, amending section 4887 of the revised statutes, securing to American inventors a full term of seventeen years for their patents in cases where a foreign patent expires before that term.

A message having been received from the house with the announcement of the passage of the Greely bill, Hale moved the senate recede from its amendment, which he said would perfectly agree [illegible] the expedition as they now stand. There would be no difficulty, he said, would be [illegible] in finding the best officers in the naval service to replace the command, and no one would man the ship under any circumstances.

The motion was then taken, and the senate, 42 yeas to 0, receded from its amendment.

The senate, after passing some private bills, went into executive session.

When the doors were reopened a message was received from the house, announcing the passage by that body of the joint resolution authorizing the secretary of war to use rations for the relief of destitute persons in the overflowed districts of the Ohio and its tributaries, and making an appropriation of $300,000 to relieve sufferers from such overflow.

The resolution was read three times and passed.

Adjourned.

CONGRESSIONAL CHIT-CHAT.

THE POSTAL TELEGRAPH QUESTION.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—Representatives Anderson and Sumner appeared to-day before the house subcommittee considering propositions for a postal telegraph and advocated bills introduced by them. Anderson said [illegible] that no company could bring sufficient influence to bear to defeat any measure making a large appropriation for a government line and favored his proposition to issue bonds for the construction of a system of government lines. All free delivery postoffices, he thought, should be connected by telegraph, and as land grant railroad companies' lines by the act of 1866 were at the service of the government, it would be unnecessary to construct lines beyond St. Paul, Omaha, Kansas City and Marshall, Texas, the termini of those roads. His plan, he said, would in a great degree prevent the postmaster general from using wires for partisan purposes, as lines would be extended only to those points where the postal receipts warranted the expectation that such extension would be profitable.

Sumner also favors his system, the telegraph to be controlled by the government, and explained the main features of his bill.

ATTENTION TURNING TO THE LABORING MAN.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—[Special.]—There is a general movement within a few days, both outside and in congress, in the interest of labor. Besides his bill establishing a bureau of labor statistics, Senator Blair introduced a bill Friday for the incorporation of trades unions. The former bill has been reported favorably and will probably pass. Saturday the house committee on labor agreed to report favorably Hopkins' bill to establish a department of labor, which is similar to Blair's bill. A convention of laboring men is to be held in this city before adjournment of congress is being talked of, with a prospect of the question being successfully agitated. The main proposition underlying the movement is petitioning congress to restrict immigration of skilled labor from Europe. High tariff and labor unions have heretofore kept wages up, but within a few years immigration from Europe has been so heavy, so the argument goes, that the barriers are being rapidly broken down. It is said several members of congress are aiding the agitation and that a bill excluding contract and degraded foreign labor, as much as the Chinese are now excluded, will be the outcome. Who are behind this agitation has not yet been developed.

MORRISON INTERVIEWED.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—[Special.]—The Journal of Commerce Washington special had an interview with Morrison, chairman of the ways and means committee, who said: "We intend to have representatives of interests affected by the proposed modification of the tariff, upon the general provisions of the bill, but speaking for myself will not go into the minuter details. The reduction of revenue to be effected by the bill upon the basis of importation last year is computed at $33,000,000. It is our intention to test the sense of the house upon the tariff before considering a reduction of internal taxation." In reply to a suggestion that even if the tariff bill were now to pass the house the senate might not do anything with it, Morrison said: "Why not? I have not consulted senators about it, but I think the senate will pass a bill to make a moderate reduction in the tariff."

SLIM CHANCE FOR PACIFIC COAST IMPROVEMENTS.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—[Special.]—Mr. Glasscock thinks the movement for a new postoffice building at Oakland was commenced too late for success this session. He thinks the delegation will do well if buildings at San Francisco and Sacramento are obtained. Willis of Kentucky, chairman of the committee on rivers and harbors, says the river and harbor bill this year will not exceed $12,000,000, which is one-third less than the bill of last year. Half of this sum will go to the Mississippi river, and there is slim chance for California and Oregon rivers. Willis says there will be no rivers macadamized or paved with Belgian blocks this year.

SHIPPING BILLS.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—The senate shipping bill, reported last week from the committee on commerce, was taken up by the house shipping committee to-day and Representative Hunt authorized to report to the house a bill covering such features of the senate bill as are not embodied in the Dingley bill. These, in substance, are to authorize the postmaster general to contract with American steamers for carrying mails at prices which are not to exceed the aggregate net proceeds from postage collected on foreign mail matter for the preceding year and not to exceed [illegible] per mile.

FOR THE RELIEF OF DISABLED SOLDIERS.

Representative Curtin to-day introduced a bill providing that any person disabled during the late war and furnished with an artificial limb by the war department since 1870, be entitled to receive a new limb every three years after.

A bill was introduced in the house by Stockslager to-day for increasing certain pensions. It provides that soldiers and sailors who lost both eyes, both hands, both feet, or [illegible] paralyzed from wounds received while on duty, shall receive $100 per month.

THE OREGON DELEGATION UNITED.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—[Special.]—Mr. Dolph presented to the senate this morning a petition signed by Senators Slater and Dolph, Representative George, Captain C. F. Powell, captain of engineers, and Delegate Brents, asking an appropriation for continuation of the work on the Cascades canal.

FOR THE RELIEF OF FLOOD SUFFERERS.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—The house committee on appropriations at a meeting this morning agreed to report the bill for the immediate appropriation of $300,000 for sufferers by floods along the Ohio and its tributaries. The bill will be reported to the house to-day.

SENATOR FARLEY IN HIS SEAT.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—[Special.]—Senator Farley occupied his seat in the senate for the first time this session to-day. He looks very feeble, but says he feels better now than for a long time past.

CONFIRMATIONS.

Henry D. Lyman of Ohio, second assistant postmaster general; Wm. Christy Wilson of Louisiana, assayer for the mint at New Orleans.

THE CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

Its Report to the President upon the Effects of the Civil Service Law.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—[Special.]—The civil service commission will make its report to the president to-day and he will send it to congress some time this week. This report will cover the operations of the civil service board between July 16 and January 16 last, the period in which the law has been in force. It is believed that the report will afford much gratification to the friends of civil service reform and that it will be a surprise to the enemies of the movement. Since the rules of the commission were promulgated in the neighborhood of 3,000 persons have been examined by local boards, and of this number over 600 successful candidates have been appointed to positions in various custom houses, postoffices and departments. So far as the commission is aware not a single appointment has been made by any officer of the government contrary to the letter or the spirit of the law.

COLLEGE GRADUATES MAKE A POOR SHOWING.

The report of the commissioners shows what proportion of those who passed examination were college graduates as compared with those who had simply enjoyed the advantages of a common school education. The latter class is enormously ahead of the former, not only as to numbers but as regards standing in the lists.

The figures prove that examinations have been conducted upon purely a practical basis and that none of the questions asked were of a technical character.

Examinations have been held in twenty six states and territories. No examinations have been held in the states of Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Tennessee, Florida, Kansas, New Hampshire or West Virginia. The residents of those states temporarily living in the District of Columbia have been given an opportunity to appear before the examining board in Washington.

ADVERSE CRITICISM.

The commissioners think that most of the adverse criticism of their action is the result of an imperfect understanding of the law. Several democratic newspapers have complained because local boards were chosen from among republican officers in post offices and custom houses. The law requires the boards to be composed of federal officials, and the commissioners cannot appoint civilians to do the work. It has been charged that the commission is a mere figurehead and that the appointments have been made contrary to the letter of the law. This statement is untrue. Messengers, laborers, scrubwomen, etc., are not in the classified service and they can be appointed at the will of heads of departments, but no clerical position can be bestowed except upon the certificate of the commission.

EVERY ONE MUST BIDE HIS TIME.

The commissioners have been importuned by congressmen and private individuals to certify for appointment persons who have passed examination, but who under the rules cannot immediately be given places. The rules require appointments to be apportioned pro rata among the states and territories, and the secretary of the commission keeps a list which shows the quota to which each state and territory is entitled. If an applicant from Ohio, say, has passed examination and is next in line to be certified for appointment, he may be compelled to wait months before getting a place if there are candidates from other states the quota of which is not filled ahead of him.

Great pressure has been brought to bear on the commission to favor certain states at the expense of others, in the matter of appointments, but the regulations have been strictly obeyed.

The operation of every one of the associations of the local civil service has been a decided encouragement to the United States commissioners and they feel assured that their will of six months' work will be [illegible] justification of the wisdom of congress in making the civil service law.

NOTABLY DEAD.

BURIAL PLACE TENDERED.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—[Special.]—Mrs. Marion Lowery [illegible] has made an offer of a part of the grounds upon which she possesses at Eastport, [illegible] as a resting place for the body of Commander De Long.

MRS. GENERAL TREVINO.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—[Special.]—Mrs. General Trevino, daughter of the late General Ord, died at Fortress Monroe last night at the residence of her mother.

DEATH OF AN EDITOR.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—[Special.]—Thomas Kinsella, editor of the Brooklyn Eagle, died this afternoon.

Lundborg's Perfume, Edenia.
Lundborg's Perfume, Marechal Niel Rose.
Lundborg's Perfume, Alpine Violet.
Lundborg's Perfume, Lily of the Valley.

THE PRESIDENCY.

Arthur Charged with Laying Wires to Secure the Nomination.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—[Special.]—Presidential observers think they have at last caught Arthur engaged in gathering delegates for the Chicago convention. Recently Secretary Chandler and Assistant Postmaster General Hatton have declared that Arthur was not seeking for renomination, but it appears that these statements were made to allay suspicion. Chandler and Hatton are considered the president's political managers, and it is alleged by those who ought to know that both these gentlemen have for some time been giving instructions in the postoffice and treasury departments, and the pension office, for working up Arthur's boom in the southern states.

It is alleged that during the past month scores of [illegible] thousand [illegible] have been sent for and provided with a [illegible] for use in the south. These [illegible] are the same as those issued by John Sherman in [illegible], who was also secretary. At that time Hatton was editor of the Burlington Hawkeye and was the [illegible] to receive them.

If politicians are able to prove that Chandler and Hatton are at work [illegible] for Arthur, they will [illegible] against his candidacy that will stop further work in the postoffice and treasury [illegible].

The information that Chandler and Hatton are at work was divulged by several special agents, located in the south, who are unfriendly to the president.

ARTHUR'S CHANCES IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—[Special.]—Tribune's Albany special: President Arthur's friends, who seek to get him the support of a majority of the New York delegation in the republican convention, and if possible the unanimous support of the delegation for at least the first ballot, frankly acknowledge that there are many republicans in New York not in favor of his nomination. They say they will not force his nomination. His opponents also disclaim any intention to resort to the old fashioned methods to defeat him, and while not [illegible] by the sentiment in his favor they will not oppose the selection of delegates in his behalf in congressional districts which are controlled by his friends.

The Times Albany special says: Arthur's friends claim that he will have a majority of the sixty eight district delegates, together with the four delegates at large, to be elected at the state convention, or altogether close upon two thirds of the New York delegation.

LOGAN'S CHANCES.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—[Special.]—The Times has a three-column letter from an editorial staff correspondent dated Springfield, Illinois, reviewing the political situation in that state and Logan's presidential prospects. He says Logan will have at least three fourths of the republican delegates from this state. His friends say the delegates from three of the Chicago districts are absolutely beyond his reach, and if Arthur should give his supporters a little encouragement Logan would lose seven of the twenty districts of the state. But the president has told his friends that he does not want them to work for him.

The Times says editorially: "Logan's friends say they will not ask his nomination by the convention unless he can carry New York, therefore they may as well begin to make a choice of some other candidate."

THE CHINESE BILLS.

Senator Miller's Measure not Strong Enough to Suit Coast Members of the House.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—[Special.]—The Chinese bill, reported from the senate committee on foreign affairs, is not very much like that previously the Pacific coast delegation. It is in fact the same bill presented to the delegation by Senator Miller and which was not deemed [illegible] by the members. All reference to British Columbia is omitted, and a great part of the delegation bill pertaining to certificates [illegible]. The only part retained is that which requires consuls in China to [illegible] certificates of merchants and [illegible].

Members in the lower house are much displeased with the new bill, but it is probable that no stronger measure can pass the senate, and if they attempt to antagonize the bill at all will be [illegible]. It is understood that several senators who favored restrictive legislation heretofore are of the opinion that they have done their duty, and that diplomacy and proper enforcement of the present laws is all that the good people of the Pacific coast have a right to ask. Nothing but flagrant frauds in Canton certificates at San Francisco would they think justify further legislation and they may be reminded of the argument [illegible] the [illegible] of certificates in [illegible].

Although Senator Miller supported the other bill in the committee [illegible] now that the one reported is the best that [illegible] in the senate.

The house committee will probably [illegible] the delegation [illegible], but it [illegible] with a slight [illegible] legislation at all.

STOWED UNDER.

More Bills Already before Congress than could be Acted upon in Half a Dozen Sessions.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—[Special.]—On Saturday the house adopted the rules of the Forty-sixth congress with a few amendments, none of which are of general importance. During a discussion over an amendment offered by Reed of Maine, giving members power to call up bills by a majority vote, he stated the business of congress is in a deplorable condition. Out of 10,000 bills and resolutions in last congress only about 600 were passed. Reed said that at the outside no congress transacted over 6 per cent of its business, which statement was admitted by Randall, but the latter did not think that such a rule as that proposed by Reed would remedy matters.

This debate has attracted universal attention as the evil of non-action by congress on important measures is likely to be greater every succeeding year. The house long since gave appropriation and revenue bills the right of way, as otherwise they would never be passed. It is doubtful, if congress sat year in and year out, whether more than 10 per cent of bills before it would be passed upon.

An idea of the condition of things is gained by the fact that before the house war claims committee there are over 2,000 bills awaiting action, aggregating $30,000,000 claims. Of course it is impossible for one committee to consider them. Before the committee on pensions there are over 1000 bills. During the last congress the house went only twice to the regular calendar. All the rest of the time was occupied in committee of the whole, and on the private calendar. Mr. Randall says he could not suggest any remedy for this until the members cease making it a practice of introducing trivial bills.

A CRY FOR REFORM.

Mass Meeting Called to Endorse a Bill Authorizing the Mayor of New York to Appoint Heads of Departments.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—[Special.]—A call has been spread for a mass meeting at Cooper Institute Thursday evening, signed by Hamilton Fish, William M. Evarts, Noah Davis and many other citizens of equal prominence, also by the presidents of the Young Men's Republican and the Young Men's Democratic Club, the council of reform and others representing different parties, urging the passage by the legislature of [illegible] bill, giving the mayor exclusive power to appoint heads of administrative departments. The call says the misgovernment and scandal arising from the existing system of confirmation by the board of aldermen of nominees of the mayor have reached a point calling for legislative interference and the only effective remedy for such misgovernment and scandal is concentration of power in the mayor and his direct responsibility to the people electing him. Roosevelt's bill will enable the voters of the city as a whole to declare whether they will have a clean, honest and business-like administration by the mayor responsible only to them, or whether they will continue the system which makes it possible for John Kelly to summon an aspirant for the mayoralty to his house to meet such gentlemen as Dick Croker, John Morgan, Hugh Nichols, Frank B. Spinola and E. P. Wood with a view of determining in advance whether the aspirant would be found sufficiently subservient to the personal interests and plans of these gentlemen. The character and temper of the present legislature furnish a hopeful opportunity for the enactment of the bill.

RAILROAD NOTES.

THE ACTUAL SEVERANCE OF RELATIONS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—[Special.]—The Tribune says: It was denied yesterday in this city that there had been any severance of relations existing between the Northern Pacific Railroad Company and the Oregon Railway and Navigation system, as declared in a dispatch from Chicago. The two companies have a traffic contract by which the Northern Pacific obtains use of the Navigation company's line of road from Wallula Junction to the Pacific coast. This has not been disturbed, the only change being, instead of one set of line officers for the two companies, as has been the case heretofore, the companies re-established separate offices.

Harris, president of the Northern Pacific company, said: "There is no significance in the movement, beyond the fact of separating the agency so that each company has its own agents. The relations of the companies continue as they have been."

WILL PASS ITS DIVIDENDS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—[Special.]—It is stated that the Oregon Improvement Company will pass its March and also September dividends, the directors thinking it best to apply the money earned toward liquidating the floating debt, about $1,[illegible],000.

THE STAGE.

MAPLESON'S PLANS.

CHICAGO, Feb. 11.—[Special.]—Mapleson has abandoned the idea of taking his company to St. Paul. He outlined his plans to-night as follows: "We shall appear here for the last time this season on Wednesday, for the benefit of sufferers by the floods at Cincinnati. Thursday we leave for St. Louis, for one week, then west to Denver, where we play for three or four nights and appear in Cheyenne for one night. At Salt Lake City we will make a stand of two or three nights, and thence to San Francisco. There we open the 10th of March, and perform for two weeks."

Manager Hert has closed arrangements with Colonel J. H. Mapleson, by which Her Majesty's Opera Company will appear at the Grand opera house for a season of eight performances, commencing on Monday, March 10. Mme. Etelka Gerster Gardini is the [illegible].

DEPLORING EUROPEAN MORALS.

ROME, Feb. 11.—The pope has addressed an encyclical letter to French bishops deploring the moral and intellectual condition of the world and the prevalence of [illegible]. He expects the bishops to do their utmost to remedy the evil.

Thousands upon thousands of bottles of Carboline, a deodorized extract of petroleum, have been sold, and from all over the land comes the one universal cry: "Carboline as now improved and perfected is the best hair restorer ever used." Sold by all druggists.

THE FLOODS.

The Highest Stage of Last Year's Overflow Passed.

NO PROSPECT FOR SPEEDY SUBSIDENCE.

Thousands of People Suffering for Food—Desolate Scenes in the Flooded Districts—An Appeal for Help.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 11, 11 A. M.—The river is 66 feet 1½ inches and is rising an inch an hour.

9 A. M.—The river is 66 feet and is rising an inch an hour. The weather is a drizzling rain.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 11.—At 2:30 the river reached 66 feet 5 inches, and is rising an inch an hour. Advices from up the Licking river state that it is rising rapidly.

A DAY OF INTENSE EXCITEMENT.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 11.—To-day has been one of the greatest excitement since the flood began. The stage of the high water of last year was passed at 1 P. M. A steady hard rain during the day, together with reports of rain at every place where it would run into the Ohio, made it certain that a still more dangerous flood is coming upon the already unfortunate people of the Ohio valley. The experience of last year made the people bold in confronting the danger they had once met and overcome, but when a new element came in the form of a blackened flood, a new series of calamities began to appear. The gas was lost yesterday and the water supply ceases to-day. There are five days' supply in the reservoirs with careful use, but one big fire would make a serious inroad on it. Worst of all, nobody knows when the limit of the flood will be reached. Rising waters above and on all side tributaries render it certain that the river must continue to rise for some time. How long and how rapid the rise are points of conjecture and fear. The river increases to-day [illegible] an inch an hour.

THE SITUATION INDESCRIBABLE.

It is hardly possible to give an idea of the situation. Strangers may gain an idea of its extent when it is stated that the water is now a little more than 600 feet from the Burnett house. All that can be seen are streets inundated and boats gliding in all directions. The suspension bridge, 90 feet above low water, makes a low arch above the flood. The Newport and Southern railway bridge looks like it is almost touching the water. The views from Price's Hill in the western part of the city gives the only comprehensive outline of the flood. On the west side, Mill creek spreads to an average of a mile wide, and this expanse of water reaches north out of sight. Back water runs beyond Spring Grove cemetery a distance of seven miles. Up the river Covington and Newport houses can be seen peering out of the water, while down the river, almost from hill to hill, the valley is covered.

THE FOOD SUPPLY EXHAUSTED.

Up to this time of great danger there has been no disaster, but the cry of distress is beginning to grow louder. Manufactories are stopping, and men are thrown out of employment. In Newport it is estimated that 5,000 to 6,000 people are homeless and their supplies were exhausted at noon. Many go without supper to-night because the supplies of the committee are exhausted. The work of relief in Cincinnati is beginning to [illegible]. Governor Hoadly to-day sent a request here for [illegible], but President Turner was compelled to refuse, for lack of funds. Contributions have not been as generous as last year, but will probably come to-morrow. The Eighth street railroad between the city and [illegible] is overflowed to-day and access to the suburbs by street cars is cut off. One of the largest establishments in Mill Creek valley, the American Oak Leather Company, has been battling to keep the flood out. They have built a barrier completely around their structure and now are eighteen inches above water, and can keep safe till seventy feet is reached.

At 7 P. M. the gauge marks 66 feet 11 inches. The water works still reports only one engine still working, and that it will continue to go till the fires are put out, which will be when the water reaches four inches more. Consumption will be stopped to-morrow, except for domestic purposes.

ASKING RELIEF FOR OTHER LOCALITIES.

COLUMBUS, Feb. 11.—On advices from Pomeroy and other river towns, making an appeal for aid, a meeting of citizens was called this morning, at which $2,000 in cash was raised in a short time and a committee appointed to canvass the town, who [illegible] to make the amount that night [illegible]. All tickets [illegible] on full time [illegible] at all times will be [illegible] to the river by the Hocking Valley road to the station in the morning train, which point provisions will be forwarded to sufferers. Mansfield and surrounding [illegible] sending a large quantity of provisions to that point to be forwarded to river towns. Over the Hocking Valley road telegrams are being received from stations on the Scioto Valley and Hocking Valley roads, nearest the inundated towns, which state that the whole of Portsmouth is under water and the citizens have fled to the hills. The [illegible] from Gallipolis, where 10,000 people are driven from home. [illegible] similar [illegible]. The adjutant general has been telegraphed to send tents to shelter the people, and to the legislature to take prompt action for relief.

AT MEMPHIS.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 11.—The river here this afternoon [illegible] the gauge, which is two feet below the danger line. It continues rising at the rate of nine inches daily. It has gone over the banks both above and below here in two places, but so far no damage has been done. It will take a two feet additional rise before trouble in the bottoms begins. The general impression prevails among steamboat men that the Mississippi valley will not be subjected to serious inundations.

IN PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 11.—The mayor has called a meeting of citizens to-morrow to arrange means for sufferers by the western floods. Calls for relief are urgent.

MT. CARMEL, Feb. 11.—There is a general suspension of work throughout the mining regions. Rain and melting snow have submerged the work. Large forces are endeavoring to dam mountain streams. In some mines there is from thirty to forty feet of water.

AT GALLIPOLIS.

GALLIPOLIS, Feb. 11.—The river has rose 8 inches in the last twelve hours and is rising half an inch an hour. It rained all night and the indications are for more this morning.

The river has fallen 6 feet at Belpre, twelve miles below Marietta. Telegraph communications with all river towns, except Gallipolis, Ripley and Marysville, is still interrupted.

AT LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, Feb. 11, noon.—It has been raining here almost constantly since Sunday [illegible]. The weather has moderated and it is still drizzling. The river rose 5 inches last night and is now rising three quarters of an inch per hour, with 41 feet in the canal, within 1½ feet of last year's highest point. A flood sufferer named Adam Fritz, on account of loss of property, poisoned himself early this morning and will probably die.

THE SITUATION AT WHEELING.

WHEELING, Feb. 11.—The water recedes so slowly that [illegible] islands [illegible] are still [illegible], but the water is now so low that boats can navigate with difficulty to property through the washing. Here and there is no more being done than relief boats. A circular [illegible] is being [illegible] by the few trains as far west as [illegible]. An old man [illegible] was drowned in the South Side to-day by the caving in of a bank. About half the homeless people have returned to their houses or found quarters elsewhere. The other houses were swept away or destroyed and fully 3,000 people are homeless, destitute and helpless, and will have to be fed by the relief committee for weeks. Damaged mills cannot start for weeks.

AT PITTSBURG.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 11.—The river is stationary. The weather is rainy and mild. The river is rising at the headwaters.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 11.—The rivers are rising again at the headwaters and considerable rain has fallen in the last forty eight hours. Another flood which will inundate the lower portion of Allegheny, is feared.

AT VARIOUS POINTS.

GALLIPOLIS, Feb. 11.—The people are haggard and worn out for want of sleep, food and shelter. Nearly every business man is bankrupt. The coal mines at Syracuse are flooded. A house went by Middleport this morning, with a woman and a dog in the second story. Men rowed out and appealed to her to get off. She refused, saying she had four babies below. The glass was broken, and the children were seen floating dead.

NEW RICHMOND, Feb. 11.—This town has been cut off for six days from the outside world, except by means of skiffs. Water is in every building. 100 houses are submerged. One-third of the population depend on outside support. The water is 2 inches higher than last year, and the highest ever known. Thirty five buildings are off their foundations and two fleet more will float them away. The village of Rufus, Ky., was entirely swept away and only two of thirty six houses are left.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Feb. 11.—The Kentucky river is rising slowly. It has risen 3½ feet since Friday. Reports from above show a heavy rise and rainfall.

MARIETTA, Ohio, Feb. 11.—The water is rising rapidly. There was one foot on the courthouse floor at 8 o'clock last night. No telegraph or railroad communication. Bridges across the Muskingum are both gone. No lives were lost here.

GALLIPOLIS, Feb. 11.—A relief committee sent to Pomeroy has just returned. Five thousand people are camped on the hills, in terrible want of food and shelter. One hundred and fifty houses floated away. Boats can now land.

CAIRO, Ill., Feb. 11.—There was a heavy fog over the river and city all the afternoon. The weather is mild. The river is rising half an inch an hour.

WHEELING, Feb. 11.—The river is falling. The weather is foggy and it is raining.

MAYSVILLE, Ky., Feb. 11.—It has been raining steadily all day. Business is suspended. Citizens are at work helping the needy. At Chester, a small village above, 1100 people have left their homes and are camped on the hills. Several houses have passed down the river. Houses at Aberdeen are tumbling in the river.

The artist who has almost completed a portrait for a very rich man, when the man fails, is the one who is maddest about the failure.—Boston Post.

When all other remedies fail try Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption. Trial Bottles free.

The Rev. Mr. Talmage is not in favor of "Christianity on ice." Supposed this means: If you fall and hurt yourself, while skating, swear.—New York Mail.

What fate imposes, man must needs abide,
But from St. Jacobs Oil, no pain can hide.

For 10 cents and the address of an eastern friend to the office for the statistical OREGONIAN. The best medium to circulate in the east.

GENERAL NEWS.

Grant Corrects a Bit of History.

TRENTON, Feb. 11.—An animated discussion has been going on in the columns of the State Gazette for a few weeks whether the army of the Potomac refused to charge the enemy the second time at the battle of Cold Harbor, when ordered, as stated in some histories of the late war. General Grant was appealed to, and wrote the following letter:

New York, February 7, 1884.

To the Editor of the Gazette. Dear Sir:—Your favor of the 31st is at hand. In reply to the question asked therein I would say that I never gave an order to any army I commanded during the rebellion to make an attack where it was disobeyed. It is possible that I do not remember such circumstance, that I have given an order for attack at a certain hour and afterwards concluded it would be better possibly not to make it, and have sent orders countermanding it, but I do not remember that any such circumstance as that took place at Cold Harbor.

Truly yours, U. S. GRANT.

The Clipper Freight Market.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—[Special.]—The stormy weather of the entire week has operated to restrict the movement of freight and brought the loading of vessels to a complete halt. This fact will cause a detention of tonnage now in port and prevent sailings upon dates previously anticipated. The freight market continues exceedingly dull. Rates are yet low and unremunerative. The tonnage supply is [illegible] increasing, and the outlook for vessels is [illegible] very unfavorable. Van Vleck has taken up no new tonnage during the week. He has yet loading the Daniel Barnes and the Santa Clara. Freight for Portland is offering slowly. No fresh tonnage has been placed on berth. The Belle of Oregon will probably fill in ten days. Nothing has transpired in the way of new charters from Philadelphia.

Rev. Heber Newton's Remarks.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—[Special.]—Heber Newton said in a sermon yesterday: "The beatitudes are the very words of Christ, if we have them at all, and yet the church, so to speak, passes them by for the Apostles' creed, the outcome of the wrangling of a council. I have wondered why the beatitudes are not set to music and sung, as a part of the service. They are words full of dew which Christ spoke as he turned his face from earth to Calvary."

Heathen Help in Gotham.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—[Special.]—The Chinese consul denies the report that Chinese and Japanese servants are being imported here. A large manager of a large employment agency says: "The demand for Chinese servants in this city is and always has been extremely small. One reason of this is we never have Chinese help of the right kind at our call, and there are quite a number of Japanese in the employ of wealthy families and they are well liked."

Chicago Cattle Dealers' Protest.

CHICAGO, Feb. 11.—About fifty dealers at the Chicago stock yards, who last year handled $50,000,000 worth of cattle, have forwarded to Washington a protest against the bill before congress to establish a bureau of animal industry. They deny the existence of pleuro-pneumonia west of the Alleghany mountains and express the belief that the passage of the measure would have only the effect to make places for the army of office holders.

Cannon's Belt of Scalps.

SALT LAKE, Jan. 11.—George Q. Cannon, chief apostle of the Mormon church, boasted he had the scalps of eight [illegible] state governors hanging to his belt and [illegible] would have Governor Murray's. Finding his charges ineffectual, his bogus charges against Murray's administration having failed, Cannon has gone to Washington to inaugurate further measures for Murray's overthrow.

Telegraph Lines Leased.

CHICAGO, Feb. 11.—The Packers and Merchants' Telegraph Company to-day perfected a lease of all the Board of Trade telegraph lines [illegible]. Stock will be [illegible] the lease is for a term of [illegible] January 1. The lease guarantees [illegible] the Board of Trade company's stock and the payment of the bonds [illegible].

Case Involving a Mormon's Status.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—[Special.]—Times' [illegible] in a pending question as to whether a Mormon father is a fit person to have the custody of a child will be tried before Ordinary Johnson in Rome, [illegible] to-morrow. In this way Grant [illegible] will be raised upon the issue as to whether a belief in Mormonism is a [illegible].

Clearing House Returns.

BOSTON, Feb. 11.—The following table compiled from dispatches to the Post from the leading clearing houses in the United States gives the [illegible] returns for the week ending [illegible] with [illegible] corresponding week of last year [illegible] decrease [illegible] outside of New York $[illegible], decrease [illegible].

Steamer and Cargo Insured.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—Agents of the steamer Notting Hill [illegible] of [illegible] the steamer was valued at $[illegible] and the cargo [illegible] at $400,000 [illegible].

Newspaper Sold.

DENVER, Feb. 11.—The Denver Tribune, one of the leading newspapers of the west, was [illegible] sold to a syndicate of New York parties, for $[illegible]. O. J. Goldrick continues as editor-in-chief and F. J. V. Skiff as manager.

Another Strike.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Feb. 11.—Weavers at the King Philip mills struck this morning on account of a reduction.

RED SUNSETS, ANSWER TO "E. C. L.'s" INQUIRY

PORTLAND, Feb. 10, 1884.

To the Editor of The Oregonian:

In your issue of the 9th, E. C. L., of Whitaker, Oregon, asks of W. H. S.: Is there an instance on record with which he is acquainted of an earthquake either on land or sea which it was followed by such results, as hath been followed the late one on the Island of Java. There is not. History does not record the great movements of nature till they have made themselves sufficiently prominent to attract general attention. All things have their growth. The fruit bearing tree does not become conspicuous until it is laden with fruit, notwithstanding it has had its upward progress from the seed to maturity. So with this phenomenon. For ages this thing has been growing. Each successive chill wave of the [illegible] the [illegible] and each volcanic eruption have added a [illegible] of hydrogen and the lighter compounds to it [illegible] the outer atmosphere until last [illegible] an extraordinary amount was set free and for the first time its [illegible] universally manifest. I did not write the conclusion set forth in my article through a mere [illegible] but through a course of reasoning from cause to effect. We know that the earth is clothed with an invisible shield of atmosphere of hydrogen much of it in a state of [illegible] the lighter gases [illegible] in the upper atmosphere [illegible] that of the earth's atmosphere. Hydrogen and light are [illegible] by oxygen and [illegible] but set free on the earth and they are not absorbed or taken up by either vegetable or animal life and we do not find it [illegible] through the air [illegible] they must ascend [illegible] to the [illegible] the low specific gravity. Now we have a reason of transformation [illegible] the vicinity of [illegible] prodigal measured quantities of gas, much of which is known to be lighter. The earth's crust [illegible] metals at its surface and great stores of [illegible] metallic in its nature and [illegible] a strong affinity for oxygen, flow forth and spread over the bottom of the sea. The sea water mingles with it, and is decomposed, the oxygen unites with the metals, and the hydrogen goes to the outer atmosphere immediately following this strange and unusual phenomenon is witnessed throughout the world, indicating the acquisition of some substance in the upper aerial regions, that gives color and beauty to our rising and setting suns. It does not pass away. We know that solid matter will not remain suspended in a rare atmosphere for months at a time. We know that solid matter, however intensely it may be divided unless it be transparent has not the power to refract and resolve white light into its primary colors. It will reflect light but it is the same light as it. The accumulation of matter in the upper aerial regions under consideration, has the power of refracting and resolving white light into its primary colors hence it must be some transparent gaseous substance of extreme lightness as it is far above the clouds. Hydrogen is the only gas known that would thus float so high, it being 14½ times lighter than air, and at the same time have great refractive power. Therefore, I am forced to associate the phenomenon under consideration with the great earthquake and volcanic eruptions of last summer, without any historic precedent. The present phenomenon is a mile post in the world's progress and history has made a record of it. The present accumulation of hydrogen in the upper heavens has been going on since the introduction and culmination of the ice age, at which time the former accumulations of hydrogen were destroyed. The climate of the earth has been growing slowly warmer since that fearful event through the augmentation of the [illegible] here from the sources indicated, and will continue to grow warmer from the same cause till we may in fact have "a new heaven and a new earth."

The glowing sunsets and sunrises will be seen irregularly, as the stratum of hydrogen is quite thin, compositively speaking, and it will be influenced more or less, by the evaporations of the lower atmosphere, driven together in places and thinned in others.

If E. C. L. has a better theory we will gladly accept it. W. H. S.

"Couldn't Keep House Without It," is what a New York lady writes about Electric Bitters [illegible]; it is [illegible] a [illegible] and should be used by every housekeeper in the land.

A. Jones has very recently arrived at Spokane Falls from the Coeur d'Alene mines, says the Chronicle. He expresses the firm belief in the future of the camp, saying the business done there is already quite extensive. The camp is generally quite orderly, only two of all the numerous and jumping cases having resulted in shooting. Less than a week before Mr. Jones left the camp a man by the name of Nelson was shot by a character named Three-Fingered Jack, [illegible] taking [illegible] in the region of the heart. The shot would probably prove fatal, though up to the departure of Mr. J. the wounded man was still alive. There had been some trouble between the parties about a claim which finally resulted in the shooting. By particulars as to what was done with Jack Among [illegible] jumped a portion of one of the streets of Eagle City that had been promptly fixed by the citizens. Claim jumping is very common and considerable trouble is anticipated when those who went in [illegible] and secured claims return to [illegible] shall return to the spring and find a man [illegible] on their claims.

"ROUGH ON CORNS." 15c. Ask for it. Complete cure, hard or soft corns, warts, bunions.

BRADLAUGH'S SEAT.

The Infidel Member Administers a Pledge to Himself at the Table of the House.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—Henry Labouchere, member for Northampton, and Thos. Burt, member for Morpeth, accompanied Bradlaugh to the table of the house of commons to-day. There Bradlaugh administered a pledge to himself, and placed a signed paper on the table, bowing as he did so to the speaker.

The latter informed Bradlaugh that he had not conformed to the rules, and ordered him to withdraw until his conduct had been considered by the house. Bradlaugh withdrew under the gallery.

Gladstone made no motion, whereupon Northcote moved that Bradlaugh be not permitted to take the oath. Carried—280 to 162.

Another motion made by Northcote that Bradlaugh be excluded from the precincts of the house, was carried—288 to 210.

Prior to division on the first motion Gladstone said he could not deviate from the course previously pursued, and his opinion was not changed. It was not the duty of the executive again and again to dispute decisions of the house.

Labouchere opposed, saying it would prevent Bradlaugh from taking his seat.

Gladstone (interrupting) said it occurred to the government that if Bradlaugh should sit and vote, so as to raise the question of penalty, the government might raise the question in a court of justice whether Bradlaugh had taken the oath or not.

Labouchere then expressed his contempt for any form of oath which he declared was a hypocritical scandalous and sanctimonious pillory. The speaker, he said, was bound to proceed and it was his opinion that Bradlaugh would ultimately win.

After further remarks by Northcote, O'Donnell, member for Dungarvan, pressed the speaker to say whether Bradlaugh should withdraw.

The speaker said Bradlaugh had not taken the oath and therefore could not be required to withdraw the same as a sworn member.

Thomas Sexton, member for Sligo county, moved that before the house be divided Labouchere be excluded.

Division was then taken, with the result already stated. When the tellers came to the table to report the result they announced that Bradlaugh had voted against the motion.

Healy, member for Monaghan, moved that Bradlaugh be fenced. Healy accused the government of collusion with Bradlaugh. The motion was carried, 280 to 211, Bradlaugh again voting with the minority. It was at this point that a division was taken on the motion of Northcote that Bradlaugh be excluded from the precincts of the house.

THE QUEEN'S BOOK.

The Estimable Old Lady Handles her English in an Awkward Manner.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—The queen's new book was distributed to the press this morning. It contains a [illegible] connected diary from August, 1862, to September 1882, with a long gap from October 1867 [illegible] [illegible] covering the period of transition and [illegible] of Beaconsfield [illegible]. The book is devoted to domestic and family affairs. Political allusions are purely incidental. The illustrations are numerous, and there are portraits of the queen and Princess Beatrice, Leopold and Beatrice. There is a portrait of [illegible] and the queen's body servant and one of her deceased attendant John Brown. There are pictures of two of the queen's Collie dogs, Sharp and Noble and several views of scenes in the Highlands from sketches by Princess Beatrice. In the preface the royal authoress says: "Remembering the feeling with which 'Leaves from the Journal of Our Life in the Highlands' was received, the writer thinks the present volume may equally awaken sympathy, as while describing a very altered life it shows how her sad and suffering heart was soothed and cheered by the excursions and incidents of a simple country life as well as by the simple mountaineers from whom I learned many lessons of resignation and faith in the quiet and beautiful Highlands."

MEMORIAL GAINS TO JOHN BROWN.

After dedication to loyal highlanders, and especially to the memory of my faithful attendant and friend, John Brown, the diary opens with the building of a [illegible]. It reads as follows: [illegible] chair, with the [illegible] Beatrice in front, Eleanor and Louise on [illegible] and two little boys, Arthur and Leopold. I generally drove the little carriage to the [illegible] Craig [illegible] Grant and Duncan [illegible] behind with sweet baby Beatrice. We [illegible] top a view so fine a day so bright and [illegible] so [illegible] but there was no pleasure [illegible] all was dead! Here at the top is the [illegible] of a cairn to be erected to my precious Albert. The [illegible] orphans placed stones. Our [illegible] are to be placed on stones and [illegible].

REMARKS OF DOMESTICS.

Several succeeding entries [illegible] visits to [illegible] contain [illegible] of domestics. The following may serve as an example of the latter. When [illegible] "I thought you would like to be here to-day [illegible] his birthday, entirely [illegible] the first day and even the 14th of December [illegible] the anniversary of his death [illegible] not be [illegible] a day of mourning. There is [illegible] in these simple [illegible]."

In [illegible] 1863 when making an excursion from Balmoral to [illegible] the carriage was overturned, the [illegible] right hand of the queen were bruised and Brown's knees were badly hurt, [illegible] regarding Brown's injuries.

FRANCE.

SPLEEN OF THE PARISIAN PRESS.

PARIS, Feb. 11.—[Special.]—The Journal des Debats says: At the present moment it is not England only which is struck, it is the entire western world, it is the whole of Christendom. We French are in the forefront of those who are menaced by the new invasion of barbarianism and we have no other wish to form than that of seeing it arrested in its march. Another journal says: Whenever France gets into a difficulty in Tonquin, Madagascar or Tunis, Englishmen rub their hands and applaud. Whenever we incite a disturbance by force or crime, England calls us cruel and tyrannical. She put down the Sepoy mutiny by fastening bonds tight to the rebels. If we had treated Algiers as England treats Ireland, what a howl of indignation would have been raised against poor France. We have now a very good occasion to pay back England with her own coin. England has now lost all until any prestige.

SENSATIONAL DISPATCH FROM TONQUIN.

PARIS, Feb. 11.—Le Monde publishes a dispatch, appealing for help from the French bishop in Tonquin, stating that pillage in twenty two districts and 211 Christians have been massacred, and 108 [illegible] been destroyed.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—It is reported that 100 Christian [illegible] have been murdered [illegible] in Tonquin.

AUSTRIA.

THIRTY FIVE PERSONS DROWNED.

VIENNA, Feb. 11.—While a wedding party was crossing the river [illegible] near [illegible] the ice broke and thirty five were drowned.

ENGLAND.

DEATH OF AN EDITOR.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—Thomas Chenery, editor of the Times since 1877, a distinguished oriental scholar, is dead.

CANADA.

FORGER REMANDED.

TORONTO, Feb. 11.—By Lee, the Cincinnati forger has been remanded for a week.

IN WALL STREET.

Another Decline in the Northern Pacific System.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—Governments lower [illegible]. Railway bonds in good demand and generally higher. Stocks strong and higher. The advance ranged from ¾ to 1 per cent. Before the first call Oregon and Transcontinental and Northern Pacific preferred weakened, the former selling down 1¼ to 16½, and the latter 1¾ to 46½. The general list fell off ¼ to 1 in sympathy. This decline brought on heavy buying orders for Vanderbilts, Grangers and Missouri Pacific and a general advance followed. The market closed ½ to 2½ lower than Saturday except for Canada Southern, Northwestern, Rock Island, Delaware & Hudson and Omaha preferred, which are ¼ to ½ higher.

MONEY, STOCKS AND BONDS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—Money market was easy at 1½ @2; closed at 1½@2. Prime mercantile paper 4@5½. Sterling exchange bankers' bills, $4.85½; demand $4.8[illegible].

Bonds—4s, 1.23¾; 4½s, 114½; 3s, 123[illegible].

Stocks—American Express 95; Canada Southern 53[illegible]; Cen. Pacific 61½; C. B. & Q. 123¾; Delaware, Lackawanna & Western 120¼; Denver & Rio Grande 20[illegible]; Erie [illegible]; Han. & St. Joe 38½; Kansas & Texas 21[illegible]; Lake Shore 1[illegible]; Louisville & Nashville 47½; Michigan Central 91¼; N. J. Central 87½; North Pacific 2[illegible]; Nor. Preferred [illegible]; O. & M. 21½; Reading 5[illegible]; Rock Island 121¼; St. Paul 9[illegible]; Texas Pacific 2[illegible]; Union Pacific 80¼; U. S. Express 6[illegible]; Wabash Pacific 1[illegible]; Fargo 12[illegible]; Canada Pacific 5[illegible]; Erie [illegible]; N. Y. Central 11[illegible]; Pacific Mail 40[illegible]; Panama [illegible]; Fargo & Western Union 7[illegible].

CRIMINAL CALENDAR.

CASE AGAINST FRANK JAMES DISMISSED.

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 11.—In the criminal court this morning the state's attorney dismissed the case against Frank James and Charles Ford, charged with the Blue Cut train robbery in 1881. The attorney submitted a statement that owing to the refusal of Governor Crittenden to pardon Dick Liddil the state was deprived of his testimony and the valuable corroborative evidence and hence would be unable to make a case. It is stated that the case at Gallatin for bank robbery against James will also be dismissed, thus vacating all indictments in Missouri. The announcement created quite a ripple of surprise in the court room. James was immediately taken before Judge Ruckel of the United States court where a hearing is now in progress on the charge of robbing the United States paymaster at Muscle Shoals, Alabama.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 11.—In the United States court bail was refused Frank James. He will probably be taken to Alabama this week.

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 11.—The United States marshal intends to start to-morrow in going with Frank James for Huntsville, Alabama.

The courtroom was crowded during the progress of the hearing. James showed none of his recent illness and smiled at some of the witnesses. In talking with a reporter after the case James said he had expected such action, and expressed himself ready to meet the charges.

MAJOR WASSON PARDONED.

SAN ANTONIO, Feb. 11.—There are reports in many circles to-day, generally credited, that Major Wasson, the defaulting paymaster, has been pardoned by the president. He was sentenced to fifteen months imprisonment, and has served eleven months.

THE UMATILLA WRECKED.

She Strikes Near Cape Flattery, and is Abandoned by the Crew.

SHE IS TOWED TO ESQUIMALT, AND SINKS

Nothing Heard of the Captain and Thirty-four Men who Took to the Boats—Grave Fears Entertained for their Safety

SEATTLE, Feb. 11.—[Special.]—On Saturday morning the steamer Umatilla struck near Cape Flattery a reef of rocks and crushed in her forward port. A blinding snow storm and a heavy sea were prevailing at the time. Captain Frank Worth finding the vessel sinking, gave orders to take to the boats. He went in one boat with sixteen men, the second officer took the second boat with thirteen men and the first officer, John O'Brien, with four men launched the life raft and made for land.

When O'Brien looked back from a distance he saw the vessel floating. He turned his life raft for the Umatilla, and he, finally clambered aboard and with his men set the foresail and attempted to make the Colum [illegible] river. The steamer Wellington then hove in sight. O'Brien made signals and the Wellington gave the Umatilla a line and towed her into Esquimalt Harbor, where she sank in forty-two feet of water. The last seen of the boats with Worth and crew and the second officer they were nearing land and it is supposed they were saved.

The Umatilla is the property of the Oregon Improvement Company and was valued at between $300,000 and $400,000 and was insured in London for the full amount. She was built at Roach's yard at Chester, Pennsylvania in the summer of 1881 and was 1[illegible] tons register. She left New York in August 1881 and rounded the Horn making the trip in the quickest time up to that date.

THE CAPTAIN AND THE FIRST OFFICER.

Captain Frank Worth has commanded the Umatilla from the time she was launched until now. He is a native of New Jersey, aged 40 years, has a wife and little girl in San Francisco and is regarded as one of the best navigators on the Pacific ocean. He was a universal favorite here, and there is much anxiety with regard to his fate.

First officer John O'Brien belongs to Portland, Oregon. He is a son-in-law of William Showers, county treasurer, and formerly was master of the American bark Edwin James, owned by Ainsworth, which plied between Portland and China. He has a wife and two children at Portland, is regarded as an experienced sailor, and his gallantry on this occasion is commended here in glowing terms. An old sailor said to an OREGONIAN correspondent to-night: "I've known little Johnny O'Brien for a long time. We worked before the mast together eighteen years ago and he could always be depended upon in time of need."

OTHER OFFICERS.

The second officer's name is unknown.

Chief Engineer William Neiman, aged 38 years, is from Philadelphia, where he has a wife and two children. He came round the Horn on the Umatilla and is extremely popular here.

First Assistant Engineer Philip Matthews is from New York and was formerly in the employ of John Roach.

Second Assistant Engineer J. Holmes is believed to be from [illegible].

Her crew, exclusive of officers, numbered about thirty, mostly married men with families in San Francisco.

NOTES.

John L. Howard, assistant manager of the Oregon Improvement Company, was interviewed to-night by an OREGONIAN correspondent. He has received telegrams from First Officer O'Brien, dated Victoria, which substantially corroborate the foregoing particulars. He characterizes the first officer's conduct as brave and manifested great concern for Worth's safety. In relation to Worth he said that there is no better man on the Pacific coast. He is regarded as safe and the company has the greatest confidence in his ability as a navigator.

There is much excitement here over the loss of the ship. Every business man here that knew Worth liked him. A genial frank manner combined with a bluff, cheery mode of greeting people established him a prime favorite. All almost [illegible] pay high tribute to his knowledge and [illegible].

Flattery rock is a dangerous rock and is always covered with water. When the Umatilla was endeavoring to make the cape it is said a line was [illegible] for course [illegible] struck on the reef.

Everybody here [illegible] Worth [illegible] in safety. [illegible] Howard [illegible] has been sent to look after Worth and the crew.

NOTHING HEARD OF THE CAPTAIN AND THE CREW.

SEATTLE, Feb. 12.—[illegible] yesterday a telegram from Port Townsend states that no tidings had been received of Captain Worth and the thirty four men who left the ship in lifeboats. Fears are entertained that they may be lost as the coast is lined with rocks and precipitous [illegible].

The revenue cutter was lying at Port Townsend when the news of the accident reached that place and she [illegible] for Neah bay, in search of the missing crew.

CALIFORNIA.

The Lumber Trade.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 11.—[Special.]—Your correspondent called upon Simpson Bros. to-day and made inquiry respecting the recent action of owners here of northern mills in putting their establishments on short time. Mr. Simpson said that the lumber business in San Francisco was as good as usual, sales for the past three months being fully equal to the corresponding period of last year, but that the market was over supplied owing to the great increase of production. Many new mills have been established in Oregon and Washington during the past two years, and in several instances the capacity of old mills has been doubled. Besides this, mills which for two or three years have been sawing for railroad construction are now pouring that product upon the market here. The consequence has been overstock which threatened to greatly reduce prices. The action of lumbermen here is intended to strengthen the market by checking the supply. Most of the northern mills, all in fact having connections in this city, are represented in the association of lumber dealers. The foreign demand for lumber as usual at this season is a little slow and this has had some influence on the situation. It is not the opinion of lumbermen here that the market is to suffer a season of depression.

Shipping Intelligence.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 11.—Arrived February 10, Steamer Queen of the Pacific, Victoria, passengers and merchandise to Goodall, Perkins & Co. British steamer Bertrand Castle, Smith, four days from Departure Bay, [illegible] & Sons. Ship Emily F. Whitney, Rollins, nine days from Nanaimo, 2120 tons coal to John Rosenfeld. Bark Arkwright, Lewis, eight days from Port Gamble, lumber to Pope & Talbot. Arrived February 11, Steamer Wilmington, [illegible] six days from Seattle, passengers and merchandise to Frank Bartlett & Co. Sailed, February 10, Steamer Willamette, Meyer, Port Townsend; schooner [illegible], Gage, Columbia river; ship [illegible] Natal; bark Henry Buck, Hayer, Port Townsend.

Cold Weather.

[Special.]—The weather continues very cold. Last night the thermometer marked [illegible] degrees above zero and to-night there is a sharp frost. The country has suffered from a prolonged cold snap for many years. No damage has been done to crops. Oregonians here for the benefit of the climate are disgusted and many of them will return home if there is not an immediate change.

Presented a Memorial.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 11.—The San Francisco Clearing House Association has presented a memorial to the Central Pacific Railroad Company requesting that trains be dispatched at 8 P. M., instead of 3:30 P. M., as at present scheduled.

Petitions for a Postal Telegraph.

Petitions addressed to members of the house and senate, requesting them to support the postal telegraph bill are being circulated here, and already have a large number of signatures.

Will Dissolve.

The executive committee of the grain exchange adopted a resolution this afternoon dissolving the exchange at the close of the fiscal year. A dividend of $50 to each member was declared.

Murderously Assaulted by a Chinaman.

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 11.—Yesterday afternoon a Chinaman murderously assaulted Adolph Guiol, barkeeper at the Brunswick billiard hall. The Chinaman frequently made himself obnoxious by playing billiards. Yesterday the balls were taken from him. He went outside, secured a hatchet and returned, telling Guiol the proprietor that he wanted to see him. As Guiol passed out of the door the Chinaman raised the hatchet and made a desperate blow at Guiol's head. The latter had just time to raise his left arm, which received the blow making a severe wound. Guiol's escape from instant death was miraculous, as the Chinaman seemed crazed either by opium or liquor. To-day he was held in $[illegible] bail on a charge of assault with intent to kill and was remanded to jail for further examination.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

News Notes from Victoria.

VICTORIA, Feb. 10.—The Methodists are celebrating to-day the 25th anniversary of the landing in British Columbia of the first missionaries of that church.

Great uneasiness is felt by stockmen on the mainland from the sudden severity of the weather. There are 2½ feet of snow at Camploops, at the time of writing, and if this inclement weather continues large numbers of stock will inevitably perish. The weather since Friday has been very cold and there is no snow. The sky is clear, but a bitter wind renders life in out of doors uncomfortable. There is good skating on all the neighboring lakes.

A bill to prevent Chinese acquiring crown lands passed the legislature last night.

In consequence of the action of the [illegible] of customs in refusing to recognize a wharf in the outer harbor as within the port of Victoria, the Pacific Coast Steamship Company announces that it will discontinue for the large class of vessels now running [illegible].

The British bark Compta, San Francisco for Burrard Inlet, Calcutta, arrived to-day.

ARIZONA.

The Bisbee Murderers Convicted.

TOMBSTONE, Feb. 11.—The trial of the Bisbee assassins closed at 4 P. M. to-day with a verdict of guilty against the entire five. Sentence will be passed on Wednesday next.

No Safer Remedy can be had for Coughs and Colds, or any trouble of the Throat, than "Brown's Bronchial Troches." Price 25 cents. Sold only in boxes.

Enclose 10 cents and the address of an eastern friend to the office for the statistical OREGONIAN. The best medium to circulate in the east.

CHEMISTS HAVE ALWAYS FOUND

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

TRADE MARK

The Most Perfect Made.

A PURE FRUIT ACID BAKING POWDER.

There is none stronger. None so pure and wholesome. Contains no Alum or Ammonia.

Has been used for years in a million homes.

Its great strength makes it the cheapest.

Its perfect purity the healthiest. In the family loaf most delicious. Prove it by the only true test.

THE TEST OF THE OVEN.

MANUFACTURED BY

STEELE & PRICE,

Chicago, Ill., and St. Louis, Mo.

Manufacturers of Lupulin Yeast Gems, Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts, and Dr. Price's Unique Perfumes.

WE MAKE NO SECOND GRADE GOODS.

Pianos

AND

ORGANS.

Best Makes, Lowest Prices!

Only House in Portland selling both Wholesale and Retail.

[illegible],

165 FIRST ST.,

BETWEEN YAMHILL AND MORRISON.

N. B.—We have the largest stock and the only store in the land exclusively devoted to musical merchandise. Our prices will be found much lower than those of retail houses.

Toronto.

Messrs. Fleming Bros.

Sirs,—I take this opportunity of informing you of the benefits I have derived from Dr. C. McLane's Liver Pills. I have for two years past been afflicted with a severe pain over the eyes, accompanied with a nervousness and sense of dizziness, a malady beyond the power and skill of our physicians to relieve and cure, caused as far as I myself could judge by a diseased state of the liver and stomach. Some of the doctors tried bleeding, and various other remedies were tried, but all in vain, for the deep rooted disease still stuck fast. At last, I procured a box of your valuable Liver Pills from a druggist here, and found, after taking a portion of them, that the disease and painful sensation over the eyes have almost entirely left me. I will close by advising all those afflicted as I have been, to procure the valuable medicine at once and save much time and pain, with little expense. With sincere gratitude and respect, I remain, yours respectfully,

GEO. W. RUSSELL, Toronto.

New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Williams, No. 248 Seventh street, testify that they have both been suffering with the liver complaint for about five years, during which time they have spent a large amount of money and tried many remedies, but to no purpose. Finally hearing of Dr. C. McLane's Liver Pills, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh, Pa., they purchased four boxes which they took according to the directions accompanying each box, and now pronounce themselves perfectly cured of that distressing disease.

THE ONLY GENUINE

McLANE'S PILLS,

Are the Dr. C. McLane's Liver Pills,

PREPARED BY

FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL!

FRANK S. GREY, Marysville, Cal., writes: "In the eleven years as clerk and proprietor that I have sold WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY I can truly say that I have never known it to fail to give relief in pulmonary complaints."

WM. LOUTZENHEISER, Grass Valley, Cal., has sold WISTAR'S BALSAM THIRTY-ONE YEARS and writes that he considers it one of the most reliable preparations in the market for the cure of Coughs, Colds and Throat and Lung Complaints.

J. R. SLUME, Los Angeles, Cal., says he has used WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY for fifteen years, and takes pleasure in recommending it.

F. H. FILLMORE, Red Bluff, Cal., says: "I have sold WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY for sixteen years, and unhesitatingly say that I consider it one of the best and most reliable preparations in the market for the radical cure of Coughs, Colds and all Throat and Lung Complaints, and I can cheerfully recommend it to all in need of such a remedy."

None genuine unless signed "I. BUTTS," on the wrapper.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

"Orrville, Ohio, Sept. 10, 1882.

COLDS. "Having been subject to a bronchial affection, with frequent colds, for a number of years, I hereby certify that AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL gives me prompt relief, and is the most effective remedy I have ever tried.

JAMES A. HAMILTON,
Editor of The Crescent."

"Mt. Gilead, Ohio, June 26, 1882.

COUGHS. "I have used AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL this spring for a severe cough and lung trouble with good effect, and I am pleased to recommend it to any one similarly affected.

HARVEY BAUGHMAN,
Proprietor Globe Hotel."

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

VITALIZED PHOSPHITES!

Business men who daily are guilty of brain over work have three results before them. One class resort to stimulants and continue until a general breakdown prostrates them. It is like the whip to the starved horse. Another class plod on until they are obliged to leave business and take a long rest. The more thoughtful and better instructed class take VITALIZED PHOSPHITES and thus restore to the brain all the business care and anxiety has robbed it of. They feed their brains and thus prevent debilitation.

By druggists or mail $1.

F. CROSBY & CO., Sixth Ave., N. Y.

JOHN A. CHILD. 1859—188[illegible] WALTER A. GRADON.

JOHN A. CHILD & CO.,

DRUGGISTS,

DEALERS IN

Fine Chemicals, Perfumery,

TOILET ARTICLES, SPONGES,

Soaps and Druggists' Sundries.

101 Second Street, cor. Morrison,
Portland, Or.

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, FEB. 12, 1884

THE DRIFT OF POLITICS.

Our special dispatches of late have contained a good deal of matter about "presidential possibilities." The peculiarity of these reviews of the situation is the fact which they render apparent, that neither party has a man who towers above others as a conspicuous candidate. One of the most recent of the reviews closes with the remark that neither republicans nor democrats appear to take any active interest in nominations as yet, and no marked drift of sentiment for or against individual candidates is perceptible.

While the great mass of either party may be expected to support any candidate whom the convention of the party may name, it is probable that the republicans could be united in solid body more easily than the democrats; or, rather, it would be more accurate to say that the republicans appear now to have a better chance than the democrats of being able to name a candidate who can secure the independent voters by whom the election will be decided. Perhaps the republicans may not improve their opportunity to do this but if they would nominate Edmunds they certainly would throw for him their full party vote and get besides the great majority of those who are not party men, but who vote upon their independent convictions formed upon a view of the whole situation when the time comes for action.

Ex-Senator McDonald of Indiana is named perhaps more frequently than any other man as the probable candidate of the democratic party. The discussion as to his availability which has been going on for a considerable time in the party journals, discovers the difficulty which the democratic managers experience in fixing upon a man supposed to possess the necessary elements of strength. McDonald undoubtedly would get his party vote everywhere. But would he draw to his support any considerable body of the independent or unattached voters? This is the hard question, the crucial test, as to any candidate. The Louisville *Courier-Journal* speaks with great enthusiasm for McDonald. It says: "His opinions are straight as a shingle; his discretion can be relied upon; he unites within himself qualities which are at this moment needed by the democratic party and the public service; he is an issue in himself and a man, every inch of him." This is high praise. But the New York *Sun*, another great democratic paper, raises a warning voice against this enthusiasm for McDonald. Hear it: "We say, frankly, that McDonald cannot carry the state of New York. Neither can he carry Connecticut; and with him as the candidate New Jersey would be doubtful." And without these states the democratic party has no hope of success.

McDonald is a representative of the free trade or anti-protection wing of his party; but the New York *World* devotes a broad sheet to an attempt to prove that the democratic party has always favored a protective tariff. It claims that its review shows that "the tariff never was a party issue;" that "the democrats were always, as a body, in favor of duties upon imports to provide revenue for the support of the general government, with such an adjustment of these duties as to encourage the development of the industrial interests of the whole country;" that "there was never any free trade element worthy of consideration in the democratic party and not nearly so much as there now is in the republican party;" that "the democracy is now as it always has been, in favor of protecting home labor and home industries as far as the support of government by duties on imports will permit, and it is not now and never has been in favor of frequent tariff changes and the disturbance of business interests;" that "the great leaders of the democratic party to-day are the advocates of imposition of duties on imports so arranged as to afford protection to all industries and labor in the United States."

Perhaps these remarks may be interesting to those democrats of the northwest who think THE OREGONIAN ought now to act with the democratic party because that party favors tariff for revenue only and opposes the protective system.

CANVASSING THE SOUTH.

The Charleston (S. C.) *News* gives assurance that any republican whose character and talent will command an audience in the north and west will find an audience and be heard with respect anywhere in the south. At the same time it takes occasion to say that the republican canvassers who shall make a canvassing tour in the south are not to be envied that they will find that the local leaders of their party are usually persons of small brain and less character, and that the republican voters as a body are the poorest and most ignorant people that can be found in the south.

Senator Hawley, the chairman of the republican congressional committee, has said that a thorough canvass of the southern states is to be made, with special reference to work in close congressional districts. In the present attitude of the southern people, great good might be accomplished if such republicans as those whose "talents and character will command an audience in the north and west"—men like Mr. Edmunds or Mr. Evarts—would submit to them the claims of the republican organization. The cause has suffered there because of the "small brain and less character" of many of its representatives. The alliance with Mahone and Chalmers and other unfortunate treaties made by a wing of the republicans, have given a wrong impression of the prevailing sentiment in the organization, and it is time the south became acquainted with a more desirable type of republicanism.

A bill has been introduced into the Ohio legislature to amend the laws of the state regulating the construction and operation of railroads, so as to make them applicable to oil pipe lines. The purpose of the amendment is to give the refining companies of Cleveland—ten in number—which are independent of the Standard and its adjuncts, a chance to compete more successfully with that monopoly. These independent companies claim that with a pipe line connection with the oil fields they can refine 2,000,000 barrels per annum at least, and with cost of switching and transfer by rail cut off can give consumers the benefit and create a competition that will help to break the clutch of the Standard monopoly on the oil traffic of the country. An attempt was made in 1872 to secure such a change in the laws, but the Standard controlled the legislature, and from that time has prevented any legislation to interfere with its monopoly. If this attempt also fails it will prove beyond a doubt that the charge made in connection with the election of Senator Payne, that the Standard owns a majority of this legislature, was well founded.

The Charleston *News and Courier* has published an elaborate report concerning the agricultural, manufacturing and mining industries of South Carolina, from which it appears that substantial progress has been lately made. The value of the products of the state during 1883 is $23,000,000 in excess of their value in 1860. The *News and Courier* ascribes the improvement solely to native white labor, and alleges that but little immigration has taken place and that the negro element is inefficient and unprogressive.

The steam colliers are having hard luck. The Tacoma, the Mississippi, and now the Umatilla, all gone. How many more are to be lost before masters learn that a little care is necessary, and particularly that it would be prudent to keep a few miles off the coast? It would seem that this would be simple enough, in view of the fact that there is an expanse of seven to ten thousand miles of sea water on that side of them.

TELEGRAPH COMPETITION.

Mr. Robert Garrett, president of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad and telegraph companies, has recently made some interesting remarks "about telegraph properties in this country," which are so specific and authoritative that they have attracted wide attention, although they do not differ much from general statements previously made. The object of his remarks is to show that "if the public attach much importance to Jay Gould's opinions on these matters they may be financially left." Mr. Garrett was one of the directors of the American Union, and was asked by Mr. Gould to become a director in the Atlantic and Pacific. Before deciding not to become a director in the latter company he says he "went carefully over the books of that concern, and it will probably surprise the public to know that the total amount of cash put into the Atlantic and Pacific by Gould and his friends was less than a million dollars. Mr. Gould afterward sold that property to the Western Union for nine million dollars." It is to be presumed that he made as careful an examination into the actual value of the American Union, the cost of which he puts at four millions, and says that Mr. Gould turned it over to the Western Union for fifteen millions. On the strength of these two acquisitions an extra dividend of fifteen millions of Western Union stock was declared. "In other words, about $40,000,000 of Western Union capital to-day is represented by a cash expenditure of $5,000,000." Since that time, as Mr. Garrett believes, the Western Union has guaranteed, besides the stock of the Mutual Union, some ten million dollars of the bonds of that company, and he has "never heard it asserted that the face of those bonds went into the property." It has also guaranteed 5 per cent. on $14,000,000 of cable stock—a sum double its real value—"thus throwing on the Western Union the burden of paying the interest on seven or eight millions of unexpended money."

This notorious consolidation was made early in 1881. In order to pay a big dividend on this watered stock, the Western Union has persistently opposed competition, and exacted from the people high rates for telegraphic service. When Mr. Gould first started the Atlantic and Pacific and American Union companies he announced through his agents and others that he intended to give the public the benefit of cheap telegraphy, but when he consolidated the American Union with the Western Union, Mr. Garrett says, "he wrote to me saying it would be unwise to educate the people to too cheap telegraphy." And these statements all show what the people have generally believed—that cheap telegraphy would be entirely practicable if the telegraph business were not largely controlled by a grasping monopoly, and if the public were not taxed to pay dividends on stock which, Mr. Garrett says, "is weak as water can make it." A strong competition steadily maintained would inevitably result in a more efficient service at lower rates; and it is gratifying to learn from Mr. Garrett's positive statement that the Baltimore and Ohio Company has gone earnestly and determinedly to work to build up a telegraph system which shall divide with the Western Union the whole patronage of the country. This company is immensely strong. It has never watered its stock, and its books show a surplus of forty-four millions on fifteen millions of stock. The company intends to push the development of its telegraph system as rapidly as possible to an active competition with the Western Union at every important point where commercial business is done—from Boston to Bismarck, and from Winnipeg to New Orleans. Wires, poles, crossarms and other material have been contracted for, and twelve more wires are to be strung at once between New York and Chicago. The new lines, like the old ones, are to be built for cash. New and perfect cables are to be connected with the Garrett system, which will represent a capital of only $5,500,000. The present Atlantic ocean cables have a capitalization of $80,000,000, representing perhaps $20,000,000 of actual investment. "When Mr. Gould was associated with us in the American Union," says Mr. Garrett, "he used to argue that the stock of the Western Union—then only $41,000,000—was so enormously over capitalized that the opposition could earn dividends at rates that would not pay the Western Union. Now the stock of the Western Union has been watered up to $80,000,000, plus its cable guaranties, Mutual Union guarantees, and other similar obligations," and Mr. Garrett thinks the argument that was good for the success of the American Union is good for that of the Baltimore and Ohio.

Mr. Edward Atkinson, a noted statistical writer of Boston, points out a new danger in the coinage of the 85 cent silver dollars, as follows: The crop of wheat in India for English consumption is five times as large now as it was a few years ago, and is constantly increasing. If it continues to increase Great Britain will soon get the greater part of its surplus wheat from India, and consequently will want little or none from the United States. This being the case it is quite probable that the balance of trade may be against us and coin will have to be shipped to make up the deficit. England, France and Germany have no use for our 85 cent dollars except to purchase them at their intrinsic value. This they will not do because they will prefer our gold, which is the money of commerce. Consequently, our gold will be drawn away to pay the balance, and if it is of any considerable extent it will create a scarcity of that metal and it will command a premium compared with the clipped silver dollar. As soon as this is the case, silver will become the legal tender of the United States and gold will become merchandise. The legal money of the country will be reduced to the volume of silver—the labor of the country will be paid in a dollar which has lost 10 or 15 per cent. of its purchasing power, while all articles of prime necessity, the prices of which are regulated in gold by the gold dealing nations, will be 10 or 15 per cent higher than they would if paid in gold. And yet there are men in congress who claim that the piling up of these dollars is in the interest of the labor of the country.

The following statement exhibits the comparative debt and expenses of the city of New York in 1850 and 1880; In 1850 the valuation of property was $286,161,816; the population, 515,000; expenses of government, $3,230,085; city debt, $12,264,175; expenses of government per capita, $6 27; rate of taxation, $1.6375; debt per capita, $23 69. In 1880 the valuation of property was $1,098,387,775; the population, 1,200,000; expenses of government, $33,254,779; the city debt, $135,100,907; expenses of government per capita, $27 37; rate of taxation, $2 58; debt per capita, $112 58. The property of the city exhibited an increase of 100 per cent., and the expenses of government an increase of 340 per cent., and it needs but a brief calculation to estimate how long solvency will be possible at that rate. In brief, it may be said that the per capita cost of the government of the city of New York is more than ten times that of the United States, and it is estimated by the committee on political reform that $160,000,000 have been stolen and wasted from the municipal revenue in the last twenty years. It is unnecessary to say what party controls the city of New York. "Turn the rascals out."

Many of the leading merchants and bankers of New York are reported to be of the opinion that the prospects of business are now better than they have been for a long time. While it is not thought that the coming year will be one in which new or old enterprises will enjoy great prosperity, or that vast fortunes will be made, there are indications that it will prove a good average year, in which the improvement will be for the many rather than for the few; that the farmer, the mechanic, the small shop keeper and the common laborer will be helped more than the big operator and the millionaire, which is the true prosperity of a democratic republic.

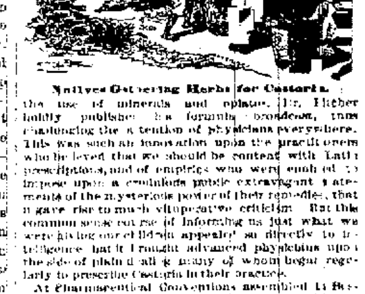
NEW TO-DAY.

HOW TO MAKE MONEY.

Intelligence and integrity are the first elements of success; but these alone will not push a young man to the front. To stimulate energy and intensify application, a well defined purpose is necessary. It was by waiting for something to turn up that Cyrus McCormick conceived his ideas into grain-reapers, and from being a poor boy became the possessor of ten million dollars, or by following a beaten track that Samuel Fletcher has amassed wealth out of a medical prescription, not hidden in the California sierras, but [illegible] By the utilization of labor saving machinery we produce more, and each individual is enabled to exchange more of other's labor than was possible with our fathers. In 1856 Sam'l Fletcher's [illegible] for forty dollars a piece, at which price but few families could afford a clock; now his firm furnish a superior metal clock for two dollars, and from the increased number sold [illegible] profit is realized. Sewing machines so much lessened the cost that the proprietors [illegible] have been enabled to pay [illegible] They abandoned breech-loading gun, but with it he decided the battles of Solferino, Sedan, and Gettysburg, and finally, clothed in velvet robes he stood with diamond buttons, he stood before Kings. Samuel Pitcher's simple prescription, now so familiar to the world under the name of Castoria, was only the result of a conscientious purpose, and being what it purported to be, has been adopted by a majority of intelligent mothers throughout the world, and turned a golden stream into worthy hands.

The starting point of Dr. Pitcher's success was accident, the fruition sagacity. During the epidemic of cholera infantum which prevailed with such fatality in the eastern states in 1856, Samuel Pitcher came into prominence as "The Children's Doctor." His success in saving the lives of children, and in treating their numerous complaints, induced him to formulate a receipt for general use, which soon was sent for from distant places. Then the keen Doctor saw his opportunity. Putting aside his saddle-bags, he compounded Castoria with great care; it soon did a large business. His kettles gave way to cauldrons, and a new and the cauldrons were supplanted by the immense works now to be seen in the Laboratory opposite St. Paul's churchyard in the city of New York.

Doctor Pitcher intelligently combined his own interests with those of his patrons in making a pure, harmless and superior preparation. Under no circumstances would he permit unripe, decayed or inferior ingredients to be used in Castoria. Finding it difficult to obtain the quantity of material rendered necessary by the increased demand, an agent was sent through parts of Asia and Africa to select, gather and teach the natives how to cure [illegible]. Being opposed to secret remedies, and particularly to



Natives Gathering Herbs for Castoria.

the use of minerals and opiates, Dr. Pitcher boldly publishes his formula broadcast, thus challenging the attention of physicians everywhere. This was such an innovation upon the practitioners who believed that we should be content with Latin prescriptions, and of empirics who were enabled to impose upon a credulous public extravagant statements of the mysterious power of their remedies, that it gave rise to much vituperative criticism. But this common sense course of informing us just what we were giving our children appealed so directly to intelligence that it brought advanced physicians upon the side of plain dealing, many of whom began regularly to prescribe Castoria in their practice.

At Pharmaceutical Conventions assembled in Boston, New York, London and elsewhere Dr. Pitcher caused his preparation to be analyzed and its therapeutic properties to be discussed. Thus were his methods endorsed, and the reports published in medical journals. Each of these things added to the rapidly increasing multitude of consumers, until at the present time, when the second generation of mothers are using Castoria and showing their confidence in it, the aggregate of its sale is almost incredible. "The sale last year," said the manager, "were about three million bottles." These would, if placed end to end, cover the track from New York to Washington. By comparison with children made feeble, nervous and irritable by the use of paregoric, laudanum, soothing potions, panaceas and other dangerous morphine preparations, intelligent physicians have come to talk and write about Castoria, with the wholesome effect of extending a knowledge of it throughout the world. By these simple methods of professional skill, honorable dealing and mercantile enterprise, has this Massachusetts doctor won his gratifying success.

For School Clerk.

I HEREBY ANNOUNCE MYSELF A CANDIDATE for School Clerk of District No. 1, at the coming school election, and respectfully ask my friends and voters of the district for their support. T. T. STRUBLE.

Ship Your Freight for the

CŒUR D'ALENE MINES

IN CARE OF

TAYLOR, SHARKEY & CO.,

Forwarding, Commission and Storage Merchants,

Spokane Falls, W. T.

The Only Route Now Open for Freighting into the Mines

All freight consigned will receive prompt attention, and be forwarded to its destination with the quickest possible dispatch. 12f

REMEMBER THE REGULAR AUCTION SALES at the Dexter Stables, Third and Ash, of horses, buggies, etc., on Tuesdays and Saturdays, commencing Feb. 12. 9feb2w

Hines the Printer, 5 and 7 Washington st., Portland. LEGAL BLANKS.

FOR SALE—THE NEW STEAM SAW MILL known as the "Eagle Mills," situated 2½ miles from Forest Grove, is for sale at a bargain. For particulars apply to J. HONEYMAN & CO. Portland. 2fm4w

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT—NEW HOUSE and furniture, consisting of parlor, dining room, kitchen and four bed rooms, bath room, hot and cold water, stationary wash stands, gas, etc., kitchen complete; also two rooms, which owner and wife will retain for board and rent of house and furniture; no children, and will be let only to man and wife. One child not objectionable. The two above bed rooms now rented, paying good price, and parties will remain if desirable. Give full name and address "HOUSE," this office.

WASS' HAIR STORE

And BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS removed to 89 Yamhill st., one door from Fourth st. 10fe

DIVIDEND NO. 101

THE HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY will pay its regular monthly dividend of one dollar ($1) per share upon its capital stock on Feb. 11, 1884. The Oregon stockholders will receive their dividends at the office of this company, southeast corner of First and Stark streets, Portland, Or.

J. A. BRUMSEY,
10f3 Acting Manager Oregon Branch.

TACOMA.

Ferry's Addition to Tacoma is the only centrally located addition on the market. The land lies handsomely, commanding splendid view. Lots for sale at reasonable figures and easy terms. For particulars apply to

C. P. FERRY, 27 Stark st. 11f4

INSURANCE AGENCY

OF

GEO. L. STORY

REMOVED to No. 7, north side Stark street, between First and Front sts.

AGENCY OF

PHŒNIX, OF LONDON. 20f*

BOARD OF TRADE.

THE REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING OF THE Board of Trade will be held at its rooms in New Market block on Monday evening, the 11th inst., at 7:30 o'clock. F. K. ARNOLD, Secretary.

HOLTON HOUSE RESTAURANT,

Alder st., bet. Fourth.

ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.

Dinner at noon.

7f **SOL, Manager.**

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,

205 and 207 FIRST ST.,

BET. TAYLOR AND SALMON, PORTLAND, OR.

Most Popular Dollar-a-Day House

IN THE CITY.

Single Meals 25c. **Lodging 25c.**

25jt BELISIS & CAKEN, Prop'rs.

PORTLAND BUSINESS COLLEGE,

N. E. COR. SECOND AND YAMHILL STS.,

Portland, Oregon.

Students

Admitted at any time.

Circulars giving information of course of study, free. Address A. P. ARMSTRONG, Lock Box 104.

New York Jewelry Mf'g. Co.,

Importers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Jewelry, Watches, Diamonds

AND NOVELTIES,

No. 107 First st., Portland, Or. 2ft

MEETING NOTICES.

Attention! Co. B, Emmet Guard.—You are requested to attend a special meeting, to be held this evening at your armory, at 7:30, sharp. By order of M. QUINN, Orderly Serg't. JOHN O'HARE, Capt.

KNIGHTS TEMPLAR.

Oregon Commandery, No. 1.

There will be a stated meeting of Oregon Commandery No. 1, Knights Templar, at their asylum, Masonic Temple, this Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Work Red Cross degree.

☞ *Advertisements such as "Wants," "Help Wanted," "To Let," "For Sale," etc., will be taken for ten cents per line first insertion, five cents per line thereafter. No insertion for less than 25 cents and cash must be paid at the counter.*

Notices of Marriages and Births fifty cents each. Resolutions of Condolence ten cents per line. All transient advertising payable in advance.

NEW TO-DAY.

NICE FRONT ROOM FOR RENT, FURNISHED or unfurnished; 154 Salmon st. cor. Park. 7f3

ASSAY OFFICE AND LABORATORY—M. S. WAHRHAFTIG & CO., No. 83 First street. 12f

TO LET—PART OF A FURNISHED HOUSE; central location. Address "E. H.," Oregonian office.

TO LET FURNISHED ROOMS—CENTRAL location and use of bath; 167 Third street, between Washington and Stark. 12f3

NICELY FURNISHED SINGLE AND DOUBLE rooms, central location, convenient to business; 99 Salmon street, between First and Fifth. 12f3

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED rooms. Call at room 43 S. E. corner Fourth and Morrison, 2nd floor. 12f1w

5 WATER FRONT LOTS IN COLUMBIA CITY, near sawmill, for sale cheap for cash or negotiable paper. Address "F. S. H.," Oregonian office. 12f2

A NICE, ELEGANTLY FURNISHED FRONT room with closet, fire and use of bath; ten blocks from postoffice; 108 East Park street. 12f3

FOUND—A SET OF FALSE TEETH (UPPER). The owner can have same by calling at Montreal saloon, 32 North First street. 1f1

GIRLS WANTING EMPLOYMENT, PLEASE call at MRS. PETERS', 211 Fourth street. Help furnished at short notice. 12f

BROWN WILL KEEP YOUR CLOCKS and flowers in order. 103 Morrison. 12f3*

A COMPETENT BOOKKEEPER AND ACCOUNTANT of twenty years' experience desires a position. Address ACCOUNTANT, this office.

WANTED—SITUATION AS HOUSEKEEPER or to do chamber work, or housework in small American family; city references. Apply at S. W. corner Eighth and College. 12f3

LOST FEBRUARY 4, 1884, A RED IRISH SETTER dog; white stripe in face and white breast; had on collar with name "M. O. Townsend." Any information left at Stark street ferry will be liberally paid for. 12f3 A. L. KNOTT.

NOTICE—FAMILY FAVORITE OF WINES, CREAM, French and Limburger Cheese received by every steamer. German Pickles, Sauer Kraut and Finger Pickles. Herrings; also choice groceries. No. 86 Morrison st., Mrs. M. BAUM. 8f1w

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOM, OR suite, with gas, bath, fire; near postoffice; private family; references exchanged. Address "H.," P. O. box 584, Portland. 12f3

A MEETING OF THE RESIDENTS OF ROAD district No. 5 will be held at Mt. Tabor schoolhouse Saturday evening, February 16, at 7 o'clock, to determine whether to improve the base line road from Mt. Tabor to East Portland by planking or graveling, and to raise a tax for the purpose. 12f

NOTICE TO WATER CONSUMERS.

IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE CONTINUAL USELESS running of water from the service pipes to keep them from freezing, we find it necessary to shut off the supply from 9 o'clock P. M. to 5 o'clock A. M. to protect the city in case of fire. 12f PORTLAND WATER CO.

PERSONAL.

ANTON WOLF—PLEASE SEND YOUR ADdress to Cornelius K. STEVENS, Recorder Industry Lodge No. 8, A. O. U. W. 12f1

NEW TACOMA LOTS.

VOIGT'S FIRST ADDITION.

Size 50x100. **Prices $30 to $40**

Special attention is called to these EXTREMELY LOW PRICES! Contemplated railroad movements certain to enhance values of this property.

LEARY & SOLIS,

Real Estate and Stock Brokers,

9f3 **First and Ash streets.**

REMEMBER

The Auction Sale at the White House every afternoon from 2 until 4. Private sale before and after the auction.

LEWIS & STRAUSS.

AUCTION THIS MORNING.

The Great Trade Sale

OF

DRY & FURNISHING GOODS,

AT REED'S BLOCK, CORNER FIRST AND PINE.

WILL BE

CONTINUED TO-DAY

From 11 to 3 o'clock.

12f3t **T. J. O'CONNOR, Auctioneer.**

REMOVAL

Our New Scheme.

With the consent of the Executors of the late

J. KOHN,

I will sell this week the remaining stock of

Overcoats

For Men and Boys on this plan: The will of the late J. Kohn states that his personal property must be converted immediately into CASH, and as there is now on hand about 400 OVERCOATS, and it being late in the season for them, I will sell them for the following five days only:

- **TUESDAY.........Feb. 12th**
- **WEDNESDAY......Feb. 13th**
- **THURSDAY.......Feb. 14th**
- **FRIDAY.........Feb. 15th**
- **SATURDAY.......Feb. 16th**

At the great sacrifice of NINETY CENTS ON THE DOLLAR, MANUFACTURERS' COST, which will be a discount of 30 per cent. from our regular retail prices.

This is done to close the Overcoats entirely in the next five days.

MERCHANTS

Wishing bargains can avail themselves of this opportunity, as we have always bought for cash, we will give the people of Oregon prices that will make these Overcoats go like wild-fire.

Just think! an Overcoat which retailed at say $20, less 30 per ct., making its price now $14!!

This is a bona fide cash sale, and I hope the public will take advantage of it. Yours, respectfully,

ARTHUR KOHN,

Manager.

Sale at the old stand of

KOHN AND BAXTER

Cor. First & Morrison Sts.

WANTS.

WANTED—2 OR 3 UNFURNISHED ROOMS. State price and locality. Address "D.," care Oregonian office. 6f3

$700—PARTNER WANTED IN A PAYING business; a monopoly, pays $150 to $200 a month to each partner. WELLS & CO. 8f3

WANTED, $250—ON PROPERTY VALUED AT $850, a low estimate, in Albina. Address "ALbina," this office. 2f3

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A MAN AND WIFE; MAN TO take care of fruit and garden; wife to do housework of small family. To right parties a good home and good terms will be given. Inquire at office of clerk of U. S. court, postoffice building. 11f

WANTED—MEN AND WOMEN TO START A new business at their homes; easily learned in an hour; no peddling; 10 to 50 cents an hour made day time or evening. Send 10 cents for 20 samples to commence work on. Address H. G. FAY, Rutland, Vt.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER—MUST BE WELL acquainted in the city, neat and rapid writer, with some general experience; give references and expected salary that would be satisfactory for first year. Address by letter, "Assistant," Y. M. C. A. 7f3

WANTED—GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEwork. Apply at 131 B street, corner Seventh. 9f3

GIRLS WISHING EMPLOYMENT, PLEASE call at Mrs. L. S. HARRIS' 201 Madison House and Employment Agency, Fifth st., bet. Oak and Ash.

CHINESE HOUSE SERVANTS AGENCY, 175 Alder st., Andrew Kan, 45 Washington st. 1f

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS BOOKKEEPER or copyist; reference given. Address "W.," this office. 10f3

A YOUNG MAN AGED 25 DESIRES A POSITION with a good house where there is a chance for advancement; is a good bookkeeper and penman; can give A 1 references. Address LYLE N. NAUMACK, postoffice, city. 7f3

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT BY A FIRST-CLASS ACcountant; wishes a position as bookkeeper in a responsible house; best references. Address J. R. S., box 216, Albany, Or. 8f3

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT and experienced lady as copyist or as a light clerk. Address "H. L.," this office. 11f3

WANTED—SITUATION BY AN EXPERIENCED ladies' nurse. Apply at Rossin House, East Portland. 9f12

A HOTEL MAN OF EXPERIENCE DESIRES to lease or manage (rent of) a good hotel somewhere in Oregon or W. T., or would lease a hotel in some lively city; A 1 references and experience. Address "A. B.," care of this paper. 7f3

WANTED—A SET OF BOOKS TO KEEP AFTER wholesale hours; references given. Address "T.," care this office. 9f

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED—TO TRAVEL. WAGES from $4 to $20 per day; no experience required. Call at 88½ Morrison st., from 11 A. M. to 4 P. M.

AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY TOWN AND county in the coast, to sell three new books, just published, and other good-paying and fast-selling subscription books. For circulars and terms address A. ROMAN, 30 Sutter st., San Francisco, Cal. 30f3

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—ACTIVE, WIDE-awake, smart men and women to canvass for our rapid-selling books, etc. Call on, or address for more A. L. BANCROFT & CO., San Francisco, Cal. 26f3

AGENTS WANTED—LADIES AND GENTS, TO sell magnetic electric shields; $4 to $8 per day profits; electric insoles, etc. Sold for $1; many suitable for women; no electricity. Write or come and see us. ELECTRIC BELT CO., 185 Third st., Portland, Or.; P. O. box 384. 4f

AMERICAN HOME AND FARM CYCLOPEDIA. Must used and best selling book extant. Agents wanted at once. Address J. K. GILL & CO., Portland.

PLATO'S AGENCY, 68TH BLOCK,

Corner First and Washington—P. O. Box 660.

$550—COTTAGE, 7 ROOMS, FINE FURNIture, bargain. PLATO'S AGENCY.

$250—COFFEE AND OYSTER HOUSE, worth $700. PLATO'S AGENCY.

$135—POPULAR CASH GROCERY; ONE horse and wagon. PLATO'S AGENCY.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MARKET THEATER.

AL SMITH, Manager.

FRIDAY EVENING, FEB. 15th.

RETURN OF THE FAVORITE,

JOHN L. SULLIVAN,

HERBERT A. SLADE

ATHLETIC COMBINATION!

STEVE TAYLOR, PETE McCOY,

MIKE GILLESPIE, CHAS. MORAN

And LOCAL BOXERS will appear for the last time.

LOOK OUT FOR THE KNOCK-OUT!

Popular Prices! Dress Circle $1; Parquette 75 cts. No extra charge for reserved seats, on sale at Cornell's drug store. 12f

NEW MARKET THEATER.

F. W. STECHHAN, Manager.

MONDAY EVENING, FEB. 11th,

ENTIRE CHANGE OF BILL OF

H. C. WYATT'S

Courtright & Hawkins Minstrels!

AND MR. WILLIAM MULDOON.

EVERY SONG NEW! JOKE NEW! ACT NEW!

INCLUDING

COURTRIGHT'S MONGOLIAN MONSTERS.

And Billy Gaylor's Greatest Afterpiece,

CAT'S BAD BOYS.

Reserved Seats at Cornell's drug store.

Grand Extra Matinee Wednesday, Feb. 13th

THE THIRD LECTURE

IN THE

SOCIAL SCIENCE COURSE

Of 1884 will be given

At the Unitarian Church, Wednesday Even'g, February 13th, by

MRS. S. B. COOPER,

Of San Francisco.

The Kindergarten as a Character Builder.

Lecture Preceded by Music. Admission 25c. Course tickets for remaining Lectures 75c. 10f3

JOHN CRAN & CO.

Novelties in Black Plaids. Rich Colorings, Black and White Checks, Printed Sicilienne Cotton Goods, Very handsome, Received To-day From PARIS.

E. W. LOCK. D. B. BUCHANAN.

LOCK & BUCHANAN,

151 THIRD ST.,

BETWEEN ALDER AND MORRISON,

Importers and Dealers in

BUILDERS and SHELF HARDWARE

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA.

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette.

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold in tins only (½ lb and lb) by Grocers, labeled thus:

JAMES EPPS & CO., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England

Depot in San Francisco, Richards & Harrison. 18c

PIONEER CANDY FACTORY,

Established 1862.

ED. BERNHEIM & CO.,

Manufacturing Confectioners,

Dealers in Candies, Nuts and Confectioners' Supplies.

84 First st., Portland, Or. P. O. Box 188.

FEED! We have been appointed agents for the sale of Feed for the

SALEM FLOURING MILLS CO.,

OREGON CITY FLOURING MILLS CO.,

PORTLAND FLOURING MILLS CO.,

In quantity to Dealers a specialty.

EVERDING & FARRELL, Portland, Or.

TO LET—ROOMS.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH GAS, fire, use of bath if for gentlemen, at 88 Salmon st., second door from Taylor. 20f

TO LET—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH use of bath and other conveniences; gentlemen preferred. Apply at 200 Yamhill st. 12f

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED ROOMS—En suite, single, or for house-keeping; hot and cold water bath, etc.; reasonable rent; fire-proof building, 21 Columbia street. St. George hotel. 5f

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, IN suite or single. Apply to Portland Lodging House, No. 25 N. First st. 23f1m

THE PORTLAND LODGING HOUSE, NEW 3 STORY building, North First st., bet. B and C; front rooms, hot and cold water; [illegible] by the week or month. Night bell; [illegible]

FURNISHED BAY WINDOW SUITE, WITH fire, street cars convenient. 168 Fourth st. 12f

PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT; bath, gas, etc.; convenient to street cars. Inquire at 71 Morrison, cor. Park st.

ROOMS FOR RENT—IN SUITES, SINGLE, OR for housekeeping; hot and cold water, gas, bath; prices reasonable. Inquire at No. 37 [illegible] 2f1m

FOR RENT—A WELL IMPROVED FARM OF [illegible] acres, [illegible] to rent to a responsible party. Inquire at N. [illegible] Seventh street. 6f4

THREE DESIRABLE ROOMS, NICELY FURnished, use of bath, fire and light; terms $[illegible] and $20; centrally located. Inquire S. Seventh street, corner Oak. 9f

THREE UNFURNISHED ROOMS—APPLY AT 125 First street, near Salmon. 12f

NICELY FURNISHED FRONT ROOMS, SINgle or en suite; private family. 29 Sixth st., near Salmon. 12f

ROOMS TO LET—FAMILY FURNISHED with stove and all modern improvements; central location; corner N. E. corner of Third and G. 12f

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS, N. E. corner First and Main. Apply at room 3, between 8 and 5 P. M. 8f

TO LET—HOUSES AND STORES.

NEW HOUSE TO RENT AND NEW HOUSE for sale. O'Hall street, 2 squares from the [illegible]

FOR RENT—A HOUSE, FIFTH ST., COLLEGE with all modern improvements. Apply to A. BLOOM, 168 Morrison street or Eighth.

FOR RENT OR LEASE—50x100 FEET FRONTage on N. Front street. J. FREE (CLARK & Co.), or F. HUNTINGTON, 2 Washington st. 10f

HOUSE TO LET AND FURNITURE FOR SALE at a bargain. 72 Mill st. 5f1m

FOR RENT—LODGING HOUSE OF 20 ROOMS, furnished, for sale, in best business part of city. Inquire of Williamette Savings Bank. 16f1m

ROOMS AND BOARD.

FOR TWO GENTLEMEN—LARGE COMFORTable room with board in respectable private family; one block east of postoffice. Address "B.," Oregonian office.

FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH FIRST-CLASS board at 51 Fourth street, corner [illegible]

ASTROLOGY.

FORTUNE TELLER—REMOVED FROM 25 B TO 267 4th, bet. Taylor and Salmon. 11f

MADAM BOZARTH, FORTUNE TELLER, rooms 11 and 12 Arlington House.

SCIENTIFIC ASTROLOGY.

PROF. CHANEY, 266 FIRST ST. REQUIRES hour of birth when person is not present; satisfaction given, or money refunded. 10fe

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION—THE PARTNERship heretofore existing between Wm. Gardner, J. J. Owens & F. Wiegand, under the firm name of Wm. Gardner & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. F. Wiegand withdraws, and the business of plumbing, gas and steam fitting will hereafter be carried on as heretofore at the corner of Third and Alder streets, Portland, by Wm. Gardner and J. J. Owens, who will pay all demands and collect all accounts due the firm. Portland, Or., February 6, 1884. 8f

TO LOAN.

TO LOAN—$5,000, IN SUMS OF $100 OR LESS. Apply to S. S. MOW, 82½ First st. 11f

COMICAL VALENTINES SENTIMENTAL

W. B. AYER & CO.,

92 First St., Portland, Or.

CARD.

I HAVE THIS DAY SOLD TO MESSRS. BLAKE, Robbins, McFall & Co., my business heretofore carried on under the name of the Clackamas Paper Company, at 102 Front st., Portland, and would ask from the trade for them the same liberal patronage they have bestowed on me. The new firm will have the agency of the Clackamas Paper Mill. In order to close up the business, prompt payment of bills due the Clackamas Paper Company is requested. H. L. PITTOCK.

January 1, 1884.

Having this day purchased the stock of the Clackamas Paper Co., at 102 Front, and doubled it by large shipments from Eastern mills, made especially for us, we are now prepared to furnish the trade with all goods in our line at as low prices as can be had in the San Francisco market. Having a resident buyer in New York to place our orders with the mills direct, we save jobbers' commission and can give the trade the benefit. We are agents for Byron Weston's celebrated ledger papers, Crane Bros. & Crane & Co. linen and bond paper, Whiting & Co.'s papers, with other leading manufacturers; also for Blake, Robbins & Co. patent machine-made paper bags, and Clackamas Mills manilla wrapping and straw paper. We also keep in stock a full line of book and news, envelopes and all goods usually required by the trade, and solicit from the trade a share of their patronage, for which it will be our aim to give satisfaction.

BLAKE, ROBBINS, McFALL & CO.,
102 Front street, Portland.

January 1, 1884.

BLAKE, ROBBINS, McFALL & CO

SUCCESSORS TO

CLACKAMAS PAPER CO.,

Importers and Dealers

IN

PAPER OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

News, Book, Flats and Ledger Papers, Letter Heads, Bill Heads and Statement Envelopes, Cards, and Card Board, Straw and Binders' Board, Etc., Etc., Etc., together with a Full Line of

Cotton & Hemp Bag and Salmon net Twines.

Agents for Whiting & Co., Buckley, Dunton & Co., Weston's Ledger Paper, Fall Mountain Paper Co., Crane's Linen Papers, Dennison's Tags, Blake, Robbins & Co.'s Patent Machine-made Paper Bags, Clackamas Mills Manilla and Straw wrapping, Shattuck & Fletcher's Inks and Roller Composition.

102 **102 First street, Portland, Or.**

A LECTURE!

Under the auspices of the

FENIAN BROTHERHOOD

OF AMERICA!

—BY—

THOMAS R. BRENNAN, M. P.

AT MECHANICS' PAVILION,

WEDNESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 13TH.

Tickets.......................................$1 00

FURNITURE and BEDDING

SOFA BEDS, BED LOUNGES, SINGLE LOUNGES, PARLOR SUITS, EXTENSION TABLES, ETC.,

At the Very Lowest Prices, Wholesale and Retail.

EUGENE HOLY,

No. 251 First St.,

Between Main and Madison Sts.

CALCUTTA GRAIN BAGS,

STANDARD 22x36,

On Spot and Future Delivery,

FOR SALE BY

BALFOUR, GUTHRIE & CO.,

Corner First and A Sts. 8nd

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—THE AMERICAN WHARF AND warehouse, situated at the foot of Madison and Jefferson sts.; the property has a river frontage of 200 feet and the storage accommodation is extensive; the vacant ground behind the warehouse [illegible] feet can be had on reasonable terms. Offers will be received until February 16 by HUGH ROGERS, corner Second and Ash. 4f10

$3000 WILL BUY RESIDENCE OF SEVEN rooms; full lot, best in the city for the amount, or will trade for suburban property. J. V. AKENS, 23 First st. 5f1

FOR SALE—DRUG STORE AND PRACTICE A good opportunity for a physician in a fine location to secure a practice. For address and terms apply at the Oregonian office. 2f

$575 FURNITURE OF SALE AND HOUSE, containing six large rooms; rent $[illegible]. Inquire at N. [illegible] Stark and B. 2f

FOR SALE—IN SECOND HAND CONDITION. [illegible] boiler, fire box, [illegible] steam pump, [illegible] hoisting engine. Inquire at TRENKMANN & WOLFF'S, First and Ash. 4f

FOR SALE—A GENERAL MERCHANDISE business in a thriving town. Address "A. B.," this office. 1f1m

FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS MILLINERY store doing a good business; been established nearly three years. Reasons for selling, present owner wishes to retire; only one other millinery store in town; stock with fixtures can be reduced. MRS. S. J. DEAL, Dayton, W. T.

A QUICK WOOD CONTRACT—BIDS SEALED bids will be received until Friday, Feb. 1, 1884, for cutting and banking 600 cords of firewood, fir wood, in La Camas, W. T. Security will be required for the completion of the contract on or before the 1st day of July, 1884. Terms and time of payment made known on application. Bids to be deposited in my office at La Camas, W. T. The right to reject any and all bids reserved. An agent will be on the ground every day to show the timber. D. H. STEARNS, Agent La Camas Colony. 21f

CLOSING OUT AT COST—BEING ABOUT TO retire from business, I offer to the public, for 30 days, at first cost, my entire stock of breech and muzzle-loading shot guns and rifles, also pistols, fishing tackle and cutlery; stock on hand, and everything in a first-class sporting emporium. Call at 48 Second st., Starrock block, and get a bargain. F. N. AYERS, gunsmith. 10f1m

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF 600 ACRES, 125 OF which is under cultivation; situated in Yamhill county, on the Yamhill river; good improvements; will be sold cheap. Apply at cor. Sixth and Lincoln. DIEDE SHNEIDER. 7f1

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC IS INvited to a new anesthetic for the painless extraction of teeth, which will soon be ready for use in Portland. It is called "vital zed air," and is safe, pure and pleasanter to take than laughing gas, which has heretofore been considered the safest of all known anesthetics. 20f2

MR. AND MRS. S. C. ROSS, PROFESSIONAL Nurses; services faithfully performed. Wood street, Albina. 9f12

FOR SCHOOL CLERK—THE UNDERSIGNED announces himself as a candidate for the office of school Clerk of District No. 1. WM. CHURCHILL.

NOTICE TO THE TAXPAYERS OF THE CITY of East Portland—Notice is hereby given that the Assessment Roll of the City of East Portland for the year 1884 is in my hands for collection. All taxes unpaid thirty days from this date will be returned delinquent, unless otherwise ordered by the Common Council. Office at Logan's drug store, corner Fourth and J streets. J. L. LOGAN, City Treasurer.

East Portland, Feb. 11, 1884. 11f1m

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION—THE FIRM OF S. A. & G. Gump & Co. of this city has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. J. Halberstadt retiring from the firm. The business will hereafter be conducted by S. A. & G. Gump, who alone are authorized to sign in liquidation. S. A. & G. GUMP,
J. HALBERSTADT.

Portland, Or., February 7, 1884. 9f10

CAUTION—THIS IS TO NOTIFY ALL PERSONS that I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by the captain or crew of the steamer Enterprise. CHAS. W. SHIVELY, managing owner. Astoria, January 27, 1884. 2f1m

AMERICAN EXCHANGE HOTEL—FRONT AND Jefferson. Best-standing house in the world. New and handsome rooms; rooms $1.75 to $5 per week; meals 25 cents; lodgings 25 to 50 cents; parlor with piano. WALTER KEYES, Proprietor.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT—NOTICE IS HEREBY given that Thomas Brown, doing business as a restaurant keeper in the city of Portland, Or., carrying on what is known as "Brown's restaurant," has made a general assignment of all his property to me for the benefit of his creditors, under the act of the Legislative Assembly of the state of Oregon, approved October 18, 1878, entitled "An Act to secure creditors a just division of the estates of debtors who convey to assignees for the benefit of creditors." All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified and required to present the same to me under oath at Portland, Or., within three months from the date of this notice. J. R. DAWSON, assignee of Thomas Brown.

Dated January 23, 1884. 30f3

THE NATIONAL LIBERAL LEAGUE OF PORTland, Oregon, holds regular meetings every Sunday at Neustadt Hall at 2 o'clock in the afternoon and at 7 o'clock in the evening. Admission free. 12f1f

BUSINESS SPECIALS.

J. H. FISK, ASSAYER, NO. 7 STARK STREET, up stairs, Portland, Or.

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

C. R. GEIGER, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND HOMEOpathic Physician, Surgery and diseases of women and infants a specialty. First National bank building.

DR. PILKINGTON, OREGON EYE SURGEON and Physician. Office in Dekum's building, room [illegible] cor First and Washington streets. 29fm

DR. C. H. HAS REMOVED TO HIS NEW office, rooms 32, [illegible], [illegible] building, corner Second and Washington streets. 2f

DR. HARRY LANE HAS MOVED HIS OFFICE to the corner of First and Morrison sts., over [illegible] jewelry store. 2f

DRS. COHN & DAVIE,

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS,

Room 25, Union Block. Telephone No. 2f5.

Calls promptly attended to day or night.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

D. P. KENNEDY,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,

Room 5, Dekum's Building.

Infringement suits conducted, also trade-mark and copyright matters, and other legal business pertaining to letters patent for inventions. 8f

CHINESE FIRMS.

WAH HING & CO., NO. 22 WASHINGTON ST., Merchant Tailors. A general assortment of Chinese and Japanese goods always on hand. Call and examine our stock. 10m

CHUNG ON & CO., TAILORING AND SHIRT making at the lowest figures; also Japanese and China goods always on hand at the lowest cash prices. At No. 181 First street, between Alder and Washington.

DUCK, LUNG & CO., NO. 15 SECOND ST., boot and shoe makers, wholesale and retail; also a splendid line of Chinese and Japanese goods always on hand, at the lowest market price. 23f1m

BOO WOO & CO., NO. 24 B ST. BET. FIRST and Second sts., do all kinds of tailoring at the very cheapest rates, also all kinds of Chinese and Japanese goods always on hand. 10j

GOOD SAMARITAN HOSPITAL,

Twenty-first and L sts., Portland, Or.

Founded May 14, 1874.

RT. REV. B. WISTAR MORRIS, D. D..........Rector
GEN. J. H. EATON..........Treasurer and Secretary

Attending Physicians:

DR. C. C. STRONG—April, May, June, July.
DR. W. H. SAYLOR—August, Sept., Oct., Nov.
DR. H. C. WILSON—December, Jan., Feb., March.

Terms:

In General Wards, per week.....................from $5 to $7
Private Rooms (per week).......................from $8 to 11

Women and Children requiring medical treatment can now be admitted.

Patients admitted at any hour of the day or night.

For further information apply to the Rector or to the SISTER IN CHARGE.

N. B. New and greatly increased accommodations for the reception of Ward and Private Patients have been added. 17jd&w6w

BATTIN & GOWEN,

General Commission Merchants.

We are receiving by Every Steamer, Direct from Los Angeles, large quantities of

CALIFORNIA ORANGES.

Dealers will do well to give us a trial order for any and all kinds of **California and Oregon Produce.**

Orders from the Country will receive prompt attention.

Consignments Solicited and Liberal Advances made on same.

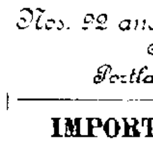
130 Front st., Portland, Or.

San Francisco Office, 318 Front st.

MATZOS! MATZOS!

THE OREGON STEAM BAKERY IS AGAIN prepared to furnish Matzos for Passover. Orders from the country are respectfully solicited.

LIEBE & HOELBING,
M. WERTHEIMER, } Superintendents.
J. K. FRIEDMAN, } 6f1m



ICE AND ROLLER SKATES,

Fresh Stock Just Received.

ORDERS FILLED PROMPTLY.

Sporting Powder.

We are Sole Agents for WARREN POWDER MILLS, Warren, Maine, and have just received a large stock by N. P. R. R., for which we solicit orders from the trade.

DAYTON, HALL & LAMBERSON

194 First st., Portland, Or.

Portland Box Factory.

G. W. BATES,

SUCCESSOR TO JOHN HARLOW & CO.,

Manufacturer and Dealer in BOXES.

Boxes of all kinds and sizes constantly on hand and made to order. All orders promptly filled.

Factory, Weidler's Saw Mill.

Office, 5 Washington St., third floor. 2sj

F. H. PAGE,

Commission Merchant,

Fruit, Feed, Produce & Provisions. STORAGE.

120 Front St., cor. Washington, Portland. Warehouse, Central Dock. 18j3

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

S. L. N. GILMAN. C. M. [illegible]

GILMAN & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 42 First st., bet. Pine and Ash.

AUCTION SALES OF REAL ESTATE, FURniture, General Merchandise, Horses, Cattle, etc. REGULAR SALE DAYS—Tuesdays and Fridays at 10 o'clock A. M.

REGULAR AUCTION SALE

OF

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

ETC. ETC. ETC.

ON TUESDAY, FEB. 12, 1884,

At 10 o'clock A. M.

At Salesroom, No. 42 First st.,

On account of departure,

WITHOUT RESERVE.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

SPECIAL AUCTION SALE

-OF-

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

We are instructed to dispose of, by auction, at the residence situated upon the southwest corner of Alder and Lownsdale streets on

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 13, at 10 O'CLOCK

The entire furniture of residence, consisting in part of: Brussels Carpets, in front and back parlors, Lace Curtains, Lambrequins and Cornices, upholstered Easy Chairs, Boston Rocker, Baskets, Walnut Easel, Walnut Desk, Lounge, Velvet Rugs, Base Burner Coal Stove, Mirror and Brackets, Walnut Sofa Table, Ebony Stands, Rugs, Lamps, etc.

ALSO

Ash Extension Table, Dining Chairs, Heating Stove, Ingrain Carpets, Bracket Lamp, Linen and Glassware, Oil Cloth, Hall Hat Stand, Brussels Stair Carpet, Hall Carpet.

ALSO

Three Fine Ash Bedroom Suits, complete; Feather Beds, Chiffoniers, Wardrobes, Lambrequins, Toilet Sets, Wool and Cotton Carpets, etc.

ALSO

The Goldsmith Range, with water pipes, and kitchen furniture.

N. B. The above mentioned furniture is in good order, and we invite the attention of buyers to this sale.

GILMAN & CO. Auctioneers.

T. J. O'CONNOR,

Auctioneer & Commission Merchant

First and Pine.

Monday and Thursday, Furniture & Merchandise. Wednesday, Real Estate Sale. Saturday, Tattersalls Sale.

AUCTIONEER AND APPRAISER.

S. FRIEDMAN, AUCTIONEER & APPRAISER for city or country, will buy and sell Real Estate, Merchandise, Household Goods and General [illegible] Advances made. Address 7 W. Park st., Portland.

ARCHITECTS AND ENGINEERS.

R. W. & T. H. COOLEE,

CIVIL ENGINEERS AND DRAUGHTSMEN.

Special Attention given to City Work.

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COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

BATTIN & GOWEN, GENERAL COMMISSION Merchants and produce dealers, 130 Front st.

ALLEN & LEWIS, COMMISSION AND PROduce Merchants, Front and D sts., Portland.

MILLER & WEST—J. C. MILLER, W. H. WEST, commission merchants in general and dealers in produce; 112 Front st., between Washington and Stark.

S. GOLDMAN & CO., COMMISSION & PRODUCE merchants, 129 Front street, Portland, Or.

TAYLOR, YOUNG & CO., SHIP BROKERS, Commission merchants; agents for the river Candle Fish; 8 Front street, corner Ash.

ABRAHAM, HIRSTEL & CO., COMMISSION merchants, 2 and 4 N. Front st., Portland.

G. COHN & BRO., 47 FRONT STREET, produce and country produce a specialty.

GIBSON, CHURCH & CO., SHIPPING AND Commission Merchants; specialties wheat, flour, salmon, grain bags, etc., N. W. cor. Front and Ash, Portland, Or.

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

ABRAHAM, HIRSTEL & CO., WHOLESALE grocers, 2 and 4 N. Front street, Portland.

ALLEN & LEWIS, WHOLESALE GROCERS, corner N. Front and D sts., Portland, Or.

CORBITT & MACLEAY, WHOLESALE GROcers and Commission Merchants, 84 and 86 Front street, Portland.

McCRAKEN & MASON, WHOLESALE GROcers and Commission Merchants, 60 to 64 Front street, Portland.

WADHAMS & ELLIOTT, WHOLESALE GROcers, Forwarding and Commission Merchants, Nos. 6 and 8 Front street, Portland, Or.

GUNPOWDER.

CHAS. H. DODD & CO., AGENTS CAL. POWDER Works. Front, First and Vine sts., Portland.

MILL AND FARM MACHINERY.

FRANK BROTHERS IMPLEMENT COMPANY, importer and dealer in farm and mill machinery, 79 Front st., Portland, Or.

KNAPP, BURRELL & CO., WHOLESALE machinery and dealers in agricultural implements, farm and spring wagons, buggies, carriages, portable and stationary engines, saw mills and mill machinery a specialty; rubber and leather belting.

H. P. GREGORY & CO., NOS. 5 N. FRONT, bet. A and B, importers and dealers in all kinds of machinery; saw mills a specialty.

CHAS. H. DODD & CO., SOLE AGENTS Buckeye Mower and Reaper, Canton Pitt's Thresher, Haines Header, Schuttler Wagons. Front, First [illegible]

J. HONEYMAN & CO., MAKERS OF ENGINES, Boilers, Iron and Sawmills, Iron Fronts, Castings, etc. Front st., bet. Columbia and Clay.

JOS. WAGNER & CO., FLOURING MILLS exclusively. All kinds of flouring mill machinery. No. 24 N. Front St. See circular.

MACHINISTS.

TRENKMANN & WOLFF, MACHINISTS, Front and Third sts. Housework, doors, railings, shutters, and machinery of all descriptions. Patterns and moulding tools to order.

SIGN PAINTERS.

CHAS. E. BURRELL—SIGN PAINTING AND [illegible] neatly done, estimates made for house painting on application; work well and promptly done, guaranteed. Shop, No. 187 Front St.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

WILZINSKI BROS. & CO., WHOLESALE dealers in fine cigars, 145 Front street, Portland; branch of Schwabacher & Co., San Francisco.

LEATHER AND FINDINGS.

BRADLEY & DORSEY, 80 FRONT STREET, between Washington and Stark streets, Leather and Findings, Shoe Store, Supplies, Belting, Hose.

WHOLESALE BOOTS AND SHOES.

GEORGE L. HIBBARD & CO., WHOLESALE boots and shoes. No. 66 Front st., Portland.

HARDWARE, IRON AND STEEL.

THOMPSON, DEHART & CO., HARDWARE, Iron and Steel, Carriage and Wagon Material, Domestic and Blacksmiths' Coal, corner Front and Yamhill streets, Portland, Oregon.

CHAS. H. DODD & CO., IMPORTERS AND dealers, Front, First and Vine streets, Portland.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

MELLIS BROS. & CO., FANCY DRY GOODS and millinery. No. 71 Front st.

SHOW CASES.

DIXON, BERNSTEIN & CO., MANUFACTURERS, 182 Front st., Portland. Country orders [illegible]

Established 1851.

Hodge, Davis & Co.

Importing

Wholesale Druggists

Agents for Leading Proprietary Medicines, Fluid Extracts, Pills, Etc., Etc.

Nos. 92 and 94 Front St.

Cor. Stark.

Portland, Oregon.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

TO THE CIGAR TRADE.

WILZINSKI BROS. & CO.

Have the Largest and Best Assorted Stock of

CIGARS

EVER BROUGHT TO PORTLAND, AND

At San Francisco Factory Prices.

CALL AND SEE THEM.

145 Front Street.

VALENTINES

THE TRADE SUPPLIED BY

J. K. GILL & CO.

28 First St. **30 Front**

L. FELDMANN & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS in wooden and willow ware, and manufacturers of brooms and brushes.

185 FRONT ST., PORTLAND.

AND COMMISSION.

[illegible]LMAN & CO., [illegible]
COMMISSION MERCHANT[illegible]
[illegible] bet. Pine and Ash [illegible]

AUCTION SALE

OF

OLD FURNITURE

[illegible]DAY, FEB. 12, 1884
[illegible] No. 42 First st.

OLD FURNITURE

[illegible]LMAN & CO. [illegible]

AUCTION SALE

OF

OLD FURNITURE

[illegible] FEB. 14 at 10 O'CLOCK [illegible]

[illegible]LMAN & CO. Auctioneers.

[illegible] O'CONNOR,
[illegible] Commission Merchant

[illegible]ER AND APPRAISER,

[illegible]TS AND ENGINEERS,

[illegible]SION MERCHANTS,

[illegible]SALE GROCERS,

[illegible]UNPOWDER.

[illegible] FARM MACHINERY.

[illegible]MACHINISTS.

[illegible]N PAINTERS.

[illegible]RS AND TOBACCO

[illegible]ER AND FINDINGS.

[illegible]E BOOTS AND SHOES.

[illegible]RE, IRON AND STEEL.

[illegible]SALE DRY GOODS,

[illegible]SHOW CASES.

[illegible]stablished 1851

[illegible] Davis & Co.
[illegible]mporting
[illegible]esale Druggists
[illegible]d 24 Front Street
[illegible]land, Oregon

[illegible]TANT NOTICE
[illegible]HE CIGAR TRADE.

[illegible]SKI BROS. & CO.,
[illegible]est and Best Assorted Stock
[illegible]IGARS
[illegible]ancisco Factory Prices
[illegible] Front Street.

[illegible]ENTINES
[illegible]ADE SUPPLIED BY
[illegible]GILL & CO.,
30 Front [illegible]

[illegible]DMANN & CO.,
[illegible], PORTLAND, OREG.

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, FEB. 12, 1884

Entered at the Postoffice at Portland, Or., as second-class matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

BY MAIL—POSTAGE PREPAID—IN ADVANCE.

[illegible]

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

PORTLAND, Feb 11, 7:21 P. M.

Place of Observation	Height of Barom.	Change last 8 Hours	Ther.	Wind Direction	Rain fall in 24 hours	State of weather
Portland	30 1[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	NE	[illegible]	Clear
Olympia	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Calm	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	—.03	[illegible]	N	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	43	N	[illegible]	Clear
[illegible]	[illegible]	—.01	45	NW	[illegible]	Clear
Sacramento	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	E	[illegible]	Clear
San Francisco	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Minimum thermometer 1.5 [illegible]

THE OREGONIAN IN THE EAST.

This paper can be seen at the following eastern places: NEW YORK CITY— [illegible] Tribune building. [illegible] PHILADELPHIA—N. W. Ayer & Son. [illegible] CINCINNATI—Public Library. WASHINGTON, D. C.—Library of Congress. ST. PAUL—Pioneer-Press office or traffic office of N. P. R. R. BOSTON—Office of Post and Advertiser. [illegible] BALTIMORE—[illegible]

Files of THE OREGONIAN containing [illegible] the annual review may still be had at the publication office.

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY.

[illegible]

CITY.

[illegible]

Rich Mines.—For more than thirty years it has been known that gold is to be found in the [illegible] about the head waters of the Santiam, and many [illegible] have been [illegible] the lands [illegible] have been found there. [illegible] as yet been [illegible] the [illegible]. Yet there are great possibilities [illegible]. [illegible] of [illegible] yesterday with a phial of fine gold [illegible] obtained lately from a miner who is working a placer claim in Dry Gulch, between the north [illegible] forks of the Santiam. This man, [illegible] and a partner, who are from Denver, went into Dry Gulch last May and have been there ever since. They came out for supplies lately and exhibited a whisky bottle full of gold. They say the mining in the gulch is good enough for them, and they propose to stay. Most of the people who have mined on the Santiam tried quartz, and to-day [illegible] that there are still bonanzas in the placers there.

Beast Pipes.—Owing to the great waste of water on account of everybody leaving faucets running, there was danger of the reservoirs becoming [illegible] [illegible] on Sunday night, and when it was found [illegible] at the pressure on the gauge in the company's [illegible] had gone down to four pounds, the water was shut off from the mains. Yesterday the pressure was up to thirty pounds, and in order to keep it up so that the water might be serviceable in case of fire it was turned off again last night from 9 P. M. to [illegible] A. M., and this course will be pursued as long as the cold snap lasts. The water company's office was visited by several persons yesterday who complained that their pipes had frozen up. The only satisfaction they got was that the company had nothing to do with their pipes, as they supplied the water at the main, and there their contract ended. Mr. H. D. [illegible] who had a telephone in his house last winter was obliged to have it taken out from the annoyance caused by people ringing him up in the night and early morning to tell him that their water pipes had burst.

Cause of the Cold Snap.—[illegible]house, who is a well known scientist in his own neighborhood, was holding forth to an admiring crowd of listeners in an up-town grocery store yesterday morning. Like every other man in the city the only subject he could find to talk about was the freeze-up. But, of course, he had a theory bristling with facts and supported by world-wide occurrences. "You all know," said he, "that our climate is due to the warm Japanese current that comes up through the straits of Sunda. And most of you have read of the great great earthquake which occurred off the coast of Japan. But what you don't know is that the earthquake filled up the Straits of Sunda and diverted the course of our warm current. That I tell you, gentlemen, is just what has caused this cold snap." There was a lence for a moment, and then Stickems, whose inventive genius has always been an unmitigated source of discomfort to his wife, said: "Well, if that's all, why don't they send over the city dredger and scoop the blamed old channel out?"

Could Not Stand Snakes.—As two immigrants [illegible] from the pleasant fields of sunny Kansas were strolling down Morrison street from the [illegible] they espied a box of smoked [illegible] in front of a market. "Say, Joe," said one to his companion, "[illegible] here air [illegible] snakes [illegible]." [illegible] looking at them intently [illegible] a minute [illegible] "By gosh, they are snakes, certain," and calling [illegible] clerk they inquired where the snakes came from and what they were intended for. The truthful clerk replied that they came from east in Oregon and were of the [illegible] variety and were considered a great delicacy here, and picking up [illegible] he handed it to the stranger, who stepped back in [illegible]. To his [illegible] the young man [illegible] out a knife and cutting off a slice proceeded to masticate it with evident relish. The sight was too much for Joe, and exclaiming "Great snakes alive!" he leaned against an awning post and was sea sick.

Bad Plumbing.—The present is a very appropriate time to call the attention of parties building or intending to build houses to the necessity for seeing that the plumbing is well done. Often when houses are let for buildings, the plumbing is sub-let [illegible] the cheap [illegible] bidder who proceeds to do it in the cheapest style, and the result is that when a cold snap comes pipes burst and great damage is caused. It is said that in some houses in this city the repairs to pipes within the past three years have cost twice as much as the original expense of plumbing. [illegible] have water pipes bursting in the second or third story of one's house and after having plastering, carpets, etc., spoiled to be obliged to half tear the house down to make repairs, must be very tiresome.

No Moderation.—The cold has not yet interfered with the navigation of the lower Columbia, as the steamer Reed arrived here about 5 last evening and the Mountain Queen reached Astoria about the same hour, neither meeting with any trouble from ice. The Columbia arrived here about 6:20. The [illegible] to and from Astoria will start out today confident of getting through in safety. All over eastern Oregon yesterday morning the thermometer was below zero, the lowest point reached being 16 degrees at Pendleton. At 4 o'clock yesterday morning the thermometer marked 7 degrees at Olympia, 11 degrees at Roseburg and 14 degrees here. On Saturday there was no snow south of Oregon City, but on Sunday snow fell as far south as Roseburg, and lies to a depth of five [illegible] inches along the foothills on both sides of the Willamette.

Old Land Suits.—H. H. Luse, who claimed to own the townsite of Marshfield, Coos county, commenced ejectment suits in the U. S. court here in 1[illegible]9 against about fifty of the residents of that town. The suits have been continued from term to term, neither of the parties to them appearing to care to have them brought to issue. But now come the defendants who claim that they have acquired a legal title to the land and desire that the cases be disposed of in some manner, and they were set down yesterday for trial in March. If the defendants have, as is claimed, acquired the legal title to the land the cases will probably be dismissed, and the costs fall on Luse.

Suicide.—Sunday afternoon Mrs. Adolph Schlank, a woman aged 26, wife of the proprietor of the St. Louis restaurant, on First street near Taylor, committed suicide by taking chloroform. The following note to her husband, found in her pocket, gives the cause: "My Dear Adolph: When this is found I shall be no more. My continued ill health and your unfounded jealousy has made me desirous not to live any longer, and so I bid good-by to you and all whom I have known in this world, and lay down to die. It is better it should be so." The couple have lived here but a short time and came to Portland from St. Louis.

Guilty but Recommended to Mercy.—George W. Castle, charged with picking the pocket of W. F. Morris while the latter was drunk, was brought up for trial yesterday in the state circuit court. The case occupied nearly all day and was given to the jury about 4 o'clock. They deliberated about half an hour, finally returning a verdict of guilty as charged in the indictment, but recommending the prisoner, who is a young man, to the mercy of the court. Sentence was postponed till to-morrow.

Arrested for Adultery.—About 1 o'clock this morning William Courtright and Mrs. Harry L. Swain, of San Francisco, were arrested in their room at the Esmond by policemen Barry and Simmons, charged with adultery. The complaining witness is Henry L. Swain, son of a prominent wholesale crockery merchant of San Francisco. Both were taken to the city jail and had not given bonds up to 3 o'clock. It seems to be a case of [illegible] after the woman as Swain and Courtright were talking confidentially together in the captain's office.

Jim's Story.—Jim Turk and a friend, who was on board the Carrie Winslow, called last evening to deny the statement made concerning an attempt to interfere with sailors being shipped on board that vessel. The boat and raft supposed to be intended to aid the sailors in escaping, James claims, was an ordinary honest fisherman's boat going up [illegible] the tide, and the raft only an arrangement for hauling nets.

Sentence Postponed.—William A. Stillwell, who pleaded guilty to the charge of robbing the United States mails, was brought up before Judge Deady yesterday for sentence, but this action was postponed until after the trial of Hall and Gaines, the other two men alleged to have been connected with the crime. Gaines pleaded not guilty, and his trial was set down for March 11, the same day as that of Hall.

Reunion Social.—A social and entertainment will be held this evening in the rooms of the Young Men's Christian association, to which members have been asked by a neat note of invitation. The programme for the evening's entertainment is in the hands of the ladies' committee, which fact alone [illegible] a few pleasant hours.

PERSONAL.

A. H. Morgan and wife, who have been visiting in New York state, are on their way home by the Southern route.

Mr. John Barrows, an old resident of Albany, now of San Francisco, came up on the steamer and will remain in the state for a short time.

Skates ground and sharpened at Jno. B. [illegible]'s, [illegible] Yamhill, between First and Second.

TWO EARLY MORNING FIRES.

An alarm came in from box 13 at 1 o'clock this morning, occasioned by a blaze in the kitchen of the Ocean Park restaurant on Washington street. In the frame range adjoining printing house [illegible]. There was very prompt service, and the flames were extinguished with slight loss. Damage to [illegible] the proprietors of the restaurant is about $[illegible] and to the building not much [illegible].

But [illegible] was scarcely done ringing an alarm was turned in from box [illegible] corner First and Hall by Policeman Martin. This was [illegible] a burning [illegible] [illegible] Hoffman [illegible]. How the fire originated is [illegible] known [illegible] Mr. Hudson [illegible] the furniture was [illegible] building was totally destroyed. Mr. H. [illegible] loss is about $[illegible] and is covered by insurance. [illegible] engine responded promptly and saved [illegible] which was an [illegible] when they arrived.

INTERVIEW WITH BRENNAN.

The Noted Irish Agitator's Purpose in Visiting Portland—Something About Himself and the Cause He Represents.

Hon. Thomas Brennan, secretary of the Irish National League, arrived last evening by the [illegible] from San Francisco. He was met at the depot by Messrs. [illegible] Hugh Malloy, [illegible] and several other prominent citizens who constituted the reception committee. Those escorted the distinguished agitator to his rooms at the Holton House, where light refreshments were served. During the evening a large number of friends of the cause called on Mr. Brennan, and at [illegible] an OREGONIAN reporter sought an interview. He was found [illegible] willing [illegible] years of age, with [illegible] moustache [illegible] expressive [illegible] eyes. His countenance [illegible] attractive, and his conversation impresses [illegible] with the idea that he is well [illegible] the [illegible] in [illegible].

"I am [illegible] with the Pacific coast [illegible] [illegible] from [illegible] and [illegible] the [illegible] of [illegible]."

"How long has [illegible] in this country?"

"I started out shortly after the convention in Philadelphia [illegible] National League [illegible] through [illegible] country, but [illegible] little [illegible]."

"How is the new league prospering?"

"Very well indeed. We have over [illegible] branches in this country and they are increasing rapidly. [illegible] only organized last April in this country and only a little over a year ago in Ireland."

"What is the difference between the old league and the new?"

"The old league was devoted entirely to land agitation; the new league takes in national [illegible] and in fact everything [illegible] long as [illegible] of course the burning question, but we were obliged to make up another organization, as the British government had declared the old land league illegal. The Irish in America take great interest [illegible] in the new [illegible] and while there is not [illegible] so much [illegible] as in the early days of the land league, [illegible] work has been shown."

"How many times have you been imprisoned?" asked the reporter.

"I have seen the inside of five jails," was the reply. "I was first arrested and jailed at Castlebar for making a speech at an eviction. I was in only a week when Gladstone's government came into power and the prosecution was dropped. That is the way the British government dispenses justice."

"What effect did the Phœnix park affair and other outrages have on the league movement?"

"None that I know. That affair was greatly exaggerated and no greater than outrages committed by the agents of the government which were never heard of."

Mr. Brennan concluded his conversation with the reporter by saying that there was a large and influential revolutionary party in this country which was accomplishing much, but its members were unknown except to their own. They were not the class of men who stood around in whisky shops and tried to [illegible] with their breath, and they never talked in the streets or wrote about what they were not going to do. Many people were led to judge the Irish people and their aims by the outpourings of these ranters, who were in such a small minority that they should be [illegible].

Mr. Brennan will speak at Mechanics' pavilion to-morrow evening.

BRIEF MENTION.

A slight fire occurred yesterday [illegible] B[illegible] factory, which was extinguished with buckets.

Reserved seat sale for the [illegible] by the Veteran Guard on Feb. 14th [illegible] morning at Morse's palace of art, corner [illegible] and Washington.

Bids will be received until [illegible] by the [illegible] paper [illegible] and reports [illegible] the [illegible] probably the [illegible] of [illegible].

[illegible] and Hall [illegible] Judge [illegible] the [illegible] touching index.

The rubbish on the lot at the southeast corner of First and Oak streets is [illegible] up, and the lot [illegible] is soon to be covered with [illegible] man and wife intend to commence the erection of a brick block there shortly.

Louisa [illegible] writes from Little Rock, Arkansas, to ascertain the whereabouts of her only brother, Thomas B. Henry, who left home [illegible] in that state for Oregon in 1863. If any one [illegible] THE OREGONIAN will [illegible] of his whereabouts it will be forwarded to her.

The ducks had a holiday on Sunday, as of the party who chartered a steamer [illegible] went to Sauvie island to slaughter them only a few frost-defying fell [illegible] at the wharf at [illegible] 10 o'clock in the morning, and they [illegible] the cost of the [illegible] among them after waiting till daylight returned [illegible].

LEBANON NOTES.

[FROM THE OREGONIAN'S LOCAL CORRESPONDENT.]

LEBANON, Feb. 11.

During the recent cold spell the mercury was down to 12 degrees above zero.

Saturday night snow fell to the depth of three inches, the greatest so far during the winter.

The leap year party last Friday evening was quite a success. Supper was furnished at the St. Charles hotel.

J. T. Bryant is making an addition to his dwelling house. [illegible] Banta has the lumber on the ground for enlarging his dwelling.

The directors of the mining company have called a meeting of the stockholders in the [illegible] for the purpose of making the necessary arrangements to continue the work.

A ball is to be given at G. F. Crawford's on the evening of the 14th, the proceeds of which are to be donated to [illegible] W. Cowan, who was unfortunate some two months ago by suffering loss from fire.

There are thousands of acres of government lands as well as large quantities of railroad and mountain wagon road lands unoccupied in Linn county. These lands lie among the foothills. For stock raising they are well adapted. When improved the finest quality of grain is produced. It also offers a fine opportunity to those desiring to engage in fruit raising, and the different vegetable products. The land in most instances will [illegible] difficult to clear and with a steady market it would seem better [illegible] [illegible] could not be offered to those desiring homes.

SALEM NOTES.

[FROM THE OREGONIAN'S LOCAL CORRESPONDENT.]

SALEM, Feb. 10.

W. D. Caldwell contemplates starting a class in vocal [illegible].

B. H. Elliott returned to the city this morning after a long absence.

Baptismal ceremonies were performed at the Baptist church last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. England will this evening entertain the West End whist club.

Water pipes are bursting throughout the city and the plumbers are correspondingly happy.

Mercury this morning stood at ten degrees above zero, with about one inch of snow on the ground.

A new boy at home has added somewhat to the paternal responsibilities of Hon. C. B. Moores, the governor's private secretary.

Rev. J. Taylor Chambers, of the Episcopal church, last evening commenced a course of lectures on the Lord's Prayer, which will be continued each Sunday evening, and promises to be both interesting and instructive.

YAMHILL NOTES.

[FROM THE OREGONIAN'S LOCAL CORRESPONDENT.]

McMINNVILLE, Feb. 11.

A survey is being made and notes taken to make an insurance map of our town.

The saloons have obtained license at the old price, $100 per annum, and the high license party is not well pleased.

Snow began to fall here on Friday evening, which was gratifying to farmers, for it it remained it would protect the wheat, and if it went off it would go with a rain. The weather is intensely cold, but there is an abundance of feed in the country.

The most magnificent banquet that it has been our good fortune to attend in this county was given as a surprise supper to the members of the masonic fraternity by their lady relatives at Mohawk hall on Saturday evening. A table nearly a hundred feet long was loaded with roast meats and poultry, fruits, pies, pick[illegible] and cakes of the most artistic design, frosted and flowered, and some were wreathed in immortelles and adorned with elaborate [illegible]. The finest glass and silver plate ware [illegible] city affords were brought into requisition. About 60 were present. Splendid vocal and instrumental music and recitations were added.

WANTS HELP TO ESTABLISH GLASSWORKS.

HOMESTEAD, Allegheny Co., Pa., Jan. 26.

To the Editor of The Oregonian:

In your paper of January 1 I saw an article on the manufacture of glass calling the attention of eastern [illegible] to the advantages of your city [illegible] to the manufacture of the same. In this part of the country it is customary for towns to offer some inducement in the form of donations of land and money to the parties who intend to erect the works, and induce them to locate their business in their towns. What I desire to know is this: Will your city do anything to induce the glass business of this kind in your midst? Also, if there are any parties of means who would be willing to take stock, as I have no sufficient means to carry on the business myself? As to experience, I have had over thirty years. If you desire you might lay this matter before your citizens and let me know as soon as possible, as I have some offers elsewhere. JAMES A. DOYLE, Esq.

[illegible] Veteran Guard [illegible] which takes place at [illegible] Thursday evening [illegible] the committee who will [illegible] others [illegible] Secure your seats [illegible] at once at [illegible].

BOARD OF TRADE.

Grateful Letter from Henry Villard—Small Batch of Routine Business.

The regular monthly meeting of the Portland board of trade was held last evening at its rooms, President Macleay in the chair.

Minutes of previous meetings were read and approved.

The following letter from Mr. Villard was read and filed:

NEW YORK CITY, Feb. 1, 1884.

To the Portland Board of Trade—Gentlemen: I have the honor to acknowledge [illegible] of the [illegible] which [illegible] passed [illegible] from the [illegible] of [illegible] my [illegible] [illegible]

Yours gratefully, H. VILLARD.

[illegible] of the [illegible] the [illegible] board [illegible] was [illegible] [illegible]

Mr. [illegible] telegraphed [illegible] at Washington [illegible]

[illegible] Senator Dolph [illegible]

[illegible] Adjourned.

THE EAST SIDE.

ATTEMPT TO EVADE MARSHAL'S [illegible].

The assessments on lots 1 and [illegible] block [illegible] for the improvement of Water street, were allowed to go delinquent by the owner, [illegible] and the same took the regular course of being turned over to the marshal for collection. The property was duly advertised and the sale [illegible] date to satisfy the assessment and costs [illegible] [illegible] sale were [illegible] the marshal [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible] sale and further costs. The latter [illegible] seeking to gain a greater advantage by this [illegible] secured the [illegible] ments which had been [illegible] to the Metropolitan bank of Portland and depositing the same with the deputy city treasurer received the latter's receipt for the payment of his assessments. He then [illegible] refused to pay further costs to the marshal [illegible] [illegible] the receipt, however, by the treasurer or [illegible] deputy [illegible] by mistake is clearly illegal, [illegible] having no right or authority to receipt [illegible] in his office [illegible] the marshal. The [illegible] was $[illegible] and [illegible] $173.[illegible] and there remained a balance due the marshal for [illegible] $[illegible] for advertising [illegible] per centage for collection [illegible]. Mr. [illegible] refusing to pay this balance the marshal had no alternative but to [illegible] the property in pursuance [illegible] his warrant [illegible] the common council [illegible] day. [illegible] Mr. [illegible] little is just as good as though he had [illegible] the assessments and Mr. [illegible] title to the [illegible] the [illegible] advantage of [illegible] final cost.

[illegible]

The owners of [illegible] skating [illegible] a good opportunity [illegible] unfinished [illegible] the [illegible] first [illegible] [illegible] the skaters [illegible] fears of its falling and [illegible] the more reckless and intrepid will venture [illegible] report [illegible] [illegible] the city being responsible [illegible] [illegible] responsibility of the city would [illegible].

[illegible]

[illegible] Kelly [illegible] about a quarter [illegible] [illegible] Saturday night [illegible] stable [illegible] [illegible] will call [illegible] go with the [illegible].

[illegible]

J. Rev. Sanford [illegible] has departed for [illegible].

A confirmation class will commence at the Episcopal church Wednesday evening. Bishop Morris will officiate at the church Sunday morning, March [illegible] and administer the rite of confirmation.

Rev. A. W. Brown, of the congregational church [illegible] yesterday afternoon for [illegible] to assist at a series of revival services at that place during the week. He will return Saturday.

The street commissioner was engaged yesterday in cutting away brush from the vicinity of First and Hassalo streets, Holladay's addition, in order to make the way clear to a hydrant [illegible] at that place.

ALBANY NOTES.

[FROM THE OREGONIAN'S LOCAL CORRESPONDENT.]

ALBANY, Feb. 11.

George Piper has been in Salem the past week.

Mr. Jull, a Bradwell, has taken the agency for Frank Bros. of your city.

Mrs. G. W. Piper is in the city visiting her daughter, Mrs. E. W. Langdon.

Hoffman & Joseph have just received two car loads of ice from a [illegible] lake in Idaho.

The amount of fines imposed and collected by the city recorder for 1883 was less than $200.

Many merry skaters enjoyed themselves last Thursday afternoon on the ice in Montieth's pasture.

Rev. Dr. Lindsley, of your city, preached last evening in the court house to a large and attentive audience.

Rev. B. G. Irvine, who has been confined to his bed for ten days with inflammatory rheumatism, is again able to be about.

Last Sunday the little infant child of Dan Bumbaugh died at Sweet Home with pneumonia. It was brought to this city and buried yesterday in the cemetery.

Miss Bessie Smith and Miss Lizzie Riley, of Salem, came up last Friday evening to attend the leap year party and remained over Sunday, guests of Mrs. [illegible].

Last Saturday evening the weather moderated somewhat and it commenced snowing, continuing at intervals until yesterday noon, when it was over two inches deep.

Captain A. W. Waters, G. A. Waller, D. [illegible] and [illegible] Stiles, members of Valley lodge No. 18, K. of P., made a fraternal visit to Laurel lodge of this city last Thursday evening.

One day last week a man named R. Earl went to Will Bros.' gun store in Corvallis and borrowed a shot gun and bringing it to this city pawned it [illegible] for $4 and left for Champoeg. [illegible] Word was sent here and the gun recovered [illegible] a warrant issued for Earl's arrest, but he has not yet been captured.

Last Friday Jack Gordon, who has figured so conspicuously in the courts of late, was arrested on a charge of assaulting Mrs. Annie Bowers, his mistress, with a deadly weapon. Saturday he had a examination before Justice Skipworth and was bound over in the sum of $300 to appear before the grand jury. Not being able to furnish bail he went to jail.

The Page's Confession.

Pittsburg Dispatch.

A newly appointed page in the house of representatives was sent to the notary public who swears in employes for the purpose of having the usual oath [illegible] to him. The little fellow [illegible] saucer-like eyes and open mouth to the official administering the oath, who wanted to know whether the boy had ever borne arms against the United States or had given aid or comfort to its enemies. The last part of the query stirred the youngster up. He replied: "No, sir, but I worked in a dry goods store in St. Louis."

CITY NOTICES.

Go to Keith's for oysters.

Eastern oysters every steamer at Keith's.

[illegible] Candy Store still leads in the matter [illegible].

If [illegible] want money to pay your bills [illegible] on your [illegible].

[illegible] Freeman's Coffee House, [illegible] First, near [illegible]. Remember this.

Don't buy imported vinegar. Metsger makes the best, all kinds. Fresh cider. 47 Third st.

All kinds of [illegible] and [illegible] pastry [illegible] and salads at Pool [illegible].

For [illegible] headquarters, No. 10 [illegible].

Choice brands of wines, liquors and cigars at the [illegible] corner First and Alder.

Take Dr. Henley's Celery, Beef and Iron while you [illegible] [illegible] years to the life of man.

[illegible] watches, jewelry, [illegible] at [illegible] [illegible] Oregon money lenders. Uncle My [illegible].

GARDNER'S SEWING MACHINE STORE, 167 Third street, Portland, Or.—General agent for the two favorites, the White and Household. Dealer in all standard sewing machines, oil, needles, attachments and genuine parts. Machines repaired and warranted.

Enclose 10 cents and the address of an eastern friend to this office for the statistical OREGONIAN. The best medium to circulate in the east.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC LAND GRANT.

Resolutions by the City Council Asking Oregon's Senators and Representative to Oppose Forfeiture.

After routine business had been disposed of by the city council last night Councilman Honeyman introduced the following resolution:

Whereas, The Northern Pacific Railroad Company has, under the far-reaching enterprise of its [illegible] accomplished the completion of [illegible] road across the [illegible] of the [illegible] of Minnesota and Oregon, [illegible] the territories of Dakota, Montana, Idaho and Washington, and is [illegible] the remainder of its [illegible] to the Pacific coast, and

Whereas, [illegible] [illegible]

Resolved, By the [illegible] [illegible] Northern Pacific Railroad Company [illegible] grant [illegible]

Be it [illegible]

[illegible]

Mr. [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] was passed [illegible] [illegible] Moore, Honeyman [illegible].

THE COURTS.

MONDAY, Feb. 11.

[illegible] CIRCUIT COURT—DEADY, J.

[illegible] vs. W. A. Stillwell, Daniel [illegible] Hall and [illegible] Gaines. [illegible] plea of not guilty. Stillwell remanded to jail for sentence after trial of Hall and [illegible] trial set for March [illegible].

William [illegible] vs. Wells, Fargo & Co.—Set for March [illegible].

[illegible] vs. Wells, Fargo & Co.—Set for trial on March [illegible].

[illegible] vs. Butch et al.—Set for [illegible] on [illegible] complaint.

[illegible] vs. William Werden—Set for March [illegible].

Same vs. [illegible]—Same.

Same vs. [illegible]—Set for March [illegible].

Same vs. Daniel Campbell—Set for March [illegible].

Same vs. Sasberg & Hirst—Same.

Same vs. Jonathan Osborn and wife—Same.

STATE CIRCUIT COURT—[illegible], J.

State vs. Frank Gray—Sentence continued [illegible].

State vs. [illegible] M. Dougall—Dismissed.

State vs. George W. Castle—Continued.

COUNTY COURT—[illegible]

[illegible] Dale, [illegible] Hodge, Francis Far[illegible], John [illegible], John M. [illegible], [illegible] Brown, Alex. Ar[illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] Stanley, Frank Gilloh, Ralph Mandly [illegible]

[illegible] Williams [illegible]

[illegible] carrying articles on [illegible]

[illegible] Johnson [illegible]

Valuable [illegible]

[illegible]

Landlord in a Fix.

[illegible]

BUSINESS ITEMS.

BURNETT'S COCOAINE
The Best and Cheapest Hair Dressing.
[illegible]
Burnett's Flavoring Extracts are [illegible]
[illegible] Extract [illegible] one of the [illegible]

WEI DE MEYER.

It is undisputed that Wei De Meyer's Catarrh Cure is the only treatment [illegible] [illegible] catarrh—fresh or chronic [illegible] [illegible] O. Loft [illegible] [illegible] Fresno, Cal. [illegible] radically cured. [illegible] Rev. C. H. Taylor, 140 N. [illegible] street, Brooklyn. [illegible] after 30 years suffering. [illegible] 710 Broadway, New York, etc., etc. Thousands of [illegible] are received from all parts of the world. [illegible] Dr. W. De Meyer.

"Illustrated Treatise,"

With statements by the cured, mailed free. D. B. [illegible] & Co., [illegible] Fulton street, N. Y.

Which Best

[illegible] whisky [illegible] other kinds of whisky [illegible]

Take Wm. Pfunder's Oregon Blood Purifier

A New Era

The first real [illegible] in the state [illegible] [illegible] any in the [illegible] [illegible] San Francisco.

THE VIENNA COFFEE HOUSE.

[illegible]

HENRICHSEN & GREENBERG,

149 First St., Portland, Or.

Importers, Manufacturers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry,

SILVER WARE,

CLOCKS, SPECTACLES, ETC.

Watch Repairing, and Jewelry of all kinds manufactured to order.

Orders from the interior carefully and promptly attended to.

[illegible] expressed on application.

REMOVAL!

[illegible] & CO., Wholesale Liquor Dealers, have removed [illegible] Front street [illegible] [illegible] and [illegible].

48 FOR MEN. [illegible]

ZAN BROTHERS,

Manufacturers of

BROOMS AND WOODEN WARE, AND IMPORTERS OF WILLOW WARE,

Nos. 13 and 14 North Front St.

[illegible] $1.00 Reward [illegible] REDINGTON, WOODARD & CO., Agents, Portland, Or.

[illegible] entirely cured by the use of

OREGON BLOOD PURIFIER
PFUNDER'S
[illegible] REGULATOR

NOT CONFIRMED.

I. Scott Nominated for Police Judge, but Fails to Get It.

A special meeting of the city council was held last night, mostly for the purpose of expressing [illegible] of the Northern Pacific land grant, mentioned elsewhere. But something else came up, and somehow or other there was [illegible] the programme. [illegible] according to programme. There were present Councilmen Andrus, [illegible] Honeyman, [illegible] and Sears, Mayor Chapman presiding. [illegible] later in the evening. Reading of the minutes of previous meeting was [illegible]

[illegible] the [illegible] police [illegible]

[illegible] referred to [illegible]

[illegible] an amendment that the council [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Ayes—Andrus [illegible]

[illegible]

Regular Council Proceedings.

[illegible] appointing Wm. [illegible] Johnson [illegible] referred [illegible]

[illegible] Wm. V. [illegible]

[illegible]

AMUSEMENTS.

Wyatt's, Courtwright and Hawkins' minstrels [illegible] notwithstanding the weather was [illegible] per [illegible] warm [illegible] announcement [illegible] [illegible] Wednesday.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE CONVENTION TO-DAY.

The Woman Suffrage Association [illegible] this [illegible] at 10 A. M., to-day and [illegible] at half past [illegible]. All the active friends [illegible] the most [illegible] desired at these meetings, as business of grave importance is to be attended to. [illegible] The evening session will be of [illegible] entertaining and instructive character. [illegible] Mrs. [illegible] Hall, of [illegible] Mrs. [illegible] McMinnville and Rev. T. L. Eliot [illegible] Marvin, of this city. The public is [illegible].

[illegible]

Dressmaking!

[illegible] Latest Styles in Dressmaking [illegible]

Woolen Suits	$5 00
Handsome Street Suits	6 00
Silk Suits	8 00
Elegant Silk or Plush Suits	10 00
Garments Cut and Fit	1 00

ALL WORK WARRANTED.

[illegible]

READY MADE ALL-WOOL SUITS
$7, $10, $12.50 and $15

MOZART'S
CLOAK AND SUIT HOUSE,
NO. 70 MORRISON ST.

"SALEM BAKERS' EXTRA"

AND

"Oregon City Bakers' Extra"

FLOURS!

[illegible] Choicest Wheat [illegible] especially for BAKERS, FAMILY and EXPORT [illegible]

AND THE

PORTLAND ROLLER MILLS
FAMILY and BAKERS'
FLOUR.

[illegible] unrivaled facilities [illegible] Northwest Empire [illegible] Families and Bakers [illegible] Flour [illegible] ECONOMY and Excellence [illegible] unsurpassed [illegible] superior [illegible]

TRY IT! TRY IT!

[illegible] at Wholesale and Retail [illegible] leading houses [illegible]

SIBSON, CHURCH & CO.,
General Agents,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

MILLERS, ATTENTION!

The Best and Cheapest Roller Mills
ARE
THE WALTERHOUSE

Germ Rolls, Bran Rolls, Tailings Rolls, Combined Roller Mills and Centrifugal Reels.

EVERY MACHINE COMPLETE,

[illegible]

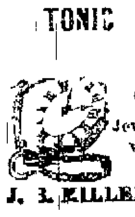
GEO. W. WALTERHOUSE, Jr.,
Box 33, Salem, Or.,

[illegible] MACHINE WORKS, [illegible] Mich.

THE BEST CIGAR
IN THE MARKET,
Sold to the Trade Only
BY
Witzinski Bros.
& Co.,
145 FRONT ST

HEADQUARTERS
FOR
VALENTINES,
MASKS,
[illegible]
[illegible] SKATES,
WM. BECK & SON,
165 and 167 Second Street.

DANDELION TONIC
[illegible]
CURES DYSPEPSIA
CURES MALARIA
[illegible] A BOTTLE
[illegible] First street



CHEAPEST
Jewelry, Watches, Silverware, Table Cutlery, etc.
AT
J. L. KELLER'S, 29 First Street.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans.
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., [illegible] Wall st., N. Y.
WM. T. COLEMAN & CO., [illegible] S. F.

Gentle Women

Who want glossy, luxuriant and wavy tresses of abundant, beautiful Hair must use LYON'S KATHAIRON. This elegant, cheap article always makes the Hair grow freely and fast, keeps it from falling out, arrests and cures grayness, removes dandruff and itching, makes the Hair strong, giving it a curling tendency and keeping it in any desired position. Beautiful, healthy Hair is the sure result of using Kathairon.

MRS. [illegible],
The Leading and Most Fashionable
[illegible]
OF PORTLAND.
[illegible]
27 Morrison Street, Near First.
SALESROOMS
153 FIRST STREET,
[illegible]
CLOAKS, SUITS MADE TO ORDER AT SHORT NOTICE.
[illegible]

Thursday, Feb. 14, 1884,
being the Last Day of
our First Clearance Sale,
we respectfully ask the
Ladies to call before then,
for we will positively not
offer our goods after that
date at present prices.

Ladies

Will study their own interest by embracing this opportunity of obtaining first-class goods at a low figure. "A word to the wise is sufficient."

[illegible]

THE ONE-PRICE CASH DRY GOODS STORE,
[illegible] Yamhill Street,
Between First and Second

C. H. BACON,

Importer and Dealer in

Cumberland, Lehigh, Cannel & Domestic

COAL, CHARCOAL

And FOUNDRY COKE.

Office—Fourth and E sts.
Yard—F St., bet. Fourth and Fifth.
Telephone No. 351. Portland, Or.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—IN THE MATTER of the estate of Walter H. Nicholson, deceased, notice is hereby given by the undersigned that they [illegible] appointed administrator of the estate of the above named deceased [illegible] all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased [illegible] present such claims with proper vouchers within [illegible] from the date of this notice to the undersigned administrator of the estate of said deceased at the office of the [illegible] Company [illegible] city of Portland, county of Multnomah, state of Oregon. [illegible] Administrator of the estate of Walter H. Nicholson, deceased.
Dated Portland, Or., January [illegible], 1884.
[illegible] & [illegible], attorneys for administrator.

ONLY 4 DAYS MORE!

L. Lipman & Co.

N. B. We advise all, especially during this last week of our great sale, to come as early in the day as practicable, as we find it impossible to serve all when our store is so crowded in the afternoons.

Store opens at 9 o'clock, closing at 6 P. M.

WINEBURGH'S MAMMOTH BAZAAR TRIUMPHANT!

Merit Meets its Reward.

E. WINEBURGH & CO.'S STORE

CROWDED DAILY WITH

Delighted, Satisfied Customers!

NEVER IN PORTLAND WERE GOODS SOLD SO LOW.

"NECESSITY IS THE MOTHER OF INVENTION." WE FOUND THAT, TO MEET THE WANTS OF THE TIMES WE MUST CUT DOWN, AND HAVE DONE IT

Cashmere Suits trimmed with Silk	$9 00	$7 50 Elegant Velvet and Plush-trimmed Hats	2 50
$20 White Mission Blankets for	12 00	$15 Men's Complete Suits	7 50
$1 All-Wool 40-inch Cashmere, 60c per yd		Infants' Outfit, complete, sacrificed.	
$2 25 Silk Plushes, all colors, $1 25 "		600 Children's Winter Dresses	3 00
$75 Seal Plush Cloaks for	$35 00	$2.00 22-inch Gros Grain Dress Silks, per yard	1 25
$5 French Kid Shoes	2 50		

Please ask for Bouquet. If you don't receive goods as advertised [illegible]

E. WINEBURGH & CO.,
126 First St., near Washington.
[illegible] STORE CLOSES AT 6 P. M. [illegible]

THIRD WEEK!

Intending buyers should not put off making their selections.

DO NOT DELAY,

As "First come is first served."

DURING THIS, OUR

[illegible] SALE

The ONLY opportunity that occurs during the year to buy any and everything in the

[illegible]

AT COST

Is offered. Do not neglect the opportunity, but come early and often.

OLDS & KING,
186 FIRST ST., between Yamhill and Taylor.

PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS
MAKE NEW RICH BLOOD

And will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take 1 Pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks, may be restored to sound health, if such a thing be possible. For Female Complaints these Pills have no equal. Physicians use them for the cure of LIVER and KIDNEY diseases. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 25c. in stamps. Circulars free. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

CHOLERA

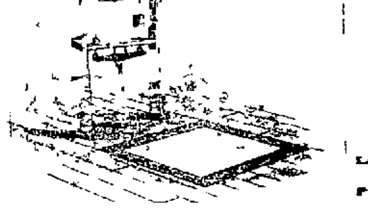
Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Rheumatism. JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT (for Internal and External Use) will instantaneously relieve these terrible diseases, and will positively cure nine cases out of ten. Information that will save many lives sent free by mail. Don't delay a moment. Prevention is better than cure.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT CURES Influenza, Bleeding at the Lungs, Hoarseness, Hacking Cough, Whooping Cough, Chronic Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Kidney Troubles, and Diseases of the Spine. Sold everywhere. Circulars free. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

MAKE HENS LAY

It is a well known fact that most of the Horse and Cattle Powder sold in this country is worthless; that Sheridan's Condition Powder is absolutely pure and very valuable. Nothing on Earth will make hens lay like Sheridan's Condition Powder. Dose, one teaspoonful to each pint of food. It will also positively prevent and cure CHICKEN CHOLERA. Hog Cholera, &c. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 25c. in stamps. Furnished in large cans, price $1.00; by mail, $1.20. Circulars free. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.
HODGE, DAVIS & CO., Agents, Portland, Oregon.

FAIRBANKS'



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FOR WAREHOUSE AND FARM USE.

GRAIN AND STORE TRUCKS.

Write for Price List.

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GOFF'S BRAID IS BEST MADE

Largest and most complete works of the kind in the world.

Production sufficient to bind 30,000 dresses per day.

GOFF'S BRAID is sold in every city and known in every village in the country.

Commands the highest price on account of its MERITS.

Don't be deceived by inferior imitations.

For Sale by all jobbers of dry goods and notions.

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, FEB. 12, 1884.

NEWS OF THE NORTHWEST.

Eastern Oregon.

A few days ago sixty-six were seen in one drove on Camas prairie.

The Union County *Record* says: The festive drummer has begun his pilgrimages to this valley. Two hundred are reported heading this way.

East Oregonian: The track is completed and the train running to the Centerville depot, about half a mile this side of the town. Tuesday the first train-load of wheat from that point arrived in Pendleton, and another came in early this morning. These two trains comprised twenty-five cars, or about 250 tons of wheat, partly shipped from Centerville and partly from Adams.

Western Oregon.

B. F. McLench of Lincoln, has a mule that stands 6 feet 6½ inches high and weighs 1160 pounds.

The money order and postal note business done through the Harrisburg postoffice during the month of December, 1883, was $868.31.

The members of J. W. Geary Post, G. A. R., held a memorial service at the Presbyterian church at Eugene City, Friday evening, in memory of the late Gen. J. W. Geary, ex-governor of Pennsylvania, for whom this post was named. He was a brother of E. R. Geary of Eugene.

While D. Lyons, who lives near Eugene City, was reloading a cartridge for a shotgun, it was accidentally discharged and he caught a portion of the shot in his hand, while a son of Mr. Geo. P. Cain received a portion of the same in one of his legs. Luckily both are flesh wounds, and not of a serious nature.

A San Francisco firm who speculate in hops have begun suit against B. L. and T. B. Cannon, of Linn county, for the sum of $150. They claim to have bought defendants' hop crop in 1882, at a certain price, the same to be delivered at Gorham at a certain time. The crop of hops was hauled to the station according to contract, but there was no agent to receive them, and they were sold to other parties. The trial is expected to come off in April, in the U. S. district court.

Recently a number of horses in Linn county have been reported as dangerously sick from eating wild oats. The beards of the oats becoming moist in the stomach, begin working and screwing around as if they had life, until they get into the intestines, through which they work into the flesh, causing the horse intense pain and sometimes death. The manner in which these oats work can be seen by taking four or five and placing them in the palm of the hand and pouring a little water on them, when they will run the beard into the flesh so that it will stick until pulled out.

Southern Oregon.

About $9.40 worth of mules were bought in Jackson and Siskiyou counties by the military officers on their recent trip.

E. L. Webster, the newly appointed judge of the First judicial circuit, will hold his first term of court in Jacksonville next Monday in the new court house.

An immigration aid society has been organized at Lakeview with the following officers: President, A. P. Snelling; vice president, A. Fitts; corresponding secretary, E. B. Caldwell.

The end of track is now at Wagner creek and the road is ballasted as far as Medford. Passenger trains are expected to run to Phoenix by the 15th. Depot buildings are nearly finished at Medford and Phoenix.

Complaint reaches Roseburg from various parts of Douglas county that coyotes are troubling our sheep men terribly, so that many are obliged to keep them up nights. In some localities large numbers of sheep have been killed by these destructive animals.

The following is the business of the Roseburg land office for the month of January: 1412 acres sold for cash; 4 timber entries, embracing 620 acres, 28 pre-emption filings; 10 homestead entries, comprising 1910 acres, and 11 final homestead entries, including 1665 acres.

Frank Settle, who was arrested by ex-Sheriff Hogan on suspicion of having been implicated in the robbery of Wells, Fargo & Company's express, was discharged. His arrest was caused by his making the remark that on the evening of the robbery a stranger had proposed to him to take in the stage. The other parties arrested by Hogan and the sheriff of Jackson county have all been discharged, there not being sufficient evidence to hold them.

As the passenger train from Glendale was coming through the Sheridan farm, just south of Roseburg, Friday morning, the fine blooded Sheridan mare happened to be on the track and could not get off in time to avoid being struck by the locomotive, which killed her instantly. She was of the Norfolk and Morgan breed and a fine and valuable animal, perhaps the fastest horse in Douglas county, having won several lively contested races. Her last June colt was with her, but it got away with slight bruises.

Last Friday, says the Roseburg *Plaindealer*, as John Vanorder was going up the left bank of the Umpqua river, he found opposite Thomas P. Sheridan's place, just south of Roseburg, where a man had camped, a quilt or comforter to which was secured an overcoat, a pair of pants, a cap, a new pair of shoes and a regular old-fashioned German pipe; also an old express tag from which the name of the owner had been studiously erased and some other papers, all of which he turned over to Sheriff Purdom, who proceeded to the scene where they were found, but discovered nothing further save that there were signs of some one sliding into the river. He went to the Northern Pacific express office, whose tag was found with the things, and there learned that the man who had received the identical shoes and other things a few days ago was named Theodore Dubbs. Further than this nothing has been ascertained. It is more than likely that there is a man in the river and our coroner ought to investigate the matter.

Washington Territory.

Colfax has three banks.

The Snake River at Ainsworth was full of running ice Friday.

On Thursday J. H. Batey of Sprague, while on his way from Colfax to Moscow, was thrown from his horse and quite seriously injured.

Thomas Littell, who was so badly hurt by a coasting accident a few days ago at Seattle, is reported by the attending physician to be getting along well, and he will be able to get about soon.

The last pier of the Snake river bridge at Ainsworth will be finished this week. Two spans of the bridge are in place. The machinery for turning the draw has been put in place on the center pier.

N. Harris of Dayton is making arrangements to build during the coming season a hotel after the plan of the Holton house, Portland. He has already purchased $8000 worth of lumber for that purpose.

Colonel Strader, an employe in the Clipper mill, near Algona, Spokane county, met with a severe accident while edging shingles by catching his middle and ring fingers in the edger, mangling them severely.

Lieut. Eugene Blandi, late of the U. S. revenue marine service, and formerly a resident of Port Townsend, has invested with John Leary, D. T. Wheeler and others in a furniture factory at Seattle, with a capital stock of $50,000, having purchased one of the local factories.

Waitsburg Times: The prospects for a good fruit crop north of Snake river are said to be good, the weather there having been cold enough to prevent the swelling of the buds. The same is true here with the few orchards that were not destroyed by the freeze of one year ago.

A Spokane Falls exchange says: From every locality we hear of the excellent wintering condition of stock. There has been but little feeding done, and stock is said to be fat enough for the market. The great demand for cows and horses in the spring will make the possession of a hundred head or so equal to a small fortune.

The business during January at the government land office in Olympia has been the largest ever transacted in any month since its establishment. Its total cash receipts were $53,908. The business performed consisted of the following entries, sales and final proofs: Homestead entries paid for, 7; pre-emption entries paid for, 14; private entries paid for, 6; timber entries paid for, 101; town site entries paid for, 2; homestead entries, 126; homestead final proof, 16; pre-emption filings, 176; coal filings, 3.

Last Thursday three men—W. S. Shaw, Robert Devlin and George Haverly—engaged in a sort of general row in Colfax, which resulted in Devlin getting shot in the back. It appears that Devlin, who is a well-to-do farmer, came to Colfax, and while there became intoxicated. He was found in a half drunken condition by his friend Shaw in a saloon in the basement of the Timber house. Haverly, who was the barkeeper, attempted to forcibly eject Devlin, when Shaw interfered and said he would take his friend away. This led to words and blows between Shaw and Haverly. The fight was renewed after the two had reached the street, when Haverly drew a pistol and shot at Shaw. However, the shot missed its aim, and the ball took effect in Devlin's back. Devlin staggered and fell. It was soon discovered that he was shot, and that his shirt (he had taken off his coat before this) was on fire. The fire was extinguished and the wounded man was taken into the office of the Timber House, and afterward removed to a room under the city hall. An examination of the wound showed that the ball had passed between the shoulder blades and lodged near the top of the right lung. The shooting was done with a 44-caliber English self-cocking "bull-dog" revolver. A later and thorough examination of the condition of the wounded man has shown that he is not so seriously hurt as at first supposed. The ball deflected in its course and passed into the right arm. Devlin will probably recover. Haverly was arrested and is now in custody. Shaw claims that Haverly was the aggressor and made and continued an unprovoked assault on him. Haverly, on the other hand, says he was set on by Shaw and Devlin, and acted only in self defense, and that the shooting was the result of an accident.

Points of Democratic Disagreement.

Louisville Courier-Journal.

Mr. Randall and his followers are out-and-out protectionists. "To so apportion the duties as to afford to the American producer a sufficient protection against the competition of foreign producers," is to put the tariff at such a high figure as to virtually shut out the foreign producer, thus allowing the American to charge the home consumer two prices for his goods. This is a system which levies on the people nominally for the government, but really for the private producer. Mr. Randall and his followers, as the New York *Sun* states, wish to reduce the surplus revenue by abolishing the internal revenue system. That abolished, the present high tariff must be retained to meet the expenses of the government. The *Sun* says that they would do away with the internal revenue because it is a war measure, but the *Sun* does not state that the present tariff is also a war measure, and on that ground alone there is no reason why one should be abolished that will not apply to the other. The democrats represented by Mr. Carlisle hold that the question with reference to these two systems of taxation is just this: A large revenue must be raised to meet the expenses of the government. At the present rates neither of these systems alone will supply this revenue, but both of them furnish an excess. It is right that a reduction be made somewhere. The Carlisle democrats say it should be made in the tariff system; the Randall followers say it should be made in the abolition of the internal revenue system. They urge that the tax should be taken off of whisky and tobacco, and that the necessaries of life be made to bear the whole burden of taxation. They contend that the people's clothes and food and household furniture and mechanical utensils and implements should be taxed to support the government, while whisky and tobacco should be free. Those who believe with Mr. Carlisle hold that this is unjust, and that if there is any reduction in taxation to be made it should begin with those articles most closely connected with the people's comfort and welfare. The protective system in itself is wrong, because it levies taxes less for public purposes than for private individuals, the manufacturer receiving about $4 of the tax where the government receives $1, whereas the tax on whisky and tobacco goes directly to the government.

Enclose 10 cents and the address of an eastern friend to this office, for the weekly OREGONIAN. The best means to immigrate to the east.

OREGON STOCKS IN WALL STREET.

An Account of the Transactions of February 2

New York Times.

The bull pools and combinations which have turned the market were formed about the first of the year, except the syndicate of eight members who made such a sharp bargain with the unlucky O. T. Company. That appears to have been later. The efforts of the pools before this one came on the scene, met with poor success. The fiasco in the West Shore bonds and the collapse of the North River Construction Company, scattered the market almost as soon as it had been started up, for no sooner had the cliques pulled themselves together again, and steadied quotations, than the Northern Pacific, Oregon Transcontinental, and Oregon Navigation, stock and bonds alike, began to crumble right and left, threatening to bring the whole fabric down in ruin. Out of the darkness, however, came the light; not for the O. T. Company, or the Northern Pacific, so far as any one can see, but for the members of the bull pools. The big operators who had gone short of these stocks were the creditors of the O. T. Company, the brokers of that concern having borrowed of them (they being about the only people able or willing to lend on pledge of the O. T. Company's stocks). Knowing that the company had no funds to meet their loan when it became due, they expected to cover their shorts when the stocks should be sold in the market to raise the necessary money. The Gould-Sage syndicate stepped in, supplied the O. T. Company with money, taking a big block of its stocks for it, and the shorts, in the expressive phraseology of the street, "had to climb." The amount of Oregon Transcontinental stock taken, nearly made a corner; and the sudden jump in that from 8 [illegible] is regular, and 19 cash, [illegible] delivery) was the shock which really turned the market. No one could tell what was coming next and universal confusion followed. [illegible] of the street [illegible] the bull cliques previously it had been [illegible] and the scene which followed the corner in Northern Pacific preferred in October has been reenacted during the past week. It will not be forgotten that the vigorous friends of Mr. Villard organized and began, on that occasion, on [illegible] corner just as Mr. [illegible] are covering now.

Of course, it was a fine thing for the syndicate to get so big a slice of the Oregon and Transcontinental Company's assets at the price they did, and by the operation be enabled to turn the market, as it was almost a moral certainty that it would be done, by greatly benefiting their own interests in it; but the unfortunate Oregon and Transcontinental stockholders, whose property was turned over on such harsh terms, were really the victims of the deal. The action of President Endicott caused the greatest astonishment when the details became known. As a business transaction, the universal voice of bull and bear alike condemned it. To sell a big block of Northern Pacific common at 16 and the preferred at 35 when, for example, such miserable trash as Wabash, which for years has done little but pile up stock and bond debt, was quoted in the market at 19 and 29; and to sell Oregon Navigation at 75, these prices being 5 per cent. below the very lowest the securities were ever quoted at in this market—such a transaction was regarded as showing on the part of President Endicott, even less financial ability than Mr. Villard had displayed. It is true the O. T. Company was in difficulties, but a capable man could have got it out without such a wholesale sacrifice as this transaction involves. "It is just like those Boston fellows," exclaimed a Boston man, indignantly. "When a concern gets into difficulty, they pick out some eminently respectable and honest man and put him at the head of it, thinking that his honesty and respectability will bring it out all right,—and he just raises the deuce. They do it every time." The general opinion is that a strong man, in the position President Endicott was placed, would have negotiated with both parties, those who had lent the money and wanted to cover their shorts, and the other people, who were willing to take the stocks to turn the market on their opponents. With only average business skill he could have driven a good bargain between the two. As it is, the O. T. company, and the Northern Pacific and Oregon properties, have been surrendered at a nominal price, to the tender mercies of Jay Gould & Co. They were in bad case before, with the bears after them, but now, if there be anything left when the present powers get through with them, Wall street inclines to believe that it will be because it is not worth taking.

The rushing up of prices which has followed the transaction might deceive the ordinary observer into the belief that some great good had been accomplished; but a reaction of the market was about due anyhow. The wild rush which followed the Northern Pacific corner, and the slaughter of the shorts, did no good to the properties. It left them, in fact, in poorer shape than they were before, and the steady driving up of Union Pacific, which has been done this week, is looked upon as having a very sinister meaning for the Northern Pacific and Oregon companies. The latter company has lines which it would be very desirable to get hold of to help out the Union Pacific's Oregon Short Line; and a lease, something in the Metropolitan and Manhattan style, which should emasculate the Oregon company for the benefit of the Short Line, while the Northern Pacific was crippled by some other method, in points where it would compete with the Union Pacific, would be a great misfortune to the people who have been buying Union Pacific stock, Mr. Gould being the chief. Business transactions are not done for philanthropy in Wall street, which is a place where the social philosopher may study the working out of the law of the survival of the fittest in its most inexorable application. The weakest fall, and whoever falls is devoured.

FARMERS AND THE BARTER SYSTEM.

McCoy, Polk Co., Or., Feb. 5, 1884.

To the Editor of the Oregonian:

Permit the undersigned, an old subscriber, to give his views on several subjects and matters of interest to Oregon. You are accused by the *Farmer* of saying that Oregon was taking "the dry-rot," and that we must have "new blood to rejuvenate us," or lose ground, etc. If correct, it must have appeared in the daily, as we have not seen it in the weekly. As you are daily busy as editor in the city, we think that you misapprehend the situation of the farmers of Oregon. Allow us, therefore, to give you the honest view of a farmer. In an ordinary season we realize the cash only for wheat, wool and pork. All other produce is paid for in barter. The merchant sets his price on both commodities. The average farmer cannot live on barter, because it takes cash to get to town, hence the oftener he goes the sooner he gets in his purse. We have learned this by experience, as we have tried it with bacon, potatoes, oats, butter, etc. If you make a fine article of butter, you may engage it for the season at 20 cents per pound, stamped and delivered before 6 o'clock in the morning, and out of this you pay 50 cents for ferriage, and the day is spoiled for any other work. There is nothing in it, unless a man keeps a regular dairy farm. Perhaps you say, why don't you ship your goods direct to Portland where we pay the cash? Yes, please listen. A neighbor went there with pork and turkeys; inquiring the price, the merchant asks, "where is your produce?" Answer, "At the depot." "Well, we pay so much; we have about all that we can handle." The farmer sells, but learns afterward that pork is actually selling for half a cent higher than he realized. He now leaves his produce at home at the station, and sells first, if it suits, and then orders the produce forwarded. What could we expect to realize if we shipped our produce in care of some merchant of Portland? That has been repeatedly tried, but seldom gives satisfaction. Now, Mr. Editor, we think if you will reflect a moment on the whole situation, you will conclude that the Oregon merchant needs as much reconstruction as the farmer, if not a little more so.

Pay the farmer the cash, at some price, for his produce and the cities and towns will be flooded with it. But as long as that is not done the situation will not change. Respectfully,

GEO. H. EHLERS.

Thursday evening a meeting of the Tacoma carpenters' union was held, when the following officers elected at the last meeting, to serve for the term of four months, undertook the duties of their offices, D. A. Mitchell, president; E. H. Sherman, vice president; W. Dean, secretary; W. Quintette, assistant secretary; J. H. Lotz, treasurer; W. Triplett, A. C. Mills and S. D. Harrison, trustees. During the evening thirteen new members were enrolled, making the total membership of the union fifty-four.

THE HOTELS.

CLARENDON.

J Thorn, Salem
B E Snipes, Dalles
G F Smith, do
C Cotten, Albali
J N Clark, do
F A Porter, do
Miss Wade, Seattle
Mrs R Porter & ch, Grants
J D Hill, Missouri
W T Barker, do
H B Wright, do

J Burk & wf, Vancouver
O P Tompkins, Albany
T Hughes & wf, Albany
J Chenoweth, Oakland
T Hayes, Yamhill
D Huntling, do
H J Green, Oakland
Mrs J Cushing, 2 ch, Minn
H E Herron, Pendleton
R R Dunn, Missouri

QUIMBY HOUSE.

J D Fenton, Lafayette
J T Eaton, Pullman, W T
G W Langer & wf, do
C H Buckingham & wf, do
F F Clark, Cherry
A H Morrison, N P R R
W L Spuckman, Ills
Dr Capp & wf, Centerville
A D Marshall, Dancella
I S Stewart, Seattle
J T Rhodes, Tacoma
J Repple, Helena
J Barnett, Cal
D Barrett, do
V B Munger, N Tacoma
J Wilson, San Francisco
J Pettigrew, do
M Doherty, do
D H Jenkins, do
J H Rush, do
H P Williamson, do
Hammer, do

G Renz, Walla Walla
M F Jones, Detroit
W E Martin, Dalles
W F Smith & fm, Leadville
Mrs T Brown, do
B P Byers, do
H Alger & fm, Shamokawa
L L Morant, Liverpool
H J Gargrove, S F
H P Miller, Seattle
R H Hibley, Salem
A B Eddy & wf, Chicago
F Dithen, St Paul
B Mathew, do
Mrs D Griff, St Paul
E A D Griff, do
H D Griff, do
Mrs L Grandin, do
H P Wilson, do
S F Blair, Chicago
B F Scott, Eagle City, I T
Mrs G Keen, S F

ST. CHARLES.

M J Armick, San Fran
N A Handy, do
C L Knox, do
B Selva, do
C G Young, do
Geo C Flanders, do
Mrs D Eckstrom, do
H C Hayes & fy, do
M Wertheimer, do
R B Wender, do
F A Jenkins, Eugene
H West, Scappoose
M M Farrell, do
Mrs L A J Lovett, Goshen
J J Simpson, Amity
G W Gratcher, do
Mrs Jesse Boynton, Needy
G P Dart, Salem
J L Jones, Lathamet
Scott Cornelius, Cornelius
J A Eikoff, Amity
J Wirtz, Colorado

Wm F Dugan, Salem
G W Frazer, Napa, Cal
J H Graham, Oregon City
Mrs J M McCown, Turner
F H Neale, McKoy
C G Frazer, do
Mrs J Mattic, Lafayette
G W Young, Seattle
O Stewart & wf, Pullman
Mrs W E Mattock, Pendleton
Sunset Hire & wf, Tacoma
W D Greenwood, Spokane F
Chris Miller, Last Chance
O Gatton & wf, St Johns
C N Pike, Dalles Point
W A Crooks, Roseburg
E M Wade, do
C H Seaman, Hood River
Ed Hill & fy, Albany
Lehman Place, Pendleton
G W Jones & wf, Wisconsin

ESMOND.

Mrs A Wettle, San Fran
Mrs Wright, do
W Wirtenski, do
Jeff Thomas, do
H Williamson, Or City
J Goldenbach, Tillamook
D Schwartz, Victoria
H E Hart, Grant's Pass
A Thomas, U S A
J Short & ch, San Fran
C F Stettheben, Truckee
W F Edwards, do
Mrs G W Derby, Japan
Mrs A D Brown, San F
Miss M Brown, do
L Sullivan & troupe, NY
J Foreman, C'd Alene
F Dupont, Victoria
G Harris, do
M Kamitsky, Gervais
J Judge, San Fran
S Henry, Seattle
F Selly, do
L E Whitehouse, Sp Falls

F D Hayden, Boston
Mrs Hayden, do
C Powers, Kalamazoo
Mrs C Powers, do
Miss A Powers, do
H Stuart, Eagle City
M Stuart, do
M I Kenny, Astoria
T P Reynolds, New York
T J Heath, Illinois
A J Hazeltine & wf, Pa
P J Williams, San Fran
W L Sternweg, do
H Maine, Phila
Mrs Melville, Boise City
Miss H Freeman, Salem
Joseph Johnson, Sitka
M Schlavinski, do
W F Dowd, Tacoma
W J Benjamin, Roseburg
J W Anderson, Tacoma
Harry Ewold, San Fran
J Turner, do
W D Caldwell, Salem

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

MONDAY, Feb. 11.

Cold weather with a biting easterly wind interfered largely with trade. Interior shipments averaged well, but there was little local business doing.

Weather throughout eastern Oregon and Washington very cold, all points showing a thermometer below zero, with clear skies. At Umatilla, Willows and [illegible] the river was full of ice. The state of the thermometer was as follows at the points named: Riparia 12, Dayton and Walla Walla; Walla Walla and Celilo 4, Umatilla and the Dalles 10, Willows 15, Grants 6, Blalock's 1, Pendleton 25, Hood River 1 all below zero. At Portland 12 above. The eastern section [illegible] snow to protect grain. Overland receipts include 48 cs canned goods, 240 lbs tobacco, 1 bbl nuts, 4 cs candy, 10 kits salt fish, 2 cs butter, 1 pkg cigarettes.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS—Past 48 hours: 1213 ctls wheat, 816 bbls flour, 5 ctls oats, 90 ctls bran, 100 ctls middlings, 2794 lbs hides, 52 cs eggs, 11 162 lbs hops, 71 bxs fruit, 1 bx butter. Also 261 ctls wheat, 21 bbls flour from the eastern section.

EXPORTS—Per str State of California: 40 qr sks Champion flour, Atlanta 300 hf Hardsville 12, hf 155 qr Star Union sks Station flour, 9702 ctls wheat, 155 sks potatoes, 2700 lbs hops, 1420 lbs wool, 2 bls lard, 7 bls deerskins, 1 bl goatskins, 15 bls sheepskins, 11 sks leather, 1 bl hair, 27 sks horns, 51 dry 85 gr hides, 2 bls flannels, 6 bls blankets, 5 cs cascara, 1551 ft lumber, $21,522 treasure.

FREIGHTS—Some little business is doing at San Francisco, but with us there is the same inactivity. The advance may help outside freights here, but can have little effect in the way of foreign grain business.

WHEAT—Our market is altogether without life. Nothing is done even at the low values, and it is hardly [illegible] to an occasional small lot to [illegible]. No great quantity is likely to change hands until the market improves. New York is steady at lower prices. Chicago is higher for May delivery. San Francisco is in buyers' favor. Beerbohm gives nothing of interest.

FLOUR—The Bermah was loaded by the Oregon City mills, not as previously reported. The usual quantity goes north by the Eureka, and stocks are easy. We quote standard $5, outside brands $4 25@4 75, with other grades slow and weaker.

DRIED FRUIT—Sun dried apples, 6@6½; Plummer dried do, in boxes, 16c; plums, 16c; Oregon prunes, 13c; German and eastern prunes 8@8½c; peaches, 12@15c; pears, nominal at 10@12½c; California figs, 9c; raisins, $1 75@2 per box, with usual advance for fractions.

PROVISIONS—Bacon, 11@12c; shoulders, 10@11c; country cured hams, 13@14c; best cured hams, 16@18c; lard, 12½@13c for small tins, 11@12c for kegs and 40 lb tins, and 12½@14 lb for eastern pailed.

POULTRY—Chickens quoted $3 50@5; ducks and geese $5@6.

EGGS—Firm at 30 cents. Receipts larger, but the cold snap will reduce them.

SHIPPING NOTES.

The Br bk Bermah sailed for Queenstown to-day. This clears Astoria harbor of working vessels—for the first day since July last.

The State of California sailed at 12:10 A. M. with 380 tons freight. She reached Astoria at 7 A. M., evidently not having been troubled by ice.

The steam collier Umatilla, the loss of which is elsewhere reported to-day, was one of the three large steamers built by Roach for the Oregon Improvement Company, and designed for the coal trade. She was launched in April, 1881, and reached this coast the following fall, since which time she has been carrying coal from Seattle to this port or to San Francisco, besides bringing several freight cargoes to this city. She was strongly built of iron, and was rated first class for twenty years; was 310 feet in length, 40.6 breadth of beam and 22 depth of hold, registering 2100 tons and having a capacity for 3200 tons of coal. She was also fitted with water ballast tanks. Her commander, Frank Worth, brought the steamer out. He was for years an officer on steam vessels employed in the Atlantic coast trade and trans-Atlantic service. As the weather has not been extremely rough, it is thought the men in the boats are safe ashore.

Markets by Telegraph.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 11.

Weather—Clear and cold, wind light northwest. Rainfall yesterday at Los Angeles, .56, San Diego, .83.

Receipts—Wheat, [illegible] flour, 9000 sks oats, [illegible] potatoes, 1650 sks, eggs, 17,000 doz.

Freights and Charters—Chartered for Cork U. K. [illegible] Antwerp, American ship John T. Berry, [illegible]. It is rumored that the British bark [illegible], 1130 tons, and the British ship [illegible], have been chartered for wheat. The American ship [illegible] Reed has been chartered for lumber. Registered tonnage in port en route, 19,930 tons; disengaged, [illegible] to arrive, [illegible] tons.

Wheat—Spot market dull and prices favor buyers. [illegible] No. 1 white, seller the season, $1 [illegible]

Flour—Dull and [illegible] lower on poor grades.

Barley—Feed quiet on spot [illegible]

Oats—Inactive. Holders will have to shade rates to do business. Nominal prices range from $1 [illegible]

Potatoes—General features of the market unchanged. Common Petaluma and Tomales sell at [illegible]

Onions—Choice sold at [illegible]

Salmon—Market poorly supplied with Columbia river brands, $1 20 bid for export account.

Wool—The demand for scouring is fair, market steady.

Hops—Firm at full prices, quote 17@22½c.

Eggs—Firmer, owing to a reduction in stocks; fresh California, 25@27½.

Butter—Stocks small, market firm at 35@37½c for fresh roll.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.

Wool—steady, fall burry 10@15c, clean fall 16@20c, spring burry 16@20c, clear spring 20@40c, pulled 25@40c. Hides, steady, 22¼@25c; flour weak and dull; wheat steady, $1@1 05.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Feb. 11.

May options—Wheat higher, $1 01¾; pork higher, $18 15; lard higher, $10 15; ribs higher, $9 47½; short ribs higher, $9 45.

BEERBOHM'S FOREIGN BREADSTUFFS REPORT

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, Feb. 11.

Floating cargoes—Quiet but steady.

Cargoes on passage and for shipment—Quiet but steady.

Mark Lane—Very inactive.

English and French country markets—Quiet.

Farmers' deliveries of wheat during the week—Between 45,000 and 50,000 quarters.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 11.

Spot market—Firm.

PARIS MARKETS.

PARIS, Feb. 11.

Wheat and flour on spot—Quiet.

MONEY MARKETS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 11.—Sterling exchange on London banks, sixty days $4 85; documentary, $4 84.

Transfers [illegible]

Bank of England rate of interest—3½ per cent.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—Silver bullion, 1000 fine, per fine ounce, 111½.

Sterling exchange, prime banks, long, $4 8[illegible]; short, $4 8[illegible].

Good commercial, from 1 to ½c lower; documentary, 2 to 1½c lower.

United States bonds 3s, 10[illegible]; 4½s, 114[illegible]; 4s, 123½.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—Consols 100 11-16@13-16; money, 100 15-16@1 1-16, account.

Silver bullion, English standard 925 fine, per fine ounce, 51.

United States bonds 3½s, [illegible]; 4s, 11[illegible]; 4½s, 126[illegible].

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—Cleared—Sh John H. Hayes, Baltimore.

ASTORIA, Feb. 11—8 A. M.—Weather clear, wind east. Str Columbia arrived in 10:30 A. M.; left up 12:30 P. M. Str State of California went down 7 A. M., left out 10:30. Str A. B. Field arrived in 8:30 A. M. At 4 P. M. clear, east wind.

CAPE HANCOCK, Feb. 11.—Str State of California passed out 11:15 A. M., Br bk Bermah passed out 12:30 P. M. At 4 P. M. bar smooth; weather clear; wind east, velocity 10 miles.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 11.—Arrived—Bk Arkwright, Port Townsend; schr American Girl, Coos bay; bk Wilmington, Seattle; Sailed—Sh Detroit, Nanaimo; schr Big River, Coos bay; [illegible]. 5 P. M.—Weather clear, cold and calm.

FOREIGN PORTS.

BOSTON, Jan. 29.—Arrived—Herr sh Adelaide, San Francisco.

FALMOUTH, Jan. 29.—Arrived—Brsh Thos. Stephens, San Francisco.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 9.—Arrived—Sh Ella Wasdale and Meredith, San Francisco.

NEWCASTLE, N. S. W., Feb. 8.—Arrived—Brsh City of Delhi, San Francisco.

Y. P. Rosas, [illegible] Feb. 9.—Arrived—Str [illegible] of [illegible], San Francisco.

DOVER, Jan. 27.—Sailed—Brsh Italia, Queenstown for Hartlepool.

REPORTS.

[illegible] N, lon 29 27 W, Br [illegible] New York for Seattle.

MINING STOCKS REPORT.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 11

Alpha	1 20	Mexican	2
Best & Belcher	2 20	Ophir	[illegible]
Bodie	[illegible]	[illegible]	1
Chollar	2 [illegible]	Potosi	[illegible]
Con Virginia	[illegible]	Savage	[illegible]
Crown Point	[illegible]	Sierra Nevada	2
Eureka Con	1	Silver King	[illegible]
Exchequer	[illegible]	Union	[illegible]
Gould & Curry	1	Utah	1 [illegible]
Grand Prize	[illegible]	Yellow Jacket	[illegible]
Hale & Norcross	1 [illegible]		

NEW YORK STOCKS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11

OPENING.

Pacific Mail	47	Western Union	7[illegible]
Nor Pacific com	21½	Lake Shore	1[illegible]
North Pacific com	2[illegible]	New York Central	11[illegible]
North Pacific Pref'd	46¾	Erie	2[illegible]
Transcontinental	20½	O R & N stock	93, 9[illegible]

12:30 P. M.

Or. Imp. stock	46	Or. Imp. bonds	76½

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Western Union	76½	Transcontinental	18½
O R & N stock, 91½, 92, 91½, 94		Or. Imp stock	45

ST. JACOBS OIL TRADE MARK

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR PAIN.

CURES Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache, Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, AND ALL OTHER BODILY PAINS AND ACHES.

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO. Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

Taken in Hot Water

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT

[illegible]

(The Emperor Louis Napoleon smoked only the finest cigars the world could produce. Prof. Horsford says the Emperor's cigars were made specially for him from leaf grown in the Golden Belt of North Carolina, this being the finest leaf grown. Blackwell's Bull Durham Smoking Tobacco is made from the same leaf used in the Emperor's cigars, is absolutely pure and is unquestionably the best tobacco ever offered.

Thackeray's gifted daughter, Anne, in her sketch of Alfred Tennyson, in *Harper's Monthly*, tells of her visit to the great poet. She found him smoking Blackwell's Bull Durham Tobacco, sent him by Hon. James Russell Lowell, American Minister to the Court of St. James.

In these days of adulteration, it is a comfort to smokers to know that the Bull Durham brand is absolutely pure, and made from the best tobacco the world produces. Blackwell's Bull Durham Smoking Tobacco is the best and purest made. All dealers have it. None genuine without the trade mark of the Bull.

TUTT'S PILLS

TORPID BOWELS, DISORDERED LIVER, and MALARIA.

From these sources arise three-fourths of the diseases of the human race. These symptoms indicate their existence: Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Sick Headache, fullness after eating, aversion to exertion of body or mind, Eructation of food, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, A feeling of having neglected some duty, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, highly colored Urine, CONSTIPATION, and demand the use of a remedy that acts directly on the Liver. As a Liver medicine TUTT'S PILLS have no equal. [illegible] TUTT'S PILLS [illegible]

ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

Gray Hair or Whiskers changed to a Glossy Black by a single application of this Dye. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1. Office, 35 Murray street, New York.

TUTT'S MANUAL OF USEFUL RECEIPTS FREE.

1857. J. C. CARSON, 1884.

Manufacturer of and Dealer in all kinds of

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, Frames, Mouldings, Brackets, etc., SEASONED FINISHING LUMBER Constantly on Hand.

State Building Stairs, Stair Railing, Balusters, Newel Posts, plain and fancy, in seasonable woods.

IMPORTERS OF ALL KINDS OF WINDOW AND PLATE GLASS.

Orders from the Country will receive Prompt and Careful Attention. Send for Circulars.

SALESROOM, COR. THIRD and D. Factory at Weidler's Mill, Portland, Oregon.

CATARRH!

Those suffering from this disease and desiring to be CURED

Can obtain more permanent relief [illegible] cure by the use of my remedy.

Hours from 9 to 12 and from 2 to 5.

[illegible] Hotel

PAIN IS THE CRY [illegible]

Collins' Voltaic Electric Plaster [illegible] Battery combined with a Porous Plaster for 25 cents. [illegible]

BRIMSTONE.

3,000 Tons in Warehouse.

Assays 99 Per Cent.

For sale in lots to suit. [illegible] M. MOLINEUX, 122 Sutter st, S. F.

NOTICE OF [illegible]

CLUETT'S CROWN COLLARS AND CUFFS. TRADE MARK. MONARCH SHIRTS SOLD BY LEADING DEALERS.

WEAK AND UNDEVELOPED PARTS OF THE HUMAN BODY ENLARGED, DEVELOPED AND STRENGTHENED, etc., [illegible] ERIE MEDICAL CO., P. O. Box 513, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. BATE

[illegible]

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE. [illegible]

WOOD! WOOD! WOOD!

SLAB WOOD [illegible] PER LOAD—FROM WEIDLER'S MILL. [illegible] orders left at mill or in the box at Ross Saloon will be promptly attended to.

W. E. M. L. & M. CO.

BANKS.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND.

President .... HENRY FAILING
Vice President .... H. W. CORBETT
Cashier .... G. E. WITHINGTON

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, available in Europe and the Eastern States.

SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS sold on New York, Boston, Chicago, St. Louis and San Francisco.

SIGHT AND SIXTY-DAY BILLS drawn in sums to suit on London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfort-on-the-Main, Hongkong.

COLLECTIONS made on favorable terms at all accessible points.

The Dundee Mortgage AND Trust Investment Co., Ltd.

Capital authorized $5,000,000
Capital subscribed .... $ 3,000,000

Head Office .... [illegible] Dundee, Scotland.

Local Directors in Portland: [illegible]

Money to Loan on Improved Farming Lands in [illegible] Washington Territory. Full information may be obtained on application to

HUGH ROSS, Agent, 40 Second st., corner of Ash.

WILLIAM REID, President. WILLIAM LOWE, Cashier.

O. & W. MORTGAGE SAVINGS BANK OF OREGON

48 First Street, Portland.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

Four months 4 per cent.
Six months 5 "
Nine months 6 "
One year 8 "

FOUR MILLIONS OF DOLLARS since 1876 loaned over Farms and City Properties.

BANK OF OREGON

No. 46 First St., corner Ash, Portland, Or.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

[illegible] per cent per annum on 3 months' deposits
[illegible] per cent per annum on 6 months' deposits
[illegible] per cent per annum on 9 months' deposits
[illegible] per cent per annum on 12 months' deposits

Money Loaned on Improved Real Estate Security; also on State, County or City Bonds or Warrants.

ROBERT BELL, Pres't.

VAN B. DELASHMUTT, President. W. W. FECHHEIMER, Vice President. [illegible] Cashier.

Metropolitan Savings Bank OF PORTLAND, OREGON.

PAYS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

[illegible]

Directors. [illegible]

S. E. Cor. First and Stark Sts.

The Portland Savings Bank OF PORTLAND, OREGON. PAYS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

[illegible]

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

Paid-up Capital and Reserve $2,600,000

Head Office, 28 Cornhill, London.

Branches: Portland, San Francisco, Victoria.

[illegible]

LADD & TILTON, BANKERS.

Transact a General Banking Business.

[illegible]

WILLAMETTE SAVINGS BANK OF PORTLAND, OR.

[illegible]

LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK LIMITED.

Capital $2,100,000
Reserve $420,000

Head Office, 22 Old Broad st., London.

[illegible]

Portland Branch, cor. Third and Oak sts. W. MACKINTOSH, Manager.

DR. PAUL M. BRENAN

[illegible]

Consultation Free [illegible]

BLACK BLASTING POWDER

THE GRANITE BLASTING POWDER COMPANY, of San Francisco, is selling BLACK BLASTING POWDER [illegible] 7 cents per pound in 50-pound boxes.

A. HALSEY, SECRETARY,

NO. 325 Montgomery St., SAN FRANCISCO.

[illegible]

DR. WHITTIER [illegible]

HOMES HOMES HOMES!

For Sale, Lots, Blocks and small tracts, by the Southern Portland Association in their Addition on the Macadam road. Terms easy—payable in installments to suit purchasers. IRA B. STURGES, Secretary Southern Portland Association, Room 5 No. 105½ First street.

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Agricultural Insurance Co. OF WATERTOWN, N. Y.

Cash Assets $1,401,684 81
Paid for Losses since organization 3,725,322 18

INSURES ONLY RESIDENCES AND FARM PROPERTY.

[illegible]

$50,000 Deposit in Oregon.

HENRY ROBINSON, Agent.

No. 7 First st., Portland, Or.

The Oregon Fire & Marine Ins. Co. OF PORTLAND.

DIRECTORS: [illegible]

Office, 38 Washington St.

GERMANIA FIRE INS. CO. OF NEW YORK.

Cash Assets $2,561,188 09

JAMES LAIDLAW & CO., GENERAL AGENTS.

No. 16 North Front st., Portland, Or. P. H. ALLEN, JR., Manager.

OREGON BRANCH HAMBURG - MAGDEBURG Fire Insurance Co., OF HAMBURG.

Deposit in Oregon $50,000

JAMES LAIDLAW & CO., Gen'l Agents, 16 North Front St. P. H. ALLEN, Jr., Manager.

South British and National Fire and Marine Insurance Cos.

Combined Capital $15,000,000
Deposit in Oregon $100,000

JAMES LAIDLAW & CO., Gen'l. Agts, 16 North Front St. P. H. ALLEN, Jr., Manager.

UNION INSURANCE COMPANY OF SAN FRANCISCO.

FIRE AND MARINE.

Capital .... $750,000.

BRANCH OFFICE FOR OREGON: North side Stark, bet. Front & First, Portland. JAMES S. REED, Agent.

THE THAMES & MERSEY MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital subscribed $10,000,000
[illegible]

Risks accepted and POLICIES WRITTEN by the agent, NO. 5 FIRST ST., PORTLAND, OR. PHILIP SCHUYLER, Agent.

IMPERIAL, LONDON, NORTHERN, and QUEEN Insurance Companies of London & Liverpool.

Deposit in Oregon $200,000

[illegible]

NEW ZEALAND INSURANCE COMPANY. FIRE AND MARINE.

Capital .... $5,000,000.

[illegible]

W. F. BROWN, Manager, No. 23 Stark St., Portland.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

R. C. JANION & SON, Portland, Or., Importers & Commission Merchants

[illegible] Coal, Tin Plates, Pig Iron, Salt, Fire Bricks, Bags, Chemicals, Hardware, Wines and Liquors, etc., etc.

MEYER, WILSON & CO. Shipping and Commission Merchants.

[illegible]

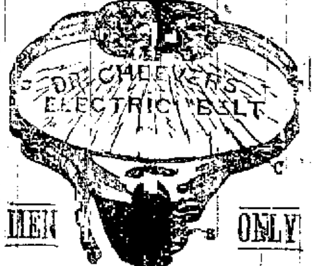
MARKETS.

PACIFIC MARKET.

SPAULDING & PAPWORTH, BUTCHERS AND PACKERS, DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF MEATS. Corner Third and Ash streets.

A. H. JOHNSON, Central Market. Wholesale Butcher and Packer, [illegible]

Horlick's Food For Infants [illegible]



DR. CHEEVER'S ELECTRIC BELT

MEN ONLY

[illegible]

RUBBER STAMPS STENCILS SEALS

SEAL ENGRAVER [illegible] FIRST ST.

Weak Nervous Men [illegible] THE MARSTON BOLUS [illegible]

MANHOOD RESTORED. [illegible] Address, J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham St., New York.

RIVER STEAMERS.

FOR LEWIS RIVER.

THE STEAMER MASON, W. G. WEIR, MASTER, will leave Alder st. for La Center and way ports Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday at 10 A. M. No freight received after 9:30.

On and after Monday, Jan. 14, the steamer "Manzanillo" will be laid up for a few weeks for repairs.

Str. MANZANILLO.

For Astoria—Fast Line.

THE STEAMER FLEETWOOD,

[illegible]

FOR COWLITZ RIVER.

Steamer JOS. KELLOGG, from foot of Yamhill street, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7 A. M. [illegible]

VANCOUVER TRANSPORTATION CO.

[illegible]

SHIPPING.

For Gray's Harbor.

Schr GEN. BANNING

On or about Wednesday, Feb. 13, 1884.

[illegible]

Sutton & Co's Dispatch Line. From New York.

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON, DIRECT.

BELLE OF OREGON,

[illegible]

FISHERMEN! Twines & Netting

MANUFACTURED BY THE Baltimore Twine and Net Company.

WM. J. HOOPER & SON, No. 6 South Calvert St., Baltimore, Md.

[illegible] PLEASE MENTION THIS PAPER.

S.S.S.

CAUTION.

[illegible]

GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY

[illegible] DR. MINTIE [illegible] SAMPLE BOTTLE FREE [illegible]

W. A. S. WOLFE'S Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps.

[illegible]

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S SON & CO., 18 Beaver St., New York.

J. B. CONGLE [illegible]

DR. FELIX LE BRUN'S G & G

Preventive and Cure, for either Sex.

[illegible]

Dr. Felix Le Brun & Co. Sole Props. WOODARD, CLARKE & CO., Wholesale and Retail Druggists, PORTLAND, OREGON. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

SWAYNE'S OINTMENT ITCHING PILES

SYMPTOMS AND CURE.

[illegible]

SMITH BROS. & WATSON'S IRON WORKS.

MANUFACTURERS OF CASTINGS AND MACHINERY of all kinds; ENGINES, BOILERS and SAW MILLS.

Office and Works, Front and Harrison streets Portland, Oregon.

RAILWAYS AND STEAMBOATS.

Oregon R'y & Navigation Co.

OCEAN DIVISION.

[illegible]

RAIL DIVISION.

[illegible]

MIDDLE COLUMBIA RIVER DIVISION. DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

[illegible]

NARROW GAUGE DIVISION. [illegible]

WEST SIDE. [illegible]

General Offices—Cor. Front and D Streets.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD. WESTERN DIVISIONS.

PACIFIC DIVISION. [illegible]

IDAHO & ROCKY MOUNTAIN DIVISION. [illegible]

Oregon and California R. R.

Oregon and Transcontinental Company, Lessee. On and after Dec. 2, 1883, trains will run as follows: (DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAYS.)

Eastside Division. Between PORTLAND and GRANT'S PASS.

[illegible]

Westside Division. BETWEEN PORTLAND and CORVALLIS.

[illegible]

Corner F and Front Sts., Portland, Or.

R. KOEHLER, Gen. Manager. JOHN MUIR, Supt. of Traffic. A. L. STOKES, Ass't Supt. of Traffic. E. P. ROGERS, Gen. Ag't Pass. Dep't.

THE PIONEER SHORT LINE TO THE EAST.

THE CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL RAILWAY

IN CONNECTION WITH THE NORTHERN PACIFIC —AND— UNION PACIFIC R'YS IS THE SHORT LINE

FROM ALL POINTS IN THE PACIFIC NORTHWEST to CHICAGO and all points in the East and Southern States. [illegible]

TRANSCONTINENTAL SHORT LINE

[illegible] W. H. MARSHALL, Trav. Pass. Agent, 4 Washington st., Portland, Oregon.

HO! FOR COOS BAY

[illegible] Drain's Station, Elkton, Scottsburg, Gardiner City to Empire City.

[illegible] THE ONLY DIRECT ROUTE. [illegible]

NERVOUS DEBILITY

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT [illegible] WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES [illegible] WOODARD, CLARKE & CO., Wholesale and Retail Druggists, PORTLAND, OREGON. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

C. B. FETY, SEAL ENGRAVER

[illegible]

NOTICE IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE [illegible] H. M. DEMENT, Assignee.

VOL. XXIV.

WASHING

The House Considers [illegible]